(Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish, See Section 3.1)

Türkiye Halk Bankası Anonim Şirketi

Consolidated Financial Statements
As of and For the Year Ended 31 December 2015
With Independent Auditors' Report Thereon

(Convenience Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish)

24 February 2016

This report contains "Independent Auditors' Report" comprising 3 pages and; "Consolidated Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes" comprising 126 pages.

Convenience Translation of the Independent Auditors' Report Originally Prepared and Issued in Turkish to English (See Note I in Section Three)

To the Board of Directors of Türkiye Halk Bankası Anonim Şirketi;

Report on the Consolidated Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Türkiye Halk Bankası Anonim Şirketi ("the Bank") and its consolidated financial subsidiaries (together "the Group") which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2015 and the consolidated statement of income, consolidated statement of income and expense items accounted under shareholders' equity, consolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity, consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes, comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with the "Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency ("BRSA") Accounting and Reporting Legislation" which includes the "Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents" published in the Official Gazette No.26333 dated 1 November 2006, and other regulations on accounting records of Banks published by Banking Regulation and Supervision Board and circulars and interpretations published by BRSA and requirements of Turkish Accounting Standards for the matters not regulated by the aforementioned legislations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the "Regulation on Independent Audit of the Banks" published in the Official Gazette No.29314 dated 2 April 2015 by BRSA and Independent Standards on Auditing which is a component of the Turkish Auditing Standards published by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POA"). Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified audit opinion.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

The accompanying consolidated financial information as of 31 December 2015 include a general provision amounting to TRY 123.500 thousands, all of which has been recognized as expense in the current period provided by the Bank management for the possible result of the negative circumstances which may arise from any circumstances from any change in economy or market conditions.

Qualified Opinion

In our opinion, except for the effect of the matter described in the basis for qualified opinion paragraph above, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Türkiye Halk Bankası AŞ and its financial subsidiaries as at 31 December 2015, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with BRSA Accounting and Reporting Legislation.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Pursuant to the fourth paragraph of Article 402 of the Turkish Commercial Code ("TCC") No.6102; no significant matter has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the Bank's bookkeeping activities for the period 1 January - 31 December 2015 are not in compliance with TCC and provisions of the Bank's articles of association in relation to financial reporting.

Pursuant to the fourth paragraph of Article 402 of the TCC; the Board of Directors provided us the necessary explanations and required documents in connection with the audit.

Akis Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik Anonim Şirketi A member firm of KPMG International Cooperative

Alper Güvenç Partner, SMMM

24 February 2016 İstanbul, Turkey

Additional paragraph for convenience translation to English:

The accounting principles summarized in Note I Section Three, differ from the accounting principles generally accepted in countries in which the accompanying consolidated financial statements are to be distributed and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in such countries of users of the consolidated financial statements and IFRS.

TÜRKİYE HALK BANKASI AŞ THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL REPORT AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

1. The Bank's Headquarter Address:

Barbaros Mahallesi Şebboy Sokak No:4 Ataşehir/İstanbul

2. The Bank's Contact Phone and Facsimile:

Phone : 0216 503 70 70 Facsimile : 0212 340 93 99

3. The Bank's Website and E-mail Address:

Website: www.halkbank.com.tr

The consolidated year end financial report designed by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency in line with Communiqué on Financial Statements to be Publicly Announced and the Accompanying Policies and Disclosures consists of the sections listed below:

• Section One : GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE PARENT BANK

• Section Two : CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Section Three
 Section Four
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Section Five
 Sect

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Section Six
 Section Seven
 : OTHER EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES
 : INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Subsidiaries, associates, and joint ventures which are consolidated within this financial report are as below:

	Subsidiaries		Associates
1.	Halk Yatırım Menkul Değerler AŞ	1.	Demir-Halkbank NV
2.	Halk Sigorta AŞ	2.	Kobi Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Ortaklığı AŞ
3.	Halk Hayat ve Emeklilik AŞ	3.	Türk P ve I Sigorta AŞ
4.	Halk Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı AŞ		
5.	Halk Finansal Kiralama AŞ		
6.	Halk Portföy Yönetimi AŞ		
7.	Halk Faktoring AŞ		
8.	Halk Banka AD, Skopje		
9.	Halkbank AD, Beograd		

Unless otherwise indicated, these consolidated financial statements and explanatory footnotes and disclosures as of and for the year ended 31 December 2015 are prepared in **thousand Turkish Lira** and they have been independently audited and presented below in accordance with the Communiqué on Banks' Accounting Practice and Maintaining Documents, Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency regulations, Turkish Accounting Standards, Turkish Financial Reporting Standards and related communiqués and interpretations including the Banks' records.

İstanbul, 24 February 2016

R. Süleyman Özdil	Süleyman Kalkan	Sadık Tıltak	Ali Fuat Taşkesenlioğlu	Mustafa Aydın	Yusuf Duran Ocak
Chairman of the Board of Directors	Vice Chairman of the Board of Directors, Head of the Audit Committee	Member of the Board of Directors, Member of the Audit Committee	Member of the Board of Directors, Chief Executive Officer	Financial Management and Planning Vice Chief Executive Officer	Financial Accounting and Reporting Department Head

For any questions regarding this financial report, contact details of the personnel in charge is given below:

Name/Title : Pınar Küçük/Senior Specialist

Tel No : 0216 503 52 09 Fax No : 0212 340 0990

SECTION ONE

General Information about the Parent Bank

		Page No
I.	Establishment Date of the Parent Bank, Initial Articles of Association, History of the Parent Bank Including The Changes of These Articles	3
II.	Capital Structure of the Parent Bank, Shareholders That Retain Direct or Indirect Control and Management of the Parent Bank, Solely or Together, Changes About These Issues During the	2
III.	Year and Disclosures About The Group Explanations Regarding the Parent Bank's Chairman and Members of Board of Directors, Audit Committee Members, Chief Executive Officer and Executive Vice Presidents and Their Shares	3
IV.	Attributable to the Parent Bank, if any Information About the Persons and Institutions that Have Qualified Shares Attributable to the	6
V.	Parent Bank Summary on the Parent Bank's Functions and Lines of Activity	6
V. VI.	Explanation About Companies Within The Scope Of Co6solidation	6
VII.	Differences Between the Communiqué on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks and Turkish Accounting Standards and Short Explanation About the Institutions Subject	7
VIII.	to Line-by-Line Method or Proportional Consolidation and Institutions Which are Deducted From Equity or Not Included in These Three Methods The Existing or Potential, Actual or Legal Obstacles on the Transfer of Shareholder's Equity	8
	Between the Parent Bank and Its Subsidiaries or the Reimbursement of Liabilities	9
	SECTION TWO	
	Consolidated Financial Statements	
I.	Consolidated Balance Sheet (Statement of Financial Position)	11
II.	Consolidated Statement of Off-Balance Sheet Items	13
III.	Consolidated Statement of Income	14
IV.	Consolidated Statement of Income and Expense Items Accounted under Shareholders' Equity	15
V.	Consolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity	16
VI.	Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows	17
VII.	Statement of Profit Distribution Table	18
	SECTION THREE	
	SECTION THREE Explanations on Consolidated Accounting Policies	
I.		19
I. II.	Explanations on Consolidated Accounting Policies Basis of Presentation	19 19
	Explanations on Consolidated Accounting Policies	
II.	Explanations on Consolidated Accounting Policies Basis of Presentation Explanations on the Strategy of Use of Financial Instruments and Foreign Currency Transactions	19
II. III. IV. V.	Explanations on Consolidated Accounting Policies Basis of Presentation Explanations on the Strategy of Use of Financial Instruments and Foreign Currency Transactions Information About the Associates and Subsidiaries Subject to Consolidation	19 20
II. III. IV. V. VI.	Explanations on Consolidated Accounting Policies Basis of Presentation Explanations on the Strategy of Use of Financial Instruments and Foreign Currency Transactions Information About the Associates and Subsidiaries Subject to Consolidation Explanations on Forward and Option Contracts and Derivative Instruments Interest Income and Expenses Fees and Commission Income and Expenses	19 20 23 23 23
II. III. IV. V. VI. VII.	Explanations on Consolidated Accounting Policies Basis of Presentation Explanations on the Strategy of Use of Financial Instruments and Foreign Currency Transactions Information About the Associates and Subsidiaries Subject to Consolidation Explanations on Forward and Option Contracts and Derivative Instruments Interest Income and Expenses Fees and Commission Income and Expenses Explanations and Disclosures on Financial Assets	19 20 23 23 23 23 23
II. III. IV. V. VII. VIII.	Explanations on Consolidated Accounting Policies Basis of Presentation Explanations on the Strategy of Use of Financial Instruments and Foreign Currency Transactions Information About the Associates and Subsidiaries Subject to Consolidation Explanations on Forward and Option Contracts and Derivative Instruments Interest Income and Expenses Fees and Commission Income and Expenses Explanations and Disclosures on Financial Assets Explanations on Impairment of Financial Assets	19 20 23 23 23 23 23 23
II. III. IV. V. VI. VII. VIII. IX.	Explanations on Consolidated Accounting Policies Basis of Presentation Explanations on the Strategy of Use of Financial Instruments and Foreign Currency Transactions Information About the Associates and Subsidiaries Subject to Consolidation Explanations on Forward and Option Contracts and Derivative Instruments Interest Income and Expenses Fees and Commission Income and Expenses Explanations and Disclosures on Financial Assets Explanations on Impairment of Financial Assets Offsetting Financial Assets and Liabilities	19 20 23 23 23 23 23
II. III. IV. V. VII. VIII.	Explanations on Consolidated Accounting Policies Basis of Presentation Explanations on the Strategy of Use of Financial Instruments and Foreign Currency Transactions Information About the Associates and Subsidiaries Subject to Consolidation Explanations on Forward and Option Contracts and Derivative Instruments Interest Income and Expenses Fees and Commission Income and Expenses Explanations and Disclosures on Financial Assets Explanations on Impairment of Financial Assets Offsetting Financial Assets and Liabilities Explanations on Sales and Repurchase Agreements (Repos) and Transactions on Securities	19 20 23 23 23 23 23 23 27
II. III. IV. V. VI. VII. VIII. IX.	Explanations on Consolidated Accounting Policies Basis of Presentation Explanations on the Strategy of Use of Financial Instruments and Foreign Currency Transactions Information About the Associates and Subsidiaries Subject to Consolidation Explanations on Forward and Option Contracts and Derivative Instruments Interest Income and Expenses Fees and Commission Income and Expenses Explanations and Disclosures on Financial Assets Explanations on Impairment of Financial Assets Offsetting Financial Assets and Liabilities Explanations on Sales and Repurchase Agreements (Repos) and Transactions on Securities Loaned	19 20 23 23 23 23 23 27 27
II. III. IV. V. VI. VII. VIII. IX. X.	Explanations on Consolidated Accounting Policies Basis of Presentation Explanations on the Strategy of Use of Financial Instruments and Foreign Currency Transactions Information About the Associates and Subsidiaries Subject to Consolidation Explanations on Forward and Option Contracts and Derivative Instruments Interest Income and Expenses Fees and Commission Income and Expenses Explanations and Disclosures on Financial Assets Explanations on Impairment of Financial Assets Offsetting Financial Assets and Liabilities Explanations on Sales and Repurchase Agreements (Repos) and Transactions on Securities Loaned Explanations on Assets Held For Sale and Discontinued Operations	19 20 23 23 23 23 23 27 27 27 28
II. III. IV. V. VI. VIII. IX. X. XI. XII.	Explanations on Consolidated Accounting Policies Basis of Presentation Explanations on the Strategy of Use of Financial Instruments and Foreign Currency Transactions Information About the Associates and Subsidiaries Subject to Consolidation Explanations on Forward and Option Contracts and Derivative Instruments Interest Income and Expenses Fees and Commission Income and Expenses Explanations and Disclosures on Financial Assets Explanations on Impairment of Financial Assets Offsetting Financial Assets and Liabilities Explanations on Sales and Repurchase Agreements (Repos) and Transactions on Securities Loaned Explanations on Assets Held For Sale and Discontinued Operations Explanations on Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets	19 20 23 23 23 23 23 27 27 28 28
II. III. IV. V. VI. VIII. IX. X. XI. XIII.	Explanations on Consolidated Accounting Policies Basis of Presentation Explanations on the Strategy of Use of Financial Instruments and Foreign Currency Transactions Information About the Associates and Subsidiaries Subject to Consolidation Explanations on Forward and Option Contracts and Derivative Instruments Interest Income and Expenses Fees and Commission Income and Expenses Explanations and Disclosures on Financial Assets Explanations on Impairment of Financial Assets Offsetting Financial Assets and Liabilities Explanations on Sales and Repurchase Agreements (Repos) and Transactions on Securities Loaned Explanations on Assets Held For Sale and Discontinued Operations Explanations on Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets Explanations on Property, Plant and Equipment	19 20 23 23 23 23 23 27 27 27 28 28 28
II. III. IV. V. VI. VII. VIII. IX. X. XI. XII. XI	Explanations on Consolidated Accounting Policies Basis of Presentation Explanations on the Strategy of Use of Financial Instruments and Foreign Currency Transactions Information About the Associates and Subsidiaries Subject to Consolidation Explanations on Forward and Option Contracts and Derivative Instruments Interest Income and Expenses Fees and Commission Income and Expenses Explanations and Disclosures on Financial Assets Explanations on Impairment of Financial Assets Offsetting Financial Assets and Liabilities Explanations on Sales and Repurchase Agreements (Repos) and Transactions on Securities Loaned Explanations on Assets Held For Sale and Discontinued Operations Explanations on Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets Explanations on Property, Plant and Equipment Explanations on Investment Properties	19 20 23 23 23 23 23 27 27 27 28 28 28 29
II. III. IV. V. VI. VII. VIII. IX. X. XI. XIII. XIV. XV.	Explanations on Consolidated Accounting Policies Basis of Presentation Explanations on the Strategy of Use of Financial Instruments and Foreign Currency Transactions Information About the Associates and Subsidiaries Subject to Consolidation Explanations on Forward and Option Contracts and Derivative Instruments Interest Income and Expenses Fees and Commission Income and Expenses Explanations and Disclosures on Financial Assets Explanations on Impairment of Financial Assets Offsetting Financial Assets and Liabilities Explanations on Sales and Repurchase Agreements (Repos) and Transactions on Securities Loaned Explanations on Assets Held For Sale and Discontinued Operations Explanations on Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets Explanations on Property, Plant and Equipment Explanations on Investment Properties Explanations on Leasing Transactions	19 20 23 23 23 23 23 27 27 28 28 28 29 29
II. III. IV. V. VI. VII. VIII. IX. X. XI. XIII. XIV. XV. XVI.	Explanations on Consolidated Accounting Policies Basis of Presentation Explanations on the Strategy of Use of Financial Instruments and Foreign Currency Transactions Information About the Associates and Subsidiaries Subject to Consolidation Explanations on Forward and Option Contracts and Derivative Instruments Interest Income and Expenses Fees and Commission Income and Expenses Explanations and Disclosures on Financial Assets Explanations on Impairment of Financial Assets Offsetting Financial Assets and Liabilities Explanations on Sales and Repurchase Agreements (Repos) and Transactions on Securities Loaned Explanations on Assets Held For Sale and Discontinued Operations Explanations on Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets Explanations on Property, Plant and Equipment Explanations on Investment Properties Explanations on Leasing Transactions Explanations on Insurance Technical Income and Expense	19 20 23 23 23 23 23 27 27 27 28 28 28 29 29
II. III. IV. V. VI. VII. VIII. IX. X. XI. XIII. XIV. XV. XVI. XVI	Explanations on Consolidated Accounting Policies Basis of Presentation Explanations on the Strategy of Use of Financial Instruments and Foreign Currency Transactions Information About the Associates and Subsidiaries Subject to Consolidation Explanations on Forward and Option Contracts and Derivative Instruments Interest Income and Expenses Fees and Commission Income and Expenses Explanations and Disclosures on Financial Assets Explanations on Impairment of Financial Assets Offsetting Financial Assets and Liabilities Explanations on Sales and Repurchase Agreements (Repos) and Transactions on Securities Loaned Explanations on Assets Held For Sale and Discontinued Operations Explanations on Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets Explanations on Property, Plant and Equipment Explanations on Investment Properties Explanations on Leasing Transactions Explanations on Insurance Technical Income and Expense Explanations on Insurance Technical Provisions	19 20 23 23 23 23 23 27 27 28 28 28 29 29 29
II. III. IV. V. VI. VII. VIII. IX. X. XI. XIII. XIV. XV. XVI. XVI	Explanations on Consolidated Accounting Policies Basis of Presentation Explanations on the Strategy of Use of Financial Instruments and Foreign Currency Transactions Information About the Associates and Subsidiaries Subject to Consolidation Explanations on Forward and Option Contracts and Derivative Instruments Interest Income and Expenses Fees and Commission Income and Expenses Explanations and Disclosures on Financial Assets Explanations on Impairment of Financial Assets Offsetting Financial Assets and Liabilities Explanations on Sales and Repurchase Agreements (Repos) and Transactions on Securities Loaned Explanations on Assets Held For Sale and Discontinued Operations Explanations on Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets Explanations on Property, Plant and Equipment Explanations on Investment Properties Explanations on Leasing Transactions Explanations on Insurance Technical Income and Expense Explanations on Insurance Technical Provisions Explanations on Provisions and Contingent Liabilities	19 20 23 23 23 23 23 27 27 28 28 28 29 29 29 30 31
II. III. IV. V. VI. VII. VIII. IX. X. XI. XIII. XIV. XV. XVI. XVI	Explanations on Consolidated Accounting Policies Basis of Presentation Explanations on the Strategy of Use of Financial Instruments and Foreign Currency Transactions Information About the Associates and Subsidiaries Subject to Consolidation Explanations on Forward and Option Contracts and Derivative Instruments Interest Income and Expenses Fees and Commission Income and Expenses Explanations and Disclosures on Financial Assets Explanations on Impairment of Financial Assets Offsetting Financial Assets and Liabilities Explanations on Sales and Repurchase Agreements (Repos) and Transactions on Securities Loaned Explanations on Assets Held For Sale and Discontinued Operations Explanations on Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets Explanations on Property, Plant and Equipment Explanations on Investment Properties Explanations on Leasing Transactions Explanations on Insurance Technical Income and Expense Explanations on Insurance Technical Provisions	19 20 23 23 23 23 23 27 27 28 28 28 29 29 29
II. III. IV. V. VI. VII. VIII. IX. X. XI. XIII. XIV. XVI. XVI	Explanations on Consolidated Accounting Policies Basis of Presentation Explanations on the Strategy of Use of Financial Instruments and Foreign Currency Transactions Information About the Associates and Subsidiaries Subject to Consolidation Explanations on Forward and Option Contracts and Derivative Instruments Interest Income and Expenses Fees and Commission Income and Expenses Explanations and Disclosures on Financial Assets Explanations on Impairment of Financial Assets Offsetting Financial Assets and Liabilities Explanations on Sales and Repurchase Agreements (Repos) and Transactions on Securities Loaned Explanations on Assets Held For Sale and Discontinued Operations Explanations on Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets Explanations on Property, Plant and Equipment Explanations on Investment Properties Explanations on Insurance Technical Income and Expense Explanations on Insurance Technical Provisions Explanations on Provisions and Contingent Liabilities Explanations on Employee Benefit Liabilities	19 20 23 23 23 23 23 27 27 28 28 28 29 29 29 30 31
II. III. IV. V. VI. VII. VIII. IX. X. XI. XIII. XIV. XVI. XVI	Explanations on Consolidated Accounting Policies Basis of Presentation Explanations on the Strategy of Use of Financial Instruments and Foreign Currency Transactions Information About the Associates and Subsidiaries Subject to Consolidation Explanations on Forward and Option Contracts and Derivative Instruments Interest Income and Expenses Fees and Commission Income and Expenses Explanations and Disclosures on Financial Assets Explanations on Impairment of Financial Assets Offsetting Financial Assets and Liabilities Explanations on Sales and Repurchase Agreements (Repos) and Transactions on Securities Loaned Explanations on Assets Held For Sale and Discontinued Operations Explanations on Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets Explanations on Property, Plant and Equipment Explanations on Investment Properties Explanations on Leasing Transactions Explanations on Insurance Technical Income and Expense Explanations on Provisions and Contingent Liabilities Explanations on Employee Benefit Liabilities Explanations on Taxation	19 20 23 23 23 23 23 27 27 28 28 28 29 29 29 30 31 31
II. III. IV. V. VI. VII. VIII. IX. X. XI. XIII. XIV. XVI. XVI	Explanations on Consolidated Accounting Policies Basis of Presentation Explanations on the Strategy of Use of Financial Instruments and Foreign Currency Transactions Information About the Associates and Subsidiaries Subject to Consolidation Explanations on Forward and Option Contracts and Derivative Instruments Interest Income and Expenses Fees and Commission Income and Expenses Explanations and Disclosures on Financial Assets Explanations on Impairment of Financial Assets Offsetting Financial Assets and Liabilities Explanations on Sales and Repurchase Agreements (Repos) and Transactions on Securities Loaned Explanations on Assets Held For Sale and Discontinued Operations Explanations on Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets Explanations on Property, Plant and Equipment Explanations on Investment Properties Explanations on Insurance Technical Income and Expense Explanations on Insurance Technical Provisions Explanations on Provisions and Contingent Liabilities Explanations on Employee Benefit Liabilities Explanations on Taxation Additional Explanations on Borrowings	19 20 23 23 23 23 23 27 27 28 28 28 29 29 29 30 31 31 32 34
II. III. IV. V. VI. VII. VIII. IX. X. XI. XIII. XIV. XVI. XVI	Explanations on Consolidated Accounting Policies Basis of Presentation Explanations on the Strategy of Use of Financial Instruments and Foreign Currency Transactions Information About the Associates and Subsidiaries Subject to Consolidation Explanations on Forward and Option Contracts and Derivative Instruments Interest Income and Expenses Fees and Commission Income and Expenses Explanations and Disclosures on Financial Assets Explanations on Impairment of Financial Assets Offsetting Financial Assets and Liabilities Explanations on Sales and Repurchase Agreements (Repos) and Transactions on Securities Loaned Explanations on Assets Held For Sale and Discontinued Operations Explanations on Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets Explanations on Property, Plant and Equipment Explanations on Investment Properties Explanations on Insurance Technical Income and Expense Explanations on Insurance Technical Provisions Explanations on Provisions and Contingent Liabilities Explanations on Employee Benefit Liabilities Explanations on Taxation Additional Explanations on Borrowings Explanations on Shares and Share Issue	19 20 23 23 23 23 23 27 27 28 28 28 29 29 30 31 31 32 34
II. III. IV. V. VI. VII. VIII. IX. X. XI. XIII. XIV. XVI. XVI	Explanations on Consolidated Accounting Policies Basis of Presentation Explanations on the Strategy of Use of Financial Instruments and Foreign Currency Transactions Information About the Associates and Subsidiaries Subject to Consolidation Explanations on Forward and Option Contracts and Derivative Instruments Interest Income and Expenses Fees and Commission Income and Expenses Explanations and Disclosures on Financial Assets Explanations on Impairment of Financial Assets Offsetting Financial Assets and Liabilities Explanations on Sales and Repurchase Agreements (Repos) and Transactions on Securities Loaned Explanations on Assets Held For Sale and Discontinued Operations Explanations on Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets Explanations on Property, Plant and Equipment Explanations on Investment Properties Explanations on Insurance Technical Income and Expense Explanations on Insurance Technical Provisions Explanations on Provisions and Contingent Liabilities Explanations on Employee Benefit Liabilities Explanations on Taxation Additional Explanations on Borrowings Explanations on Shares and Share Issue Explanations on Bill Guarantees and Acceptances	19 20 23 23 23 23 23 27 27 28 28 28 29 29 30 31 31 32 34 34

SECTION FOUR

Information on Consolidated Financial Structure

I. II. III. IV. V. VI. VIII. IX. X. XI. XII.	Explanations Related to the Consolidated Capital Adequacy Ratio Explanations Related to the Consolidated Market Risk Explanations Related to the Consolidated Operational Risk Explanations Related to the Consolidated Currency Risk Explanations Related to the Consolidated Currency Risk Explanations Related to the Consolidated Interest Rate Risk Explanations Related to the Consolidated Position Risk of Shares Explanations Related to the Consolidated Liquidity Risk Explanations Related to the Consolidated Securitization Exposures Explanations Related to the Consolidated Credit Risk Mitigation Techniques Explanations Related to the Consolidated Risk Management Target and Policies: Explanations Related to Consolidated Business Segmentation	36 42 53 55 56 58 63 64 70 71 72
XIII. XIV.	Explanations on Presentation of Consolidated Financial Assets and Liabilities at Fair Value Explanations Related to Transactions Made on Behalf of Others and Transactions Based on	80
	Trust	81
	SECTION FIVE	
	Explanations and Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements	
I. II. IV. V.	Explanations and Notes Related to the Consolidated Assets Explanations and Notes Related to the Consolidated Liabilities Explanations and Notes Related to the Consolidated Off-Balance Sheet Items Explanations and Notes Related to the Consolidated Income Statement Explanations and Notes Related to the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders'	82 101 111 114 119
VI. VII. VIII.	Equity Explanations and Notes Related to the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement Explanation Related to the Risk Group of the Parent Bank Explanation On the Parent Bank's Domestic Branches, Agencies/Branches Abroad and Off- Shore Branches	120 121 123
IX.	Explanations Related to the Subsequent Events	124
	SECTION SIX Other Explanations and Notes	
I.	Other Explanations on the Parent Bank's operations	125
	SECTION SEVEN	
	Independent Auditors' Report	
I. II.	Explanations on the Independent Auditors' Report Explanations and Notes Prepared by the Independent Auditors	126 126

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION I: GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE PARENT BANK

I. ESTABLISHMENT DATE OF THE PARENT BANK, INITIAL ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION, HISTORY OF THE PARENT BANK INCLUDING THE CHANGES OF THESE ARTICLES

Türkiye Halk Bankası Anonim Şirketi (the "Parent Bank" or "Halkbank") was established in Turkey in accordance with the law no: 2284 in 1933 and began its operations in 1938 and still continues its activities as a public commercial bank.

II. CAPITAL STRUCTURE OF THE PARENT BANK, SHAREHOLDERS THAT RETAIN DIRECT OR INDIRECT CONTROL AND MANAGEMENT OF THE PARENT BANK SOLELY OR TOGETHER, CHANGES ABOUT THESE ISSUES DURING THE YEAR AND DISCLOSURES ABOUT THE GROUP

The capital of the Parent Bank is controlled directly by the Republic of Turkey Prime Ministry Privatization Administration.

As of 31 December 2015 the shareholders' structure and their respective ownerships are summarized as follows:

Shareholders	31 December 2015	%	31 December 2014	%
Prime Ministry				
Privatization Administration ^(1,2)	638.276	51,06	638.276	51,06
Public shares ⁽²⁾	611.640	48,93	611.279	48,90
Other shareholders ⁽³⁾	84	0,01	445	0,04
Total	1.250.000	100,00	1.250.000	100,00

- As per the decree of the Higher Council of Privatization numbered 2007/8 and dated 5 February 2007; 25% of the public shares that were previously held by the Privatization Administration were privatized by a public offering and the Parent Bank's shares were registered to Capital Market Board records by decision number 16/471 dated 26 April 2007. The shares were traded on the Borsa İstanbul AŞ as of 10 May 2007. As per the decree of the Higher Council of Privatization numbered 2012/150 and dated 4 October 2012; 23,92% of the public shares that were previously held by the Privatization Administration were privatized by a second public offering and privatization was completed on 21 November 2012.
- The shares of the Prime Ministry Privatization Administration amounting TRY 550 have been included in Public shares. With that shares, the total shares amounting TRY 638.826 that held by the Privatization Administration is the 51,11% of the total shares.
- (3) "TRY 82 of the shares which are among the "Other Shareholders" group belong to our shareholders whose shares do not trade on the Exchange (though these shareholders have been dematerialized them in their own accounts) while TRY 2 of which belong to our shareholders whose shares are monitored under the DESA in the presence of MKK due to the ongoing legal action.

According to Turkish Commercial Code, 3rd Sub-article added to Article 2 of the Law No: 6327 and 4603 dated 13 June 2012, The Privatization High Council public shares of the Parent Bank are controlled and represented by the Parent Bank's Minister until the sales completion of these shares.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION I: GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT PARENT THE BANK (continued)

III. EXPLANATIONS REGARDING THE PARNET BANK'S CHAIRMAN AND MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS, AUDIT COMMITTEE MEMBERS, CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND EXECUTIVE VICE PRESIDENTS AND THEIR SHARES ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE PARENT BANK, IF ANY⁽¹⁾

Name	Title	Assignment date	Educational background	Experience in banking and business administration
R. Süleyman ÖZDİL	Chairman of the Board of Directors	28.8.2015	Ankara Eco. and Com. Science (ECS) Academy - Economy Finance	27
R. Suleyman OZDIL	Vice Chairman of the Board of	28.8.2013	Ankara University, Faculty of Political Science – International Relations	32
Süleyman KALKAN	Directors, Head of the Audit Committee	1.4.2013		32
			Master's Degree: Beykent University Social Science Ins. Business Administration	27
Ali Fuat TASKESENLİOĞLU	Member of the Board of Directors and Chief Executive Officer	7.2.2014	Bachelor Degree: Atatürk University, Faculty of Economic and Administrative Sciences-Business Administration.	
TAŞKESENLIOGEO	Chief Executive Officer	7.2.2014	Doctor's Degree: Washington International University- Doctor of Philosophy in	32
			Business Administration.	32
			Master's Degree: Syracuse University Business School (MBA).	
Emin Süha ÇAYKÖYLÜ	Member of the Board of Directors	28.3.2003	Master's Degree: Manchester Uni. U.K. Technology (M.Sc).	
Emin Suna ÇA i KO i Lu	Member of the Board of Directors	28.3.2003	Bachelor Degree: METU – Faculty of Engineering - Mechanical Engineering. Doctor's Degree: Sakarya Uni. Social Science Ins. Management and Organization.	24
			Master's Degree: Marmara Uni. Banking and Insurance Ins. – International	24
			Banking.	
n v v vrnavby			Bachelor Degree: Anadolu Uni. Afyon; Faculty of Economic and Administrative	
Dr. Nurzahit KESKİN	Member of the Board of Directors	13.4.2005	Sciences-Finance. Doctor's Degree: Marmara University, Banking and Insurance Ins Banking	23
			Department, 2005-At The Stage of Thesis.	23
			Master's Degree: Marmara University, Banking and Insurance InsBanking	
			Department.	
Dr. Ahmet YARIZ	Member of the Board of Directors	9.4.2008	Bachelor Degree: Istanbul Uni Business Administration. Bachelor Degree: Ankara University, Faculty of Political Sciences – Economy and	20
İsmail Erol İŞBİLEN	Member of the Board of Directors	1.4.2013	Public Finance Department	30
ionan Eror iyereer	Member of the Board of Directors,	11.112013	Tuone Thimnee Department	27
Sadık TILTAK	Member of the Audit Committee	1.4.2014	Ankara University, Faculty of Political Science-Finance	
Yunus KARAN	Member of the Board of Directors	1.4.2014	İstanbul Uni. Eco. and Com. Science Academy-FinanceAccounting	47
E. I. ÖZGELİV	M I CA D I CA E	20.2.2012(**)	Master's Degree: Selcuk University Social Sciences Ins International Relations.	5
Faruk ÖZÇELİK	Member of the Board of Auditors	29.3.2013 ^(**)	Bachelor Degree: Ankara Uni. Faculty of Political Science-Business Administration. Master's Degree: Cleveland State University Business School(MBA)	23
			Bachelor Degree: Cukurova University, Faculty of Economic and Administrative	23
Ali ARSLAN	Member of the Board of Auditors	29.3.2013(**)	Sciences-Business Administration	
			Ankara Uni. Faculty of Political Science-Labor Economics and Industry Relations	26
Erol GÖNCÜ Selahattin	Executive Vice President	12.8.2002	Department.	25
SÜLEYMANOĞLU	Executive Vice President	14.6.2005	METU Faculty of Arts and Sciences-Mathematics Department.	25
GOLD THE TO GEO	Excellence vice Freshaem	1 11012000	Master Degree: Selcuk University Social Sciences Ins International Relations.	29
			Bachelor's Degree: Gazi University, Faculty of Economic and Administrative	_,
Mehmet Akif AYDEMİR	Executive Vice President	1.7.2007	Sciences-Business Administration.	20
Mehmet Hakan ATİLLA	Executive Vice President	4.3.2010	Ankara University, Faculty of Political Sciences –Economics.	20
Murat UYSAL	Executive Vice President	11.11.2011	Gazi University, Faculty of Economic and Administrative Sciences- Department of Economics.	17
	Excellence vice Freshaem	1111112011	Master's Degree: Marmara University, Banking and Insurance InsBanking	20
			Department	
ELLEDEN	Executive Vice President	11.11.2011	Bachelor Degree: Istanbul Uni Faculty of Economic and Administrative Sciences-	
Erdal ERDEM			Department of Economics Bachelor Degree: Afyon Kocatepe Uni. Faculty of Economic and Administrative	25
Salim KÖSE	Executive Vice President	27.3.2014		23
Ömer Faruk ŞENEL	Executive Vice President	10.07.2014	İstanbul University, Faculty of Law	24
		10.07.2014	Master Degree: Fatih University, Social Sciences Ins. Master of Business	22
			Administration	
Murat OKTAY	Executive Vice President	10.07.2014	METU Faculty of Economic and Administrative Sciences-Economics	21
Mehmet Sebahattin BULUT	Executive Vice President	10 07 2014	METU Faculty of Economic and Administrative Sciences-Economics	21
	Zacourre rice i resident	10.07.2014	Bursa Uludağ University, Faculty of Economic and Administrative Sciences –	25
Hasan ÜNAL	Executive Vice President	10.07.2014	Econometrics	
M . C ANDRY	E C W D C	10.07.2011	İstanbul Technical University, Faculty of Business Administration – Business	25
Mustafa AYDIN	Executive Vice President		Engineering	
(1)	Paople mentioned above do not ov	in any charac	in the Rank's capital	

⁽¹⁾ People mentioned above do not own any shares in the Bank's capital.

⁽²⁾ Assigned date for Audit Committee.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION I: GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE BANK (continued)

- III. EXPLANATIONS REGARDING THE PARENT BANK'S CHAIRMAN AND MEMBERS OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS, AUDIT COMMITTEE MEMBERS, CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND EXECUTIVE VICE PRESIDENTS AND THEIR SHARES ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE PARENT BANK, IF ANY (continued)
- a) The professionals to the Parent Bank's top management who have assigned to their position in 2015 are listed with titles and dates of assignment.

Name	Title	Assignment Date
R. Süleyman ÖZDİL	Chairman of the Board of Directors	28 August 2015

b) The professionals from the Parent Bank's top management who have left their position in 2015 are listed with titles and dates of leaving.

Name	Title	Assignment Date
Yakup DEMİRCİ	Executive Vice President	28 February 2015
Hasan CEBECİ	Chairman of the Board of Directors	27 August 2015
Taner AKSEL	Executive Vice President	30 September 2015
Mürsel ERTAŞ	Executive Vice President	30 September 2015
İsmail Hakkı İMAMOĞLU	Executive Vice President	30 September 2015
Atalay TARDUŞ	Executive Vice President	30 September 2015
Mustafa SAVAŞ	Executive Vice President	13 November 2015
Doç. Dr. Şahap KAVCIOĞLU	Executive Vice President	13 Kasım 2015

As of July 4 2014, the officers who became associated to take orders from the General Management - Mr. Taner AKSEL, Mr. Mürsel Ertaş, Mr. Ismail Hakki İmamoğlu, Mr. Atalay Tarduş and Mr. Yakup Demirci - haven't stayed in their active duties inclusive of the time frames that lead to their departure.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION I: GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE PARENT BANK (continued)

IV. INFORMATION ABOUT THE PERSONS AND INSTITUTIONS THAT HAVE QUALIFIED SHARES ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE PARENT BANK

Except for the Prime Ministry Privatization Administration, no person or institute has any qualified shares attributable to the Parent Bank.

V. SUMMARY ON THE PARENT BANK'S FUNCTIONS AND LINES OF ACTIVITY

- a) General information about the Parent Bank:
 - Türkiye Halk Bankası Anonim Şirketi was established in Turkey in accordance with the Law No: 2284 in 1933 and began its operations in 1938 and still continues its activities as a public commercial bank.
- b) Law numbered 4603 regarding the "Law on Türkiye Cumhuriyeti Ziraat Bankası, Türkiye Halk Bankası Anonim Şirketi and Türkiye Emlak Bankası Anonim Şirketi", was prepared within the framework of the macro-economic program for the period 2000-2002. The purpose of the law is to modernize the operations of the banks to arrive at a point where the requirements of the international norms and international competition can both be reached and it also aims to sell the majority of the banks' shares to individuals or legal entities in the private sector. The Parent Bank revised its charter of establishment, elected a new board of directors and increased its nominal capital from TRY 250.000 to TRY 1.250.000 in the extraordinary general assembly held on 14 April 2001. Within the scope of the restructuring process, the Parent Bank received government bonds in settlement of the accumulated specific duty losses and the Parent Bank's whole specific duty loss receivable was thus eliminated as at 30 April 2001. In addition, a significant number of personnel were encouraged to sign new contracts and transferred to other government institutions.
- According to Article 2.2 of Law No: 4603, subsequent to the completion of the restructuring procedures, the procedures involved in sale of the shares of the Parent Bank were to be concluded under the provisions of Law No: 4046 based on the "Regulation of Privatization Applications and Amendment of Some Laws and Decrees with the Force of Law". The procedures relating to restructuring and sale of the shares were to be completed within three years (until 25 November 2003) as of the effective date of the related law. However, by Law No: 5230 dated 31 July 2004, the term "3 years" in Article 2.2 of Law numbered 4603 was previously amended to "5 years" and subsequently by Law No: 5572 dated 10 January 2007 the related term was amended to "10 years". As a result of this amendment, the privatization period of the Parent Bank was extended. The Council of Ministers has the authority to extend this period by the half of that period for one time only. The Council of Ministers extended by the half of that "10 years" period by the Decree numbered 2010/964 and dated 6 November 2010.
- When the related Decree numbered 2006/69 and dated 11 August 2006 was in force, the c.1 Privatization High Council public shares were transferred to the Privatization Administration and 99.9% of the Parent Bank shares were decided to be sold before 25 May 2008 using the block sale method. By the Privatization High Council's decree numbered 2006/4258 and dated 29 November 2006, 13th Department of Council of State decided to cease the execution of the Decree numbered 2006/69 dated 11 August 2006. Thereupon, legal regulation numbered 5572 was executed and as per the decree of the Higher Council of Privatization numbered 2007/8 and dated 5 February 2007, up to 25% of the public shares that were previously transferred to the Privatization Administration on 11 August 2006, were decided to be privatized by a public offering and it was decided to be concluded by the end of 2007. The first phase of the privatization process of the Parent Bank corresponding to 24,98% was completed in the first week of May 2007 and Halkbank shares were traded on Borsa İstanbul AŞ as of 10 May 2007 with the base price of TRY full 8,00. As per the decree of the Higher Council of Privatization numbered 2012/150 and dated 4 October 2012; 23,92% of the public shares that were previously held by the Privatization Administration were privatized by a second public offering and privatization was completed on 21 November 2012.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION I: GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE PARENT BANK (continued)

V. SUMMARY ON THE PARENT BANK'S FUNCTIONS AND LINES OF ACTIVITY (continued)

- d) Under No: 25539 Law regarding the "Act No: 5230 with regards to the transfer of Pamukbank Türk Anonim Şirketi to Türkiye Halk Bankası AŞ and amendments to other acts" which came into force as of 31 July 2004 with the publication of the Official Gazette, Pamukbank (whose shares, management, and control were previously inherited to the Saving Deposit Insurance Fund ("SDIF")) was transferred to the Parent Bank. Insolvent Pamukbank TAŞ was a private sector deposit bank established by Çukurova İthalat ve İhracat TAO, Karamehmetler Scrip Company and more than 500 shareholders. Pamukbank started its private banking operations as an incorporated company in accordance with the decision of the Council of Ministers numbered 4/4573 and dated 5 March 1955. According to the decision of the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency numbered 742 published in the Official Gazette numbered 24790 and dated 19 June 2002 including 3rd and 4th Sub-articles in Article 14 of the Banking Law No: 4389, the shareholders rights excluding dividends, management and supervision of Pamukbank were transferred to the Saving Deposit Insurance Fund as of 18 June 2002.
 - e) The Parent Bank's service activities and operating areas: The Parent Bank's operating areas include, commercial financing and corporate banking, fund management operations, retail banking and credit card operations.
 - As of 31 December 2015, the Bank operates with a total of 949 branches consisting of 944 domestic and 5 foreign branches that are 4 in Cyprus and 1 in Bahrain. Domestic Branches include 36 satellite branches. The Bank has also 2 representative office in England and Iran.

VI. EXPLANATION ABOUT COMPANIES WITHIN THE SCOPE OF CONSOLIDATION

The Parent Bank and its subsidiaries:

- Halk Yatırım Menkul Değerler AŞ
- Halk Sigorta AŞ
- Halk Hayat ve Emeklilik AŞ
- Halk Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı AŞ
- Halk Finansal Kiralama AŞ
- Halk Portföy Yönetimi AŞ
- Halk Faktoring AS
- Halk Banka AD, Skopje
- Halkbank A.D. Beograd

are consolidated line by line in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

The Parent Bank's associates;

- Demir-Halkbank NV
- Kobi Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Ortaklığı AŞ
- Türk P ve I Sigorta AŞ

is accounted by "equity method" in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

Halk Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı AŞ ("the Company"), a subsidiary of the Parent Bank established in 2010, was registered on 18 October 2010. The Company's main line of business is, to form and improve real estate portfolios and to invest in real estate based capital market instruments. The Company's main operative target is, based on the Capital Markets Board's ("CMB") regulation regarding the investment properties, to invest in capital market instruments based on real estates, real estate projects and rights based on real estates.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION I: GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE PARENT BANK (continued)

VI. EXPLANATION ABOUT COMPANIES WITHIN THE SCOPE OF CONSOLIDATION (continued)

As at 15 February 2013 28% shares of Halk GYO has been offered to public. After the collecting the demand the Company's shares started to be traded on Borsa İstanbul AŞ at 22 February 2013.

Halk Finansal Kiralama AŞ ("Halk Leasing"), was an associate of the Parent Bank with 47,75% of the shares and consolidated according to the equity method until 27 May 2011. The Group obtained the control of Halk Leasing by acquiring 52,24% of the shares and voting interests in the company as of 27 May 2011. As a result, the Group's equity interest in Halk Leasing has increased from 47,75% to 99%. Halk Leasing was established in September 1991 in Turkey and operates under the provisions of the Turkish financial leasing law number 3226.

Halk Banka AD Skopje, formerly Export and Credit Bank AD Skopje is a subsidiary of the Parent Bank. The Group obtained the control of Halk Banka AD, Skopje by acquiring 98,12% of the shares and voting interests of the company as of 8 April 2011 and 8 August 2011. Halk Banka AD Skopje has taken over Ziraat Banka AD Skopje which the is a Turkish capital bank that operates in Macedonia, through the merger as of 1 October 2012. As a result, the Group's equity interest in Halk Banka AD, Skopje has increased from 98,12% to 98,78%. Halk Banka AD, Skopje is operating in Republic of Macedonia. Its main activities include commercial lending, receiving of deposits, foreign exchange deals, and payment operation services in the country and abroad and retail banking services.

Halk Portföy Yönetimi AŞ ("Halk Portföy"), a subsidiary of the Parent Bank established in 2011, was registered on 30 June 2011. Halk Portföy's main line of business is to provide portfolio and fund management services.

Halk Faktoring AŞ ("Halk Faktoring"), was a subsidiary of the Parent Bank with capital payments of amounting to TRY 39.000 and 97,5% of shares. After, it was registered to trade registry on 6 June 2012, establishment has been completed. Halk Faktoring's main line of business is to provide factoring services that include legitimate commercial lending for all domestic and international trade operation.

The Parent Bank obtained the control of Halkbank AD, Beograd by acquiring 76,76% of the shares and voting interests of the company as of 28 May 2015. Its main activities include commercial lending, receiving of deposits, foreign exchange deals, and payment operation services in the country and abroad and retail banking services. On the date of 24 November 2015 Bank's share has increased into %82,47 by the increase of capital.

Halk Sigorta AŞ ("Halk Sigorta") was founded in 1958 under the leadership of Halkbank as the first cooperative in Turkey to engage in a full array of insurance activities with the participation of the Artisans and Tradesmen Loan and Guarantee Cooperatives. The company's business name was changed to Halk Sigorta AŞ from Birlik Sigorta AŞ at the Extraordinary General Assembly Meeting held on 27 December 2010.

Halk Hayat ve Emeklilik AŞ ("Halk Emeklilik") was established in 1998 under the business name of Birlik Hayat Sigorta A.Ş. to operate in life and personal accident insurance, coinsurance, reinsurance and retrocession businesses for individuals both in Turkey and abroad. The company became a subsidiary in early 2006 when Halkbank acquired the shares held by Türkiye Halk Bankası Personnel Provident Fund.

Halk Yatırım Menkul Değerler AŞ ("Halk Yatırım"), was set up in 1997 to carry out capital markets activities, to purchase and sell capital markets instruments, and to execute stock exchange transactions. The company became a subsidiary in early 2006 when Halkbank bought the shares of Türkiye Halk Bankası Personnel Provident Fund.

For the purposes of the consolidated financial statements, the Parent Bank and its consolidated subsidiaries are referred to as "the Group".

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION I: GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE PARENT BANK (continued)

VII. DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE COMMUNIQUE ON PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF BANKS AND TURKISH ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND SHORT EXPLANATION ABOUT THE INSTITUTIONS SUBJECT TO LINE-BY-LINE METHOD OR PROPORTIONAL CONSOLIDATION AND INSTITUTIONS WHICH ARE DEDUCTED FROM EQUITY OR NOT INCLUDED IN THESE THREE METHODS

Due to differences between the Communiqué on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks and Turkish Account Standards (TAS), the non-financial subsidiary, Bileşim Alternatif Dağ. Kan. AŞ, is not accounted in the consolidated financial statements. In the financial statements prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, Bileşim Alternatif Dağ. Kan. AŞ is included in the scope of consolidation by-line by-line method.

The Parent Bank's subsidiaries Halk Sigorta AŞ, Halk Hayat Emeklilik AŞ, Halk Yatırım Menkul Değerler AŞ, Halk Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı AŞ, Halk Finansal Kiralama AŞ, Halk Portföy Yönetimi AŞ, Halk Banka AD, Skopje, Halk Faktoring AŞ and Halkbank A.D. Beograd are included in the scope of consolidation by line-by-line method.

Demir-Halkbank NV ("Demir Halk Bank"), Kobi Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Ortaklığı AŞ and Türk P ve I Sigorta AŞ which are qualified as investments in associates, are presented in the financial statements based on equity method of accounting. An associate is a partnership in whose capital the Parent Bank participates and over which it has no significant influence and control, established at home and abroad.

There is no partnership share on banks and financial institutions, with shareholding of more than 10% and deducted from capital.

Kredi Kayıt Bürosu AŞ and Bankalararası Kart Merkezi AŞ are not consolidated in the financial statements because the other banks' shares are equal and thus, the Bank has no control.

VIII. THE EXISTING OR POTENTIAL, ACTUAL OR LEGAL OBSTACLES ON THE TRANSFER OF SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY BETWEEN THE PARENT BANK AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES OR THE REIMBURSEMENT OF LIABILITIES

Immediately transfer of the shareholder's equity between the Parent Bank and its subsidiaries is not in question. Dividend distribution from shareholders equity is done according to related regulations.

There is no existing or potential, actual or legal obstacle to the reimbursement of liabilities between the Parent Bank and its subsidiaries. The Parent Bank charge or pay cost of the services according to the service agreements done between the Parent Bank and its subsidiaries.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION III: EXPLANATIONS ON CONSOLIDATED ACCOUNTING POLICIES

I. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The consolidated financial statements, related notes and explanations in this report are prepared in accordance with the Turkish Accounting Standards ("TAS") published by Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority, Turkish Financial Reporting Standards ("TFRS"), Communiqué on "Banks' Accounting Practice and Maintaining Documents" and other communiqués and interpretations of Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency ("BRSA") on accounting and financial reporting.

Accounting policies applied and valuation methods used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements are expressed in detail below.

II. EXPLANATIONS ON THE STRATEGY OF USE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSACTIONS

1. The Group's strategy on financial instruments:

Due to its historical mission, the Parent Bank focuses on granting loans to Small and Medium Size Enterprises (SMEs) and craftsmen besides corporate, commercial and individual segmented firms. In addition to the main fund source deposits, the Group can raise funds from foreign borrowing and money market borrowing.

The Group follows the developments in the markets and uses funds raised in most yielding areas. The strategies of the Parent Bank are evaluated in the weekly Asset and Liability Committee meetings.

2. The Group's explanations on foreign currency transactions:

In the statutory records of the Group, transactions accounted in foreign currencies (currencies except for TRY) are converted into TRY by using the prevailing exchange rates at the transaction dates. Foreign currency monetary asset and liability items are converted into TRY by using the prevailing exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Non-monetary items in foreign currencies carried at fair value are converted into TRY by using the exchange rates at the date of which the fair value is determined. Exchange differences arising from the conversions of monetary foreign currency items and collections of foreign currency transactions are reflected to the income statement.

The financial statements of the foreign branches and subsidiaries of the Parent Bank are prepared in the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (functional currency). The financial statements of foreign branches and subsidiaries are expressed in TRY which is the functional currency of the Group and the presentation currency of the financial statements.

Assets and liabilities of the foreign branches and subsidiaries of the Parent Bank are converted into TRY by using the prevailing exchange rates at the balance sheet date. The foreign branches' income and expenses are converted by at exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. The foreign subsidiaries' income and expenses are converted by average rate of the exchange of the current year.

The Group started to apply fair value hedge accounting as at 1 July 2015 by designating the exchange rate risk of Halkbank AD, Beograd, Demirhalkbank NV and Halkbank AD, Skobje are foreign investments that are recognized under fair value accounting as hedged item, in compliance with "TAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement". Accordingly, the effective portion of the foreign exchange differences is recorded under equity statement in the current period.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION III: EXPLANATIONS ON CONSOLIDATED ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

III. INFORMATION ABOUT THE ASSOCIATES AND SUBSIDIARIES SUBJECT TO CONSOLIDATION

1. Basis of consolidation:

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with the communiqué on "Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks" and the Turkish Accounting Standards are applied in the consolidation.

a. Basis of consolidation of subsidiaries:

The Parent Bank's subsidiaries Halk Sigorta AŞ, Halk Hayat Emeklilik AŞ, Halk Yatırım Menkul Değerler AŞ, Halk Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı AŞ, Halk Finansal Kiralama AŞ, Halk Portföy Yönetimi AŞ, Halk Faktoring AŞ, Halk Banka AD, Skopje and Halkbank A.D. Beograd, are included in the scope of consolidation.

A subsidiary is an entity that is controlled by the Parent Bank. Control is the power of the Parent Bank to appoint or remove from office the decision-taking majority of members of board of directors through direct or indirect possession of the majority of a legal person's capital irrespective of the requirement of owning minimum fifty-one per cent of its capital; or by having control over the majority of the voting right as a consequence of holding privileged shares or of agreements with other shareholders although not owning the majority of capital.

Under line-by-line method, the assets, liabilities, income and expenses and off-balance sheet items of subsidiaries are combined with the equivalent items of the Parent Bank on a line-by-line basis. The book value of the Parent Bank's investment in each subsidiary and the Group's portion of equity of each subsidiary are eliminated. All significant transactions and balances between the Parent Bank and its consolidated subsidiaries are eliminated reciprocally. Minority interests in the net income and in the equity of consolidated subsidiaries are calculated separately from the Group's net income and the Group's shareholders' equity. Minority interests are identified separately in the balance sheet and in the income statement.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, if a subsidiary uses accounting policies other than those adapted by the Parent Bank, appropriate adjustments are made to subsidiaries' financial statements. There is no item that a different accounting policy is applied.

b. Basis of consolidation of associates:

Demir-Halkbank NV ("Demir Halk Bank"), Kobi Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Ortaklığı AŞ and Türk P ve I Sigorta AŞ, which are qualified as investments in associates, are presented in the accompanying financial statements based on the equity method of accounting. An associate is a partnership in whose capital the Parent Bank participates and over which it has a significant influence but no control, established at home and abroad.

Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy of the investee. If the Parent Bank holds ten percent or more of the voting power of the associate, it is presumed that the Parent Bank has significant influence unless otherwise demonstrated. A substantial or majority ownership by another investor does not necessarily preclude an investor from having significant influence.

Qualified share is the share that directly or indirectly constitute ten percent of an entity's capital or voting rights and irrespective of this requirement, possession of privileged shares giving right to appoint members of board of directors.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION III: EXPLANATIONS ON CONSOLIDATED ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

III. INFORMATION ABOUT THE ASSOCIATES AND SUBSIDIARIES SUBJECT TO CONSOLIDATION (continued)

- 1. Basis of consolidation (continued):
- b. Basis of consolidation of associates (continued):

Equity method is an accounting method of associates by which book value of the associate is increased or decreased due to changes in the Parent Bank's share in the associates' equity and dividends received from associate is deducted from the share of Bank calculated as explained above.

Accounting principles used by Demir Halkbank NV and Kobi Girişim Sermayesi AŞ and Türk P ve I Sigorta AS which is a consolidated associate by the equity method of accounting, has the same accounting principles of the Parent Bank.

- c. Basis of consolidation of joint ventures:
 - The Parent Bank does not have any joint ventures.
- d. Principles applied during share transfer, merger and acquisition:

Accounting for business combinations

From 1 January 2010 the Group will apply IFRS 3 Business Combinations (2008) in accounting for business combinations. Business Combinations that occurred before 1 January 2010 had not been restated and the accounting policies applicable to those acquisitions are set out below. The new accounting policy in respect of business combinations is as follows.

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method as at the acquisition date, which is the date on which control is transferred to the Group. Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. In assessing control, the Group takes into consideration potential voting rights that currently are exercisable.

Acquisitions on or after 1 January 2010

The Group measures goodwill at the acquisition date as the total of:

- the fair value of the consideration transferred; plus
- the recognised amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquire; plus if the business combination is achieved in stages, the fair value of the existing equity interest in the acquire; less
- the net recognized amount (generally fair value) of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed.

When this total is negative, a bargain purchase gain is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

The initial recognition of the business combination is accounted for provisionally if the fair values of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities acquired in a business combination can only be recognized, or the cost of a business combination is measured, only using provisional amounts. The provisional business combination accounting shall be completed in the 12 months following the date of acquisition and the adjustments shall be recognized retrospectively.

The consideration transferred does not include amounts related to the settlement of pre-existing relationships. Such amounts are generally recognized in profit or loss.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION III: EXPLANATIONS ON CONSOLIDATED ACCOUNTING POLICIES(continued)

III. INFORMATION ABOUT THE ASSOCIATES AND SUBSIDIARIES SUBJECT TO CONSOLIDATION (continued)

- 1. Basis of consolidation (continued):
- d. Principles applied during share transfer, merger and acquisition (continued):

Accounting for business combinations (continued)

Costs related to the acquisition, other than those associated with the issue of debt or equity securities, that the Group incurs in connection with a business combination are expensed as incurred.

Any contingent consideration payable is recognized at fair value at the acquisition date. If the contingent consideration is classified as equity, it is not remeasured and settlement is accounted for within equity. Otherwise, subsequent changes to the fair value of the contingent consideration are recognized in profit or loss.

For acquisitions before 1 January 2010, goodwill represents the excess of the cost of the acquisition over the Group's interest in the recognized amount (generally fair value) of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the acquire. When the excess was negative, a bargain purchase gain was recognized immediately in profit or loss.

Transaction costs, other than those associated with the issue of debt or equity securities, that the Group incurred in connection with business combinations were capitalized as part of the cost of the acquisitions.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION III: EXPLANATIONS ON CONSOLIDATED ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

IV. EXPLANATIONS ON FORWARD AND OPTION CONTRACTS AND DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

Derivative transactions of the Group consist of foreign currency and interest rate swaps and forwards. The Group has no derivative instruments decomposed from the main contract.

Derivative financial instruments are recorded at fair value as of the contract date and valued at fair value in the following reporting periods. Although some derivative transactions are qualified as economical hedging items, they do not meet all the definition requirements of hedge accounting items. Therefore, under the Turkish Accounting Standard No: 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" (TAS 39), these derivative instruments are recognized as held for trading and gains and losses of these instruments are associated with statement of income.

V. INTEREST INCOME AND EXPENSES

Interest income and expenses are recognized on an accrual basis using the effective interest method (the rate that equals the future cash flows of a financial asset or liability to its present net book value) in conformity with TAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement".

In accordance with the related legislation, realized and unrealized interest accruals of the non-performing loans are reversed and interest income related to these loans are recorded as an interest income only when they are collected.

VI. FEES AND COMMISSION INCOME AND EXPENSES

Banking service income is recorded in the income in the period when they are collected. Prepaid fees and commission income obtained from cash and non-cash loans are recorded in the related period by using discounting method with internal rate of return according to the loan maturity within the matching principle.

Fees and commission expenses on borrowings that are paid to other institutions and incorporations for financial liabilities comprise operational costs. This fees and commission expenses are booked under prepaid expenses and transferred to expense accounts in the related periods by using the straight accrual method according to the financial borrowing maturity within the matching principle.

VII. EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON FINANCIAL ASSETS

Financial instruments comprise financial assets, financial liabilities and derivative instruments. The financial assets are included in the balance sheet of the Group, if the Group is a legal party of these financial assets.

Financial assets mainly constitute the majority of the commercial activities and operations of the Group. These instruments have the ability to expose, affect and diminish the risks of liquidity, credit and interest in the financial statements.

Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged or a liability could be settled, between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transaction. Market value is the amount obtainable from the sale or payable on the acquisition of a financial instrument in an active market, if one exists.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION III: EXPLANATIONS ON CONSOLIDATED ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

VII. EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON FINANCIAL ASSETS (continued)

The estimated fair values of financial assets have been determined by the Group using the available market information and appropriate valuation methodologies. However, judgment is necessarily required to interpret market data to develop the estimated fair value. Hence, estimations presented in this report may not be same with the prices in the current market conditions in the case of assets disposals. Book values of some financial assets (which equals to their costs) are assumed to approximate to their fair values due to their short term nature.

The financial instruments and their valuations methods based on their classification on the financial statements are set out below.

1. Cash and banks

Cash and bank balances in foreign currencies are valued by using the Bank's current period end exchange rates. The presented values of cash in TRY, foreign currency cash and banks at balance sheet are the estimated fair values of these assets.

2. Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss

a. Financial assets held for trading

Financial assets held for trading are financial assets, which are either acquired for generating a profit from short-term fluctuations in price or dealer's margin, or are financial assets included in a portfolio with a pattern of short-term profit taking.

Financial Assets Held For Trading are presented in the balance sheet with their fair values and are subject to valuation at fair values after the initial recognition. Valuation gains or losses are recognized in the profit/loss accounts. Interests gained from the retention of held for trading financial assets are recognized under the interest income and dividends gained from the shares is recognized under the dividend income in the income statement. If these assets are disposed of prior to their maturity periods, loss or gain from the disposal is recognized in the income statement by using interest income/expense accounts under profit/loss from the capital market operations.

b. Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss represent the financial assets at fair value through profit and loss at the initial recognition and those are not obtained for trading purposes. Recognition of fair value differences of those assets are similar to the financial asset held for trading.

The Group has not any financial assets at fair value through profit and loss as of 31 December 2015 and 31 December 2014.

3. Investments held to maturity

Investments held to maturity are the investments, for which there is an intention of holding until maturity and the relevant conditions for fulfillment of such intention, including the funding ability, and for which there are fixed or determinable payments with fixed maturity; and which are recognized at fair value at initial recognition. Investments held to maturity with the initial recognition at fair value including transaction costs are subject to valuation with their discounted cost value by using the internal rate of return method less provision for any impairment, if any. Interest income from investments held to maturity is recognized in the income statement as an interest income. There are no financial assets that are classified by the Group as investments held to maturity; however, they cannot be classified under this classification for two years for not satisfying the requirements of the related classification.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION III: EXPLANATIONS ON CONSOLIDATED ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

VII. EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON FINANCIAL ASSETS (continued)

4. Financial assets available for sale

Financial assets available for sale represent non-derivative financial assets other than the bank loans and receivables, investments held to maturity and financial assets at fair value through profit and loss. Initial recognition and subsequent valuation of financial assets available for sale are performed based on the fair value including transaction costs. The amount arising from the difference between cost and amortized value is recognized through income statement by using the internal rate of return. If a price does not occur in an active market, fair value cannot be reliably determined and "Amortized Value" is determined as the fair value using the internal rate of return. Unrealized gains and losses arising from changes in fair value of the financial assets available for sale are not recognized in the income statement, they are recognized in the "Marketable Securities Revaluation Fund" until the disposal, sale, redemption or incurring loss of those assets. Fair value differences accounted under equity arising from the application of fair value are reflected to the income statement when these assets are sold or when the valuation difference is collected.

5. Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables represent unquoted financial assets in an active market that provide money, goods or services to the debtor with fixed or determinable payments.

Loans and receivables are initially recognized with their fair values including settlement costs and carried at their amortized costs calculated using the internal rate of return at the subsequent recognition. Transaction fees, dues and other expenses paid for loan guarantees are recognized under the profit and loss accounts.

Consumer and corporate cash loans are recognized under the accounts specified by the Uniform Chart of Accounts and Explanations with their original balances based on their context.

Foreign currency indexed consumer and corporate loans are followed at TRY accounts after converting into TRY by using the opening exchange rates. At the subsequent periods, increases and decreases in the loan capital are recognized under the foreign currency income and expense accounts in the income statement depending on foreign currency rates being higher or lower than opening date rates. Repayments are calculated using the exchange rates at the repayment dates and exchange differences are recognized under the foreign currency income and expense accounts in the income statement.

Non-performing loans are classified in accordance with the regulation on "Methods and Principles for the Determination of Loans and Other Receivables to be Reserved for and Allocation of Reserves" published in the Official Gazette No: 26333 dated 1 November 2006 and amended with the regulation published in the Official Gazette No: 28418 dated last 21 September 2012 and specific provisions are allocated for those loans. Specific provisions are reflected to "820/821 Provisions and Impairment Expenses 82000/82100 Specific Provisions Expenses" account. Provisions released in same year are recognized as a credit movement under the "Provision Expenses", released portion of the previous period provisions are recognized under the "Other Operating Income" account.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION III: EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

VIII. EXPLANATIONS ON IMPAIRMENT OF FINANCIAL ASSETS

At each balance sheet date, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its financial asset or group of financial assets whether there is an objective indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If such indication exists, the Group determines the related impairment amount.

A financial asset or a group of financial assets is subject to impairment loss only if there is an objective indication that the occurrence of one or more than one event ("loss event") subsequent to the initial recognition of that asset has an effect on the reliable estimate of the expected future cash flows of the related financial asset and asset group. Irrespective of their high probability of incurrence, future expected losses are not recognized.

Impairment losses attributable to the investments held to maturity are measured as the difference between the present values of estimated future cash flows discounted using the original interest rate of financial asset and the book value of asset. The related difference is recognized as a loss and it decreases the book value of the financial asset. At subsequent periods, if the impairment loss amount decreases, impairment loss recognized is reversed.

When a decline occurs in the fair values of the "financial assets available for sale" of which value decreases and increases are recognized in equity, the accumulated profit/loss that had been recognized directly in equity is transferred from equity to period profit or loss. If, in a subsequent period, the fair value of the related asset increases, the impairment loss is reversed, with the amount of the reversal recognized in profit or loss.

For loans and receivables; the Parent Bank's management performs consistent loan portfolio reviews and if any doubts on the collectability of the loans arise, the related loans are classified in accordance with legislation on "Determining the Nature of Loans and Receivables and Principles and Procedures on the Allocation of Loan and Receivable Provisions ("Communique")" published in the Official Gazette numbered 26333 and dated 1 November 2006. The Bank does not limit the provision amount for the non-performing loans recognized before 1 January 2008 with the minimum rates defined in the related regulation and allocates specific provision for such loan amounts in full and they are recognized in the statement of income. Bank sets specific provision for non-performing loans recognized after 1 January 2008 through deducting the collateral amount, calculated in accordance with the related coefficient rates defined in the Article 10 of the related legislation, from the follow-up amount and setting provision between 20% and 100% by taking the minimum rates in the Communiqué into consideration for the outstanding follow-up risk amount excluding the surety ship type of collaterals defined in the Article 9 of the related legislation. Unindemnified non-cash loans extended to follow-up entities are added to the follow-up risk amount after conversion by credit conversion rates defined in the Communiqué. The Bank sets provision between 20% and 100% by taking the minimum rates in the Communiqué into consideration for the outstanding follow-up risk amount, that are calculated by deducting the collateral amount, and calculated in accordance with the related coefficient rates defined in the Article 10 of the related legislation. Collections made related to those loans are offset against the capital and interest collections are recognized under the "Interest Received from Non-performing Loans" item of the income statement.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION III: EXPLANATIONS ON CONSOLIDATED ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

VIII. EXPLANATIONS ON IMPAIRMENT OF FINANCIAL ASSETS (continued)

Other than specific allowances, the Bank provides "general allowances" for loan and other receivables classified in accordance with the Regulation on Identification of and Provision against Non-Performing Loans and Other Receivables. The Bank is providing 1% general allowance for cash loans and other receivables; 0,2% general allowances for non-cash loans. In accordance with the communiqué "The change in the Determining the Nature of Loans and Receivables and Principles and Procedures on the Allocation of Loan and Receivable Provisions" published on 28 May 2011 No: 27947 Official Gazette, banks are able to change the terms of the payment plans of their loans and other receivables monitored under standard and other receivables group given that those loans and receivables qualify for the prerequisites. However, if the changes made extend the initial payment plan, a general provision allocated accordingly with the related loans and other receivables given that it is no less than the 5 times of the predetermined ratio and for loans and other receivables followed under close monitoring provision cannot fall below 2,5 times of the designated ratio.

In accordance with the communiqué "The Change in the Determining the Nature of Loans and Receivables and Principles and Procedures on the Allocation of Loan and Receivable Provisions" published on 21 September 2012 No: 28418 Official Gazette, as of the recent month end prior to the effective date of the Communiqué, the Bank will provide the differences in general allowances for cash loans, close monitoring loans, letters of guarantees, bill guarantees and sureties and other non-cash loans with the rates stated in the first paragraph of Article 7 of the Communiqué until 31 December 2015.

In the consequence of the ratio of consumer loans to total loans has been below 25% as of the second quarter, the Bank has begun to allocate 1% and 2% rate of general allowances for all consumer loans except for real estate loans instead of 4% and 8%. In accordance with the communiqué "The Change in the Determining the Nature of Loans and Receivables and Principles and Procedures on the Allocation of Loan and Receivable Provisions" published on 8 October 2013 No: 28789 Official Gazette, as of the recent month end prior to the effective date of the Communiqué, the Bank cancelled the differences in general allowances for all consumer loans except for real estate loans in both groups with the rates stated in the second paragraph of Article 7 of the Communiqué as of the second quarter.

IX. OFFSETTING FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

A financial asset and a financial liability shall be offset and the net amount shall be presented in the balance sheet only when a party currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts or intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

X. EXPLANATIONS ON SALES AND REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS (REPOS) AND TRANSACTIONS ON SECURITIES LOANED

Marketable securities subject to repurchase agreements are classified under "Available for Sale Financial Assets" or "Held to Maturity Investments" in the Group's portfolio and they are valued according to the valuation principles of the related portfolios.

Funds obtained from the repurchase agreements are recognized under "Funds from Repurchase Transactions" account in liabilities. For the difference between the sale and repurchase prices determined by the repo agreements for the period; expense accrual is calculated using the internal rate of return method.

Reverse repo transactions are recognized under the "Receivables from Reverse Repo Transactions" account. For the difference between the purchase and resale prices determined by the reverse repo agreements for the period; income accrual is calculated using the internal rate of return method.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION III: EXPLANATIONS ON CONSOLIDATED ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

XI. EXPLANATIONS ON ASSETS HELD FOR SALE AND DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

Assets that meet the criteria to be classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of its carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. Depreciation of such assets is ceased and they are presented separately in the balance sheet. In order to classify a tangible fixed asset as held for sale, the asset (or the disposal group) should be available for an immediate sale in its present condition subject to the terms of any regular sales of such assets (or such disposal groups) and the sale should be highly probable. For a highly probable sale, the appropriate level of management must be committed to a plan to sell the asset (or the disposal group), and an active programme to complete the plan should be initiated to locate a customer. Also, the asset (or the disposal group) should have an active market sale value, which is a reasonable value in relation to its current fair value. Events or circumstances may extend the completion of the sale more than one year. Such assets are still classified as held for sale if there is sufficient evidence that the delay in the sale process is due to the events and circumstances occurred beyond the control of the entity or the entity remains committed to its plan to sell the asset (or disposal group).

A discontinued operation is a component of a bank that either has been disposed of, or is classified as held for sale. Gains or losses relating to discontinued operations are presented separately in the income statement.

XII. EXPLANATIONS ON GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

As at the balance sheet date, there is no goodwill recorded in the consolidated balance sheet of the Group.

Intangible assets that are purchased prior to 1 January 2005 are carried at their restated historical costs and intangible assets that are purchased in the subsequent periods are carried at their historical cost, less any accumulated amortization and any impairment losses. Intangible assets are amortized by using the straight line method based on their useful lives. Amortization method and period are assessed periodically at the end of each year. Intangible assets consist of software expenses and they are amortized by using the straight line method over 3 years. There is no significant change in the accounting estimates expected or to be expected having a significant effect on the amortization method, amortization period or residual value.

XIII. EXPLANATIONS ON PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Property, plant and equipment that are purchased prior to 1 January 2005 are carried at their 31 December 2004 dated restated costs and property, plant and equipment that are purchased in the subsequent periods are carried at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. Property, plant and equipment are amortized by using the straight line method during their useful lives. Gain or loss arising from the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of that asset and is recognized in profit or loss. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the lease period by straight line method.

As of 1 April 2015, the Group adopted the revaluation method for buildings in tangible assets in accordance with Turkish Accounting Standard No: 16 "Property, Plant and Equipment" (TAS 16). Expertise values determined by an independent expert companies are reflected to the financial statements. Revaluation differences are recorded in "Tangible assets revaluation reserves" under the shareholders' equity.

Ordinary maintenance and repair expenses of property, plant and equipment items are recognized as expenses.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION III: EXPLANATIONS ON CONSOLIDATED ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

XIII. EXPLANATIONS ON PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

Estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

	Estimated useful	
	lives (Year)	Depreciation rate
Buildings	50	2%
Safe-deposit boxes	50	2%
Other movable properties	3-25	4-33,33%
Assets held under financial leases	4-5	20-25%

Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the lower of the periods of the respective leases and useful lives, on a straight-line basis. In any case useful life cannot exceed the lease period. If the duration of lease agreement is not determined or longer than five years, amortization duration is considered as five years.

There is no change in accounting estimates that is expected to have significant effect in current period and subsequent periods.

There are no mortgages, pledges or similar in cumbrances designated for the property, plant and equipment.

XIV. EXPLANATIONS ON INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

Investment properties are kind of property which is held by the Group to earn rent.

Invesment properties in the attached consolidated financial statements that are purchased prior to 1 January 2005 are carried at their 31 December 2004 dated restated costs and property, plant and equipment that are purchased in the subsequent periods are carried at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. Investment properties are amortized by using the straight line method during their useful lives. Gain or loss arising from the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of that asset and is recognized in profit or loss.

XV. EXPLANATIONS ON LEASING TRANSACTIONS

Assets acquired under financial leases are carried at the lower of their fair values or amortized value of the lease payments. Leasing payables are recognized as liabilities in the balance sheet while the interest payable portions of the payables are recognized as a deferred amount of interest. Assets held under financial leases are recognized under the property, plant and equipment (movable properties) account and are depreciated by using the straight line method.

In the cases of the Group is renter, at the beginning of the lease operation the value of assets held under financial leases are recognized as financial lease receivables in the balance sheet. Interest income obtained by the difference between total financial lease receivables and investment value of assets held under financial leases is recorded in the income statement by distributing the receivables in the related accounting period with the constant interest rate. The interest income which is not accrued in the related period, is recognized in the account of unaccrued interest income.

Operational lease transactions are recognized in line with the related agreement on an accrual basis.

XVI. EXPLANATIONS ON INSURANCE TECHNICAL INCOME AND EXPENSE

Insurance premium income is obtained subsequent the share of reinsurers in policy income is diminished.

Claims are recorded in expense as they are reported. Outstanding loss provisions are recognized for the claims reported but not paid yet and for the claims that incurred but not reported. Reinsurers' share of claims paid and outstanding loss are offset in these provisions.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION III: EXPLANATIONS ON CONSOLIDATED ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

XVII. EXPLANATIONS ON INSURANCE TECHNICAL PROVISIONS

According to the current insurance regulation, insurance companies should recognize provisions for unearned premium claims, unexpired risk reserves, provision for outstanding claims, life-mathematical provisions and equalization provisions.

The provision for unearned premiums consists of the gross overlapping portion of accrued premiums for insurance contracts that are in effect to the subsequent period or periods of balance sheet date on a daily basis without a commission or any other discount. In case the expected loss premium ratio is over 95%, the unexpired risk reserves are recognized for the branches specified by the Undersecretariat of Treasury. For each branch, the amount found by multiplying the ratio exceeding 95% by the net unearned premium provision is recognized in the financial statements as net unexpired risk reserve; and the amount found by multiplying the ratio exceeding 95% by the gross unearned premium provision is recognized as gross unexpired risk reserve. The difference between the gross and the net amounts is considered as the share of the reinsurer.

Claim provision is recognized for the accrued claims which are not paid in the current period or in the prior periods or for the claims realized with the expected costs but not reported.

Mathematical provision is recognized in order to meet the requirements of policyholders and beneficiaries for long-time life, health and personal accident insurance contracts on actuarial bases.

Equalization provision is recognized in order to balance the fluctuations in the claim ratios. Effective 1 January 2005, the Group's insurance subsidiaries adopted TFRS 4, Insurance Contracts ("TFRS 4"). TFRS 4 represents the completion of phase I and is a transitional standard until the recognition and measurement of insurance contracts has more fully addressed. TFRS 4 requires that all contracts issued by insurance companies be classified as either insurance contracts or investment contracts.

Insurance risk is defined as risk, other than financial risk, transferred from the holder of a contract to the issuer. TFRS 4 permits a company to continue with its previously adopted accounting policies with regard to recognition and measurement of insurance contracts. Only in case of presentation of more reliable figures a change in accounting policy shall be carried out. Contracts issued by insurance companies without significant insurance risk are considered investment contracts. Investment contracts are accounted for in accordance with TAS 39 revised.

Insurance companies of the Group cede premium and risks in the normal course of business in order to limit the potential for losses arising from risks accepted. Insurance premiums ceded to reinsurers on contracts that are deemed to transfer significant insurance risk are recognized as an expense in a manner that is consistent with the recognition of insurance premium revenue arising from the underlying risks being protected.

Costs which vary and are directly associated with the acquisition of insurance and reinsurance contracts including brokerage, commissions, underwriting expenses and other acquisition costs are deferred and amortized over the period of contract, consistent with the earning of premium.

In conformity with TFRS 4, at each balance sheet date, liability adequacy tests are performed to ensure the adequacy of the insurance contract liabilities net of related Deferred Acquisition Costs (DAC) and premiums receivable. Investment income from the assets backing the liabilities is taken into account in calculating the provision. Any deficiency, if there is, is immediately charged to the income statement initially by writing off DAC and by subsequently establishing a provision for losses arising from liability adequacy tests. Any DAC written off as a result of this test cannot subsequently be reinstated.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION III: EXPLANATIONS ON CONSOLIDATED ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

XVIII. EXPLANATIONS ON PROVISIONS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Provision and contingent liabilities are accounted in conformity with TAS 37 "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets".

In the financial statements, a provision is made for an existing commitment resulted from past events if it is probable that the commitment will be settled and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are calculated based on the best estimates of the Group's management on the expenses to incur as of the balance sheet date and, if material, such expenses are discounted for their present values. If the amount is not reliably estimated and there is no probability of cash outflow from the Group to settle the liability, the related liability is considered as "contingent" and disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

XIX. EXPLANATIONS ON EMPLOYEE BENEFIT LIABILITIES

Employee benefits liabilities are recognized in accordance with the Turkish Accounting Standard No: 19 "Employee Benefits". According to related legislation and union contracts, the Parent Bank is required to make lump sum retirement payments to employees who has completed one year of service, is called up for military service, dies, resigns, retires or whose employment is terminated without due cause, or for female employees; who resigns subsequent to her marriage within one year. The Group provides provision by estimating the present value of the future retirement pay liability.

The retirement pay provision of the Parent Bank has been determined by the actuarial report of an independent valuation company. As of 1 January 2013, actuarial gains and losses are recorded under the shareholders' equity according to the revised TAS 19.

T. Halk Bankası Employee Pension Fund, T. Ziraat Bankası and T. Halk Bankası Employee Pension Fund Foundations were founded in accordance with the provisional article 20 of the Social Insurance Act (SIA) No: 506 and their members include employees of the Parent Bank as well. Provisional article 23 of the Banking Act No: 5411 requires the Parent Bank's pension funds founded in the scope of SIA to be transferred to the Social Insurance Institution (SII) within 3 years subsequent to the publishing date of the act. The procedure and essentials for the transfer were determined by the Council of Ministers' decision dated 30 November 2006 and numbered 2006/11345 and accordingly, both pension fund foundations would have been transferred to SSI. However, with the decree of the Constitutional Court numbered E.2005/139, K.2007/13 and K.2007/33 published in the Official Gazette dated 31 March 2007 and numbered 26479, the first paragraph of the temporary first article of the provisional article 23 of the Banking Act No: 5411 is cancelled and the execution has been ceased starting from the date the decree is published.

After the justified decree related to cancelling the provisional article 23 of the Banking Law was announced by the Constitutional Court on the Official Gazette dated 15 December 2007 and numbered 26731, Turkish Grand National Assembly started to work on establishing new legal regulations, and after it was approved at the General Assembly of the TGNA, the Law numbered 5754 "Emendating Social Security and General Health Insurance Act and Certain Laws and Decree Laws", which was published on the Official Gazette dated 8 May 2008 and numbered 26870, came into effect. The new law decrees that the contributors of the bank pension funds, the ones who receive salaries or income from these funds and their rightful beneficiaries will be transferred to the Social Security Institution and will be subject to this Law within 3 years after the release date of the related article, without any need for further operation. The three year transfer period can be prolonged for maximum 2 years by the Cabinet decision. However related transfer period has been prolonged for 2 years by the Cabinet decision dated. 14 March 2011, which was published on the Official Gazette dated 9 April 2011 and numbered 27900. In addition, by the Law numbered 6283 "Emendating Social Security and General Health Insurance Act", which was published on the Official Gazette dated 8 March 2012 and numbered 28227, this period of 2 years has been raised to 4 years.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION III: EXPLANATIONS ON CONSOLIDATED ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

XIX. EXPLANATIONS ON EMPLOYEE BENEFIT LIABILITIES (continued)

In accordance with the related legislation, as of the transfer date, the income and expenses of the transferred funds will be considered by the insurance branches and the cash value of the liabilities will be calculated with the actuarial interest rate 9 %. Moreover, after the transfer to SII, the unfulfilled other social rights and payments existed in the settlement deeds of the subjected pension funds of the transferred participants, members or the rightful owners will be continued to be fulfilled by the employer entities of the funds and its participants. Based on the results of the actuarial report prepared as of 31 December 2015 and 31 December 2014, no technical deficit has been reported.

XX. EXPLANATIONS ON TAXATION

In accordance with the Article 32 of the Corporate Tax Law No: 5520, the corporate tax rate is calculated at the rate of 20%. The tax legislation requires advance tax of 20% to be calculated and paid based on earnings generated for each quarter. The amounts thus calculated and paid are offset against the corporate tax liability for the year. Accrued advance tax as of 31 December 2014 as been paid in April 2015, accrued advance tax as of 31 December 2015 is going to be paid in February 2016.

Tax expense is the sum of the current tax expense and deferred tax charge. Current year tax liability is calculated over taxable profit. Taxable profit is different from the profit in the income statement since taxable income or deductible expenses for the following years and non-taxable and non-deductible items are excluded.

Deferred tax is recognized on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilized.

The carrying amount of a deferred tax asset is reviewed at each balance sheet date. An entity shall reduce the carrying amount of a deferred tax asset to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow the benefit of part or all of that deferred tax asset to be utilized.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset realized. Deferred tax is charged or credited to profit or loss, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity.

Prepaid corporation taxes and corporation tax liabilities are offset as they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on each consolidated entity's non-consolidated financial statements. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are also offset.

Tax practices in the countries that foreign branches and financial institution operate:

Turkish Republic of Northern Cyprus (TRNC)

According to the tax regulations in the Turkish Republic of Northern Cyprus, corporate gains are subject to 10% of corporate tax and this taxed amount is subject to 15% of income tax. The tax bases for corporate are determined by adding the expenses that cannot be deducted according to TRNC regulations, to commercial gains and by subtracting exemptions and deductions from commercial gains. Income tax is paid in July and November, and corporate tax payment is made in two installments, in May and in October. On the other hand, withholding tax is paid in TRNC over interest income and similar gains of corporations. The relevant withholding tax payments are deducted from the corporate tax-payable. In the case the amount of the withholding tax collections is are higher than the corporate tax payable, the difference is deducted from income tax payable.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION III: EXPLANATIONS ON CONSOLIDATED ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

XX. EXPLANATIONS ON TAXATION (continued)

Tax practices in the countries that foreign branches and financial institution operate: (continued)

Bahrain

Banks in Bahrain are not subject to tax according to the regulations of the country.

Tax practices for the subsidiaries which are subject to consolidation

Halk Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı AŞ

The Parent Bank's subsidiary, Halk Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı AŞ, is established in the 2010. Income derived from the operations related with the investment properties is exempt from corporate tax in accordance with the Article 5/1(d) (4) of the Corporate Tax Law No: 5520. This exemption is also used for the accrued advanced tax terms.

Halk Banka AD Skopje

The Parent Bank's newly acquired subsidiary in 2011 Halk Banka AD, Skopje is subject to tax regulations in the Republic of Macedonia. A new tax regime had become effective according which the base for income tax computation had been shifted from the profit before taxes to the income "distribution" concept in the Republic of Macedonia.

"Distributions" are split into two components:

- Tax on any dividend distribution i.e. the tax base is the dividend paid,
- Tax on non deductable items i.e. the tax base is the non deductable items specified in the tax rulebook less any allowable tax credits. The tax on non deductable items is paid each month in monthly advance installments based on the previous fiscal year computation of such non deductable differences. At year end a final tax computation is prepared with a final tax settlement.

As such, the new income tax regime provokes certain implications on the presentation of the tax in the financial statements which are summarized below:

(i) Tax on dividend distribution:

Tax on dividend distribution is considered to be income tax within scope of International Accounting Standards - Tax on Income ("IAS 12").

The timing of recognition of this type of income tax is to be consistent with the underlining dividend liability recognition (i.e., recognized when the dividend is paid and/or declared). As such no provisions are required for income tax arising from dividend distribution until the dividend is declared and/or paid.

When the tax on dividend distribution arises on interim (advance) dividend paid before the year end, the income tax charge is recognized and presented in the Statement of comprehensive income after profit and loss before tax as income tax expense.

When the tax on dividend distribution arises from retained earnings, it is recognized and presented in the Statement of changes in equity.

(ii) Tax on non deductable items:

Tax on non deductable items is not income tax and is out of scope of IAS 12. Accordingly, such tax expense is presented within the operating results, and related tax payable/receivable is presented within the other assets/other liabilities in the statement of financial position.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION III: EXPLANATIONS ON CONSOLIDATED ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

XX. EXPLANATIONS on TAXATION (continued)

Tax practices for the subsidiaries which are subject to consolidation (continued)

Halk Bank AD Skopje (continued)

Recognition of tax provisions:

In case of tax contingencies, provisions are made in line with International Accounting Standards – Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets adopted in the Republic of Macedonia ("IAS 37").

Such provisions are not presented as deferred tax assets or deferred tax liabilities, but as other assets or other liabilities.

Recognition/reversal of such tax provisions (that is not income taxes) is presented within the other expenses/other income.

Halk Bank AD Beograd,

The Parent Bank's acquired subsidiary in 2015 Halk Bank AD, Beograd is subject to tax regulations in the Republic of Serbia.

The annual corporate income tax is payable at the rate of 15% on profit before tax, adjusted for permanent differences that prescribed tax rate adjusted to the effective tax rate.

The Law on Corporate Income Tax in the Republic of Serbia does not allow any tax losses of the current period to be used to recover taxes paid in previous periods. However, any current year losses disclosed in the tax balance up to 2009 may be used to reduce tax base for future periods, but only for a period not longer than ten years. The losses in the tax balance for 2010 and thereafter may be used for reduction of tax base for the following accounting periods, but for maximum 5 years. Such tax losses, up to the amount of assumed future taxable profit that can be offset to tax losses, are recognized in the balance sheet as deferred tax.

XXI. ADDITIONAL EXPLANATIONS ON BORROWINGS

The Group borrows funds from domestic and foreign institutions and issues marketable securities when needed. These borrowing activities are recognized at fair value including the acquisition costs at the transaction date and they are valued at amortized costs by using the internal rate of return method.

Interest rate and liquidity risks are reduced by having assets with shorter or equal maturity terms than borrowing instruments such as syndication, securitization and borrowing with collateral and bears higher interest than costs of those instruments. Also, asset composition is designed in accordance with the fixed/variable cost nature of borrowing instruments.

XXII. EXPLANATIONS ON SHARES AND SHARE ISSUE

Share issuances related to costs are accounted under shareholders' equity. Dividend income related with the equity shares are determined by the General Assembly of the Parent Bank.

The Parent Bank has not issued any shares in the current and prior period. In accordance with the decree of the Privatization High Council dated 5 February 2007 and numbered 2007/8, the process of public offering for the 25% of shares pertaining to the Privatization Administration was completed and the Parent Bank shares were registered to the Board with the decree of the Capital Markets Board dated 26 April 2007 and numbered 16/471, and the shares were traded on the Borsa İstanbul AŞ as of 10 May 2007.

As per the decree of the Higher Council of Privatization numbered 2012/150 and dated 4 October 2012; 23,92% of the public shares that were previously held by the Privatization Administration were privatized by a second public offering and privatization was completed on 21 November 2012.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION III: EXPLANATIONS ON CONSOLIDATED ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

XXII. EXPLANATIONS ON SHARES AND SHARE ISSUE (continued)

Halk GYO has applied to CMB by 29 August 2012 for the purpose of initial public offering of the increasing amount of B group of shares TRY 185.500 notional amount which is increased from TRY 477.000 issued capital of the Halk GYO to TRY 662.500 within TRY 1.500.000 registered capital ceiling. Application was approved in accordance with the decision promulgated by CMB's numbered 4/97 on 8 February 2013. As at 15 February 2013 there has been an initial public offering of B group shares of TRY 185.000 notional amount by restricting the existent shareholders for purchasing the new shares. After the collecting the demand the Company's shares started to be traded on Borsa İstanbul AS at 22 February 2013.

XXIII. EXPLANATIONS ON BILL GUARANTEES AND ACCEPTANCES

Bill guarantees and acceptances are realized simultaneously with the customer payments and they are presented as possible liabilities and commitments in the off-balance sheet accounts.

XXIV. EXPLANATIONS ON GOVERNMENT INCENTIVES

None.

XXV. EXPLANATIONS ON SEGMENT REPORTING

Segment reporting focuses on business segment considering the main source and nature of the risks and returns of the Group. The Parent Bank operates mainly in corporate, commercial, entrepreneur banking and investment banking.

The report concerning parts of Group's business segmentation and related information is explained in section four, disclosure numbered XIII.

XXVI. EXPLANATION ON OTHER MATTERS

As of 1 April 2015, the bank changed the accounting policy regarding the revaluation of the land and buildings within property, plant and equipment and and it stated to adopt the revaluation method in accordance with the TAS 16 "Property, Plant and Equipment". Independent expert appraisal values are presented in the financial statements. The effects of change in accounting policy on balance at the first adoption date is as follows:

	Fixed Property
Valuation focused on cost value	1.141.805
The Effect of change in Accounting Policy	1.503.559
Valuation based on fair value	2.645.364

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE

I. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED CAPITAL ADEQUACY RATIO

Risk Measurements in determining of the capital adequacy ratio:

The capital adequacy ratio calculations are made in accordance with the "Regulation on Measurement and Evaluation of Capital Adequacy of Banks" published in Official Journal No 29111 of 6 September 2014. The consolidated basis capital adequacy ratio of the Group is 13,04% as of 31 December 2015 (31 December 2014: 12,73%).

The capital adequacy ratio calculations are made in accordance with the data which legislation of account and record regulation. These data separate in terms of "Banking" and "Purchase and Sale" and subject to calculation credit risk/market with the scope of regulation. Furthermore, operational risks also be included in the capital adequacy ratio calculation within the framework of the regulations.

"Credit Risk Mitigation Statement" may be utilized within the scope of the factors taken into account in reducing the risk to the banking account of "financial collateral simple method" while the buying and selling accounts for "financial collateral comprehensive method" is used.

The items which are deducted from shareholders' equity are not considered in the calculation of risk weighted assets (RWAs). Depleted and amortized assets are taken into consideration by net amounts which are calculated by the deduction of depreciation cost and provisions.

The amount subject to credit risk for non-cash loans are considered by using the conversion rates which are defined in the 5th article of "Regulation On Measurement And Evaluation Of Capital Adequacy Of Banks". Besides, the provisions which are defined in "Regulation on Procedures and Principles for Determination of Qualifications of Loans and Other Receivables by Banks and Provisions to Be Set Aside" and taken place at the liability side of the balance sheet are also taken into consideration. "Statement on Credit Risk Mitigation Techniques" are weighted according to risk reduction and are subject to the following risks referred to in Annex 1 corresponding to the risk class weight class in accordance with the Regulation concerning the risks that are separated.

According to the Regulation 5, repo transactions pursuant to derivative transactions and commodity lending operations; the "Counterparty Risk" is calculated and the calculation criteria "by Fair Value Valuation Method" is used.

768,725

23.228

1.497.528

3.242.822

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

I. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED CAPITAL ADEQUACY RATIO (continued)

1. Information on the consolidated capital adequacy ratio:

Claims on corporates

Secured by mortgages Securitization positions

Overdue loans

Other receivables

Claims included in the regulatory retail portfolios

Short-term claims and short-term corporate claims on

Undertakings for collective investments in mutual funds

Claims secured by residential property

banks and intermediary institutions

Higher risk categories decided by the Board

									Ri	sk Weight								
				The	Parent Bank									Consolidated				
Current Period	%0	%10	%20	%50	%75	%100	%150	%200	%250	%0	%10	%20	%50	%75	%100	%150	%200	%250
Surplus credit risk weighted		-	1.088.757	18.983.861	29.128.211	69.016.151	3.889.970	8.970.532	554.433		-	1.134.106	19.256.937	29.694.191	70.670.666	4.140.260	9.522.846	818.778
Risk classifications:																		
Claims on sovereigns and Central Banks	43.299.804	-	6.328	4.091.934	-	-	-	-	-	43.540.786	-	6.328	4.091.935	-	75.709	-	-	-
Claims on regional governments or local authorities	16.794	-	1.057.679	-	-	-	-	-	-	16.794	-	1.057.679	-	-	-	-	-	-
Claims on administrative bodies and other non-commercial																		
undertakings	42.762	-	173	-	-	577.024	-	-	-	42.762	-	173	-	-	577.024	-	-	-
Claims on multilateral development banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Claims on international organizations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Claims on banks and intermediary institutions	539.128	-	2.866.875	772.949	-	286.532	-	-	-	538.870	-	3.093.619	775.968	-	255.397	-	-	-
Claims on corporates	2.159.404	-	770.092	747.367	-	61.549.403	-	-	-	1.133.709	-	770.092	747.367	-	64.352.706	-	-	-
Claims included in the regulatory retail portfolios	1.544.741	-	170.864	-	38.386.989	690.594	-	-	-	1.544.741	-	170.864	-	39.135.617	698.247	-	-	-
Claims secured by residential property	23.520	-	4.085	32.220.995	26.735	-	-	-	-	23.520	-	4.085	32.764.126	26.735	-	-	-	-
Overdue loans	13.655	-	-	134.477	-	782.758	-	-	-	13.655	-	-	134.477	-	853.724	-	-	-
Higher risk categories decided by the Board	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.593.313	4.485.266	773	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.760.173	4.761.423	20.097
Secured by mortgages	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Securitization positions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Short-term claims and short-term corporate claims on																		
banks and intermediary institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Undertakings for collective investments in mutual funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other receivables	3.455.119	-	567.690	-	423.891	5.129.840	-	-	221.000	3.531.205	-	567.690	-	429.903	3.857.859		-	307.414
									Ris	k Weight								
					Parent Bank									Consolidated				
Prior Period	%0	%10	%20	%50	%75	%100	%150	%200	%250	%0	%10	%20	%50	%75	%100	%150	%200	%250
Surplus credit risk weighted	-	-	810.058	14.076.567	22.962.208	54.730.042	3.613.293	16.572.334	912.638	-	-	867.323	14.168.725	23.355.181	55.241.523	3.677.288	16.902.844	1.461.988
Risk classifications:																		
Claims on sovereigns and Central Banks	40.918.786	-	2.856	3.385.027	=	-	-	-	-	41.013.434	-	2.856	3.385.027	=	30.087	-	=	-
Claims on regional governments or local authorities	18.263	-	554.619	-	-	-	-	-	-	18.263	-	554.619	-	-	-	-	-	-
Claims on administrative bodies and other non-commercial																		
undertakings	28.273	-	199	-	-	527.130	-	-	-	28.273	-	199	-	-	527.130	-	-	-
Claims on multilateral development banks	-	-	-	-	=	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Claims on international organizations	-	-	-	-	=	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Claims on banks and intermediary institutions	2.427.237	-	2.575.808	1.787.700	=	47.249	-	-	-	1.768.551	-	2.862.136	1.800.219	=	6.245	-	=	-

48,277,479

656.661

1.162.077

4.059.446

- 30.426.898

66.067

123.312

242.822

159.191

511.492

3.302 22.857.026

123.381

2 408 862

242.822

159.191

511.492

3.302

752,016

23.228

1.497.528

40.553

324.502 3.274.721

8.286.167

50,494,579

662.627

1.268.139

2.252.716

2.451.525

8.451.422

55 529

529.266

- 30.931.251

66.067

142.923

23.028.822

123.381

⁽¹⁾ As of 31 December 2015, overdue finance lease receivables amounting to TRY 193.653 is included in the 100% risk weighted of overdue loans above. (31 December 2014: TRY 106.062)

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

I. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED CAPITAL ADEQUACY RATIO (continued)

2. Consolidated Capital adequacy ratio summary:

		The Parent Bank		Consolidat	ed
		Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period
	Capital to be employed for credit risk (Amount subject to credit				_
Α	risk*0,08) (I)	10.530.553	9.094.171	10.819.023	9.253.990
В	Capital to be employed for market risk (II)	408.439	257.412	552.682	265.729
C	Capital to be employed for operational risk (III)	878.258	810.323	963.285	875.751
	Shareholders' equity	20.428.844	17.301.950	20.099.511	16.539.425
	Shareholders' equity / (I+II+III) * 12.5*100	13,83	13,62	13,04	12,73
	Core Capital/((CRCR+MRCR+OROR)*12,5)*100	13,14	12,92	12,36	12,04
	Tier I Capital/((CRCR+MRCR+OROR)*12,5)*100	13,17	12,96	12,40	12,09

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

I. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED CAPITAL ADEQUACY RATIO (continued)

3. Information on equity items:

	Current Period	Prior Period
COMMON EQUITY TIER 1 CAPITAL Paid in Capital to be Entitled for Companyation after All Creditors	2.470.451	2.470.451
Paid-in Capital to be Entitled for Compensation after All Creditors	39.488	39.009
Share Premium Share Cancellation Profits	39.400	39.009
Legal Reserves	12.600.202	10.520.206
Other Comprehensive Income according to TAS	1.368.344	194.785
Profit	2.482.790	2.410.166
Net Current Period Profit	2.317.984	2.270.398
Prior Period Profit	164.806	139.768
Provisions for Possible Losses	123.500	137.700
Bonus Shares from Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint-Ventures not Accounted in Current Period's	123.300	
Profit Minority shares	3.973	4.031
Minority shares	143.418	152.123
Common Equity Tier 1 capital before regulatory adjustments	19.232.166	15.790.771
Common Equity Tier 1 capital: regulatory adjustments		
Current and prior periods' losses not covered by reserves, and losses accounted under equity according		
to		
TAS (-)	-	-
Leasehold improvements on operational leases (-)	70.995	67.649
Goodwill and intangible assets and related deferred tax liabilities (-)	40.926	16.521
Net deferred tax assets / liabilities (-)	-	-
Shares Obtained against Article 56, Paragraph 4 of the Banking Law (-)	-	-
Investments in own common equity (-)	-	-
Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Consolidated Banks and Financial		
Institutions where the Bank does not own 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10%		
Threshold of above Tier I Capital (-) Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Consolidated Banks and Financial	-	-
Institutions where the Bank owns 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10%		
Threshold of above Tier I Capital (-)	_	_
Mortgage servicing rights (amount above 10% threshold) (-)	_	_
Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (amount above 10% threshold, net of related		
tax liability) (-)	-	-
Amount Exceeding the 15% Threshold of Tier I Capital as per the Article 2, Clause 2 of the		
Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy Ratios of Banks (-)	-	-
The Portion of Net Long Position of the Investments in Equity Items of Consolidated Banks and		
Financial Institutions where the Bank owns 10% or more of the Issued Share Capital not deducted		
from Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Mortgage servicing rights (amount above 10% threshold) (-)	-	-
Excess Amount arising from Deferred Tax Assets from Temporary Differences (-)	-	-
Other items to be defined by the regulator (-)	-	-
Regulatory adjustments applied to Common Equity Tier 1 due to insufficient Additional Tier 1 and Tier 2 to cover deductions (-)	_	_
Total regulatory adjustments to Common equity Tier 1	111.921	84.170
	19.120.245	15.706.601
Common Equity Tier 1 capital ADDITIONAL TIER 1 CAPITAL	17.120.243	13.700.001
Privileged stocks which are not included in common equity and share premiums	_	_
Directly issued qualifying Additional Tier 1 instruments (approved by the regulators) plus related		
stock surplus		
(Issued or Obtained after 1.1.2014)	-	-
Directly issued qualifying Additional Tier 1 instruments (approved by the regulators) plus related		
stock surplus		
(Issued or Obtained before 1.1.2014)	-	-
Additional shares in the capital of third parties	-	-
Additional Tier 1 capital before regulatory adjustments	-	-
		_
Direct and Indirect Investments of the Bank on its own Additional Core Capital (-)	-	_
Direct and Indirect Investments of the Bank on its own Additional Core Capital (-) Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Consolidated Banks and Financial	-	_
Direct and Indirect Investments of the Bank on its own Additional Core Capital (-) Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Consolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank does not own 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10%	-	
Direct and Indirect Investments of the Bank on its own Additional Core Capital (-) Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Consolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank does not own 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of above Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Direct and Indirect Investments of the Bank on its own Additional Core Capital (-) Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Consolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank does not own 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of above Tier I Capital (-) The Total of Net Long Position of the Direct or Indirect Investments in Additional Tier I Capital of	-	-
Direct and Indirect Investments of the Bank on its own Additional Core Capital (-) Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Consolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank does not own 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of above Tier I Capital (-) The Total of Net Long Position of the Direct or Indirect Investments in Additional Tier I Capital of Consolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank owns more than 10% of the Issued	-	-
Additional Tier 1 capital: regulatory adjustments Direct and Indirect Investments of the Bank on its own Additional Core Capital (-) Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Consolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank does not own 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of above Tier I Capital (-) The Total of Net Long Position of the Direct or Indirect Investments in Additional Tier I Capital of Consolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank owns more than 10% of the Issued Share Capital (-) Other items to be Defined by the regulator (-)	- - -	- - -

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

I. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED CAPITAL ADEQUACY RATIO (continued)

3. Information on equity items: (continued)

	Current Period	Prior Period
Total regulatory adjustments to Additional Tier 1 capital	-	-
Additional Tier 1 capital	- (4.200	-
Regulatory adjustments to Common Equity Conditional Other Internal by Assets and Polated Deformed Toyon not deducted from Tien I Conital as nor the	61.388	66.080
Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets and Related Deferred Taxes not deducted from Tier I Capital as per the Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 of the Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy Ratios of		
Banks (-)	61.388	66.080
Net Deferred Tax Asset/Liability not deducted from Tier I Capital as per the Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 of the		
Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy Ratios of Banks (-)	-	_
Tier 1 capital	19.058.857	15.640.521
TIER 2 CAPITAL		
Directly issued qualifying Tier 2 instruments (that are approved by the regulatory) plus related stock surplus		
(Issued or Obtained after 01.01.2014)	-	-
Directly issued qualifying Tier 2 instruments (that are approved by the regulatory) plus related stock surplus		
(Issued or Obtained before 01.01.2014)	-	-
Pledged sources on behalf of the Bank for the use of committed share capital increase by shareholders	1 120 200	1 277 920
Generic Provisions	1.139.290	1.277.829
Additional shares in the capital of third parties	1 120 200	1 277 920
Tier 2 capital before regulatory adjustments	1.139.290	1.277.829
Tier 2 capital: regulatory adjustments Direct and Indirect Investments of the Bank on its own Tier II Capital (-)		
Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Consolidated Banks and Financial Institutions	-	_
where the Bank does not own 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of above Tier		
I Capital (-)	-	-
The Total of Net Long Position of the Direct or Indirect Investments in Additional Core Capital and Tier II		
Capital of Consolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or more of the Issued Share		
Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of Tier I Capital (-)	-	_
Other items to be Defined by the regulator (-)	-	-
Total regulatory adjustments to Tier 2 capital	1 120 200	1 277 920
Tier 2 capital	1.139.290 20.198.147	1.277.829 16.918.350
CAPITAL Learns Counted against the Articles 50 and 51 of the Popling Law ()	2 0.198.14 7	10.918.330
Loans Granted against the Articles 50 and 51 of the Banking Law (-) Net Book Values of Movables and Immovables Exceeding the Limit Defined in the Article 57, Clause 1 of the	10	10
Banking Law and the Assets Acquired against Overdue Receivables and Held for Sale but Retained more than		
Five Years (-)	69.325	49.245
Loans to Banks, Financial Institutions (domestic/foreign) or Qualified Shareholders in the form of Subordinated		
Debts or Debt Instruments Purchased from Such Parties and Qualified as Subordinated Debts (-)	-	-
Deductions as per the Article 20, Clause 2 of the Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy Ratios of Banks (-)		
Other items to be Defined by the regulator (-)	29.301	329.670
The Portion of Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Consolidated Banks and	27.301	327.070
Financial Institutions where the Bank does not own 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10%		
Threshold of above Tier I Capital not deducted from Tier I Capital, Additional Core Capital or Tier II Capital as		
per the Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 of the Regulation (-)	-	-
The Portion of Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Consolidated Banks and		
Financial Institutions where the Bank owns more than 10% of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of above Tier I Capital not deducted from Additional Core Capital or Tier II Capital as per the		
Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 of the Regulation (-)	_	_
The Portion of Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Consolidated Banks and		
Financial Institutions where the Bank owns more than 10% of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10%		
Threshold of above Tier I Capital not deducted from Additional Core Capital or Tier II Capital as per the		
Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 of the Regulation (-)	20.000.511	1 (520 425
EQUITY	20.099.511	16.539.425
Amounts below the thresholds for deduction		
Remaining Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Own Fund Items of Consolidated Banks and		
Financial Institutions where the Bank owns 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital	15.635	15.113
Remaining total of net long positions of the investments in Tier I capital of Consolidated banks and Financial	1.418.085	1.257.801
Institutions where the Bank owns more than 10% Or Less of the Tier I Capital	1.410.003	1.237.001
Remaining mortgage servicing rights Net deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences	213.687	349.610
rect deterred tax assets arising from temporary differences	213.007	349.010

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

- I. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED CAPITAL ADEQUACY RATIO (continued)
- 3. Information on equity items: (continued)
- a) Information on the provisional application elements in the calculation of equity:

	The Parent	Bank	Conso	olidated
	Amount recognized in regulatory capital	Total	Amount recognized in regulatory capital	Total
Minority Interest in Tier I Capital	-	-	143.418	201.426
Shares of Third Parties in Additional Core Capital	-	-	-	-
Shares of Third Parties in Tier II Capital	-	-	-	-
Directly issued qualifying Additional Tier 1 instruments (approved by the regulators) plus related stock surplus				
(Issued or Obtained before 01.01.2015)	-	-	-	

The Group has no debt instruments that will be included in the calculation of equity.

4. Information on assessment process of internal capital adequacy requirements:

The Parent Bank's internal capital requirements assessment process, for the date of 11 July 2014 and No: 29057 Official Newspaper's publication of Banks' Internal Systems and Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process is carried out under the regulations of rights.

The ultimate goal of the mentioned process is; to ensure the maintenance of capital adequacy via the bank's growth strategy; the formation of the current and future period anticipated asset-liability structure, future funding sources and liquidity, dividend policy and the economic cycle depending on capital taking into account the fluctuations that may occur in the risk profile of the Parent Bank; and in accordance with the risk appetite, to ensure the maintenance of capital adequacy.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

II. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED CREDIT RISK

Credit risk refers to the risks and damage caused by failure to fulfill the obligations of the other party in the contracts of the Group. Credit limits are assigned according to the customer's financial condition and credit need by the branches, regional credit committee, head of credit department, in charge of general manager of the credit, general manager, credit committee and board of directors and also they can be replaced when necessary situation in terms of the scope of the legislation.

In accordance with the Group's risk management policies, the limits are specified in respect of main and sub-sectors. That limits are monitored periodically.

The Group, in the credit allocation process, restricts its risk exposure by working with highly credible banks and entities considering the credit ratings for the purpose of managing its risks. Under the scope of credit risk management, the Parent Bank rates all of its borrowers' credit and requires additional collaterals from whose risk is higher. The Parent Bank has the policy of not granting loans/credits and/or limiting the amount of such loans/credits. The Group's risk is concentrated in Turkey. In loan procedure, limits are determined based on the type of loans and customers and risk and limit information is controlled periodically.

Loans granted to other banks and risk limits set for the correspondent bank transactions are controlled on a daily basis. Risk concentrations are monitored systematically with the Treasury department, concerning the off-balance sheet operations based on the customers and banks.

Except for the restructured loan follow-up system determined in the related communiqué, such loans are incorporated into the new rating groups or risk weightings under the risk management systems of the banks, and new precautionary measures are taken for these processes. Since long-term commitments are more risky than the short-term commitments, risks are assorted in accordance with the Parent Bank's risk management system.

As prescribed in the Communiqué on "Determining the Nature of Loans and Receivables and Principles and Procedures on the Allocation of Loan and Receivable Provisions", the credit worthiness of the debtors of the loans and other receivables is monitored regularly. Credit limits are determined according to the audited statement of accounts. Guarantee factors are developed in accordance with the decision of the Parent Bank's Credit Committee and updated according to the top management's initiatives and changes in the economic conditions. The Group receives sufficient collaterals in consideration of the loans and other receivables granted. Guarantees are surety ships, immovable mortgages, cash blockages and customer or real person cheques.

When the Group is exposed to significant credit risks, it has the tendency to cease its forward or similar type of transactions by using rights, fulfilling the requirements of the acquisitions or disposing of the acquisitions to mitigate the risk total.

As of 31 December 2015, the receivables of the Group from its top 100 and 200 cash loan customers are respectively 21,37% and 26,70% of its total cash loans.

As of 31 December 2015, receivables of the Group from its top 100 and 200 non-cash loan customers are respectively 50,12 % and 60,73% of its total non-cash loans.

As of 31 December 2015, share of cash and non-cash receivables of the Bank from its top 100 and 200 customers are respectively 18,27% and 23,47% of its total balance sheet and off-balance sheet assets.

As of 31 December 2015, general loan loss provision related to the credit risk incurred by the Group in accordance with the legislation on "Determining the Nature of Loans and Receivables and Principles and Procedures on the Allocation of Loan and Receivable Provisions" is TRY 1.139.290 (31 December 2014: TRY 1.277.829).

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

II. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED CREDIT RISK (continued)

	Current l	Period	Prior I	Period
		Average		Average
	Risk	Risk	Risk	Risk
Risk Classifications:	Amount(*)	Amount	Amount(*)	Amount
Claims on sovereigns and Central Banks	47.714.758	44.994.513	44.431.404	43.998.647
Claims on regional governments or local authorities	1.074.473	844.635	572.882	214.352
Claims on administrative bodies and other non-				
commercial undertakings	619.959	555.877	555.602	389.362
Claims on multilateral development banks	-	-	-	-
Claims on international organizations	-	-	-	-
Claims on banks and intermediary institutions	4.663.854	5.257.788	6.437.151	5.013.469
Claims on corporates	67.003.874	61.631.983	51.489.417	45.879.970
Claims included in the regulatory retail portfolios	41.549.469	39.969.666	33.250.597	29.865.862
Claims secured by residential property	32.818.466	28.248.340	23.121.419	21.861.288
Overdue loans ^(**)	1.001.856	1.125.496	1.391.520	918.747
Higher risk categories decided by the Board	7.541.693	7.945.993	10.958.476	10.247.589
Secured by mortgages	-	-	-	-
Securitization positions	-	-	-	-
Short-term claims and short-term corporate claims on				
banks and intermediary institutions	-	-	-	-
Undertakings for collective investments in mutual funds	-	-	-	-
Other receivables	8.694.071	7.724.019	6.711.118	6.040.868

 $^{^{(*)}}$ Includes the risk amounts after credit conversions.

^(**) As of 31 December 2015, overdue finance lease receivables amounting to TRY 193.653 is included overdue loans above. (31 December 2014: TRY 106.062)

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

II. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED CREDIT RISK (continued)

Risk profile according to the geographical concentration:

			Risk C	lassifications(*)							
	Contingent and Non-Contingent Receivables from Central Governments or Central Banks	Contingent and Non-Contingent Receivables from Regional Government or Domestic Government	Contingent and Non-Contingent Receivables from Administrative Units and Non- Commercial Enterprises	Contingent and Non-Contingent Receivables from Banks and Intermediaries	Contingent and Non- Contingent Corporate Receivables	Contingent and Non- Contingent Retail Receivables	Contingent and Non- Contingent Receivables Secured by Residential Property	Non- Performing Receivables	Receivables are identified as high risk by the Board	Other Receivables	Total
Current Period											
1. Domestic	47.714.749	1.074.473	619.959	2.613.515	64.009.318	41.456.405	32.654.414	1.001.702	7.541.693	8.688.952	207.375.180
2. EU Countries ^(**)	-	-	-	601.156	248.554	89.806	162.573	154	-	5.119	1.107.362
3. OECD Countries	-	-	-	1.207.789	2.204	1.738	171	-	-	-	1.211.902
4. Off-shore banking regions	-	-	-	29	-	-	-	-	-	-	29
5. USA, Canada	-	-	-	65.356	678.889	174	129	-	-	-	744.548
6. Other Countries	9	-	-	31.710	857.580	1.346	1.179	-	-	-	891.824
7. Investment and associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures	-	-	-	144.299	1.207.329	-	-	-	-	-	1.351.628
8. Undistributed Assets/Liabilities(***)	-	-	-		_	-	_	-	-	-	_
9. Total	47.714.758	1.074.473	619.959	4.663.854	67.003.874	41.549.469	32.818.466	1.001.856	7.541.693	8.694.071	212.682.473

			Risk C	lassifications ^(*)							
	Contingent and Non-Contingent Receivables from Central Governments or Central Banks	Contingent and Non-Contingent Receivables from Regional Government or Domestic Government	Contingent and Non-Contingent Receivables from Administrative Units and Non- Commercial Enterprises	Contingent and Non-Contingent Receivables from Banks and Intermediaries	Contingent and Non- Contingent Corporate Receivables	Contingent and Non- Contingent Retail Receivables	Contingent and Non- Contingent Receivables Secured by Residential Property	Non- Performing Receivables	Receivables are identified as high risk by the Board	Other Receivables	Total
Prior Period											
1. Domestic	44.363.234	572.882	555.602	5.812.033	50.322.982	33.243.217	23.121.419	1.391.520	10.735.582	6.711.118	176.829.589
2. EU Countries ^(**)	-	-	-	136.731	111.315	-	-	-	-	-	248.046
3. OECD Countries	-	-	-	4.518	-	690	-	-	-	-	5.208
4. Off-shore banking regions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5. USA, Canada	-	-	-	299.801	980.471	980	-	-	-	-	1.281.252
6. Other Countries	68.170	-	-	142.685	74.649	5.710	-	-	222.894	-	514.108
7. Investment and associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures	-	-	-	41.383	-	-	-	-	-	-	41.383
8. Undistributed Assets/Liabilities(***)	-	-	-	-	_	-	_	-	-	-	-
9. Total	44.431.404	572.882	555.602	6.437.151	51.489.417	33.250.597	23.121.419	1.391.520	10.958.476	6.711.118	178.919.586

^(**) Risk classifications in the "Regulation on Measurement and Evaluation of Capital Adequacy of Banks" will be used.

^(**)OECD Countries other than the EU Countries, USA and Canada.

^(***) Assets and liabilities that are not consistently allocated.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

II. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED CREDIT RISK (continued)

Risk Profile according to sectors:

Current Period				F	Risk Classification	ons ⁽¹⁾							
	Contingent and Non- Contingent Receivables from Central Governments or Central Banks	Contingent and Non- Contingent Receivables from Regional Government or Domestic Government	Contingent and Non- Contingent Receivables from Administrative Units and Non- Commercial Enterprises	Contingent and Non-Contingent Receivables from Banks and Intermediaries	Contingent and Non- Contingent Corporate Receivables	Contingent and Non- Contingent Retail Receivables	Contingent and Non-Contingent Receivables Secured by Residential Property	Non- Performing Receivables	Receivables are identified as high risk by the Board	Other Receivables	TRY	FC	Total
Agricultural	11	34	110	_	183.244	458.044	65.650	13.861	_	120.920	720.893	120.981	841.874
Farming and raising livestock	11	34	42	-	138.553	432.362	60.313	13.710	-	120.850	683.404	82.471	765.875
Forestry	-	-	5	-	1.924	3.015	234	8	-	70	4.866	390	5.256
Fishing	-	-	63	-	42.767	22.667	5.103	143	-	-	32.623	38.120	70.743
Manufacturing	42	104	70.863	-	28.792.868	7.028.230	8.551.061	604.864	-	86.607	20.837.078	24.297.561	45.134.639
Mining	-	-	12.459	-	349.744	118.541	75.698	15.794	-	-	324.689	247.547	572.236
Production	42	104	49.596	-	22.859.313	6.881.495	7.711.504	589.013	-	86.607	19.166.436	19.011.238	38.177.674
Electric, gas and water	-	-	8.808	-	5.583.811	28.194	763.859	57	-	-	1.345.953	5.038.776	6.384.729
Construction	12	15	128	-	6.428.257	1.213.875	1.046.485	96.503	-	148.426	4.789.597	4.144.104	8.933.701
Services	45.587.842	21.296	442.470	4.587.267	21.697.614	18.903.454	9.170.233	257.021	-	309.951	62.334.240	38.642.908	100.977.148
Wholesale and retail trade Hotel, food and beverage	20	50	326.643	-	8.800.741	11.990.854	4.959.898	141.152	-	31.381	21.981.960	4.268.779	26.250.739
services Transportation and	-	319	1.368	-	2.836.684	505.691	2.064.090	26.054	-	84	1.199.818	4.234.472	5.434.290
telecommunication	-	6	28.480	-	4.373.219	5.267.251	467.478	7.277	-	25.304	5.778.201	4.390.814	10.169.015
Financial institutions	45.444.261	2.677	7.926	4.587.267	2.792.349	79.762	269.738	848	_	222.216	31.071.088	22.335.956	53.407.044
Real estate and renting services	114.199	2.214	-	-	1.795.960	236.064	926.827	72.465	_	23.671	617.017	2.554.383	3.171.400
Self-employment services	3	5	16	-	198	628.418	101.426	1.511	-	6.019	734.103	3.493	737.596
Education services	323	5	48.733	-	471.084	82.347	110.380	381	-	1.172	390.848	323.577	714.425
Health and social services	29.036	16.020	29.304	-	627.379	113.067	270.396	7.333	-	104	561.205	531.434	1.092.639
Other	2.126.851	1.053.024	106.388	76.587	9.901.891	13.945.866	13.985.037	29.607	7.541.693	8.028.167	47.580.986	9.214.125	56.795.111
Total	47.714.758	1.074.473	619,959	4.663.854	67.003.874	41.549.469	32.818.466	1.001.856	7,541,693	8.694.071	136,262,794	76,419,679	212.682.473

⁽¹⁾Risk classifications in the "Regulation on Measurement and Evaluation of Capital Adequacy of Banks" will be used.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

II. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED CREDIT RISK (continued)

Prior Period					Risk Classi	fications(*)							
	Contingent and Non- Contingent Receivables from Central Governments or Central Banks	Contingent and Non- Contingent Receivables from Regional Government or Domestic Government	Contingent and Non- Contingent Receivables from Administrative Units and Non- Commercial Enterprises	Contingent and Non- Contingent Receivables from Banks and Intermediaries	Contingent and Non- Contingent Corporate Receivables	Contingent and Non- Contingent Retail Receivables	Contingent and Non-Contingent Receivables Secured by Residential Property	Non- Performing Receivables	Receivables are identified as high risk by the Board	Other Receivables	TRY	FC	Total
Agricultural	-	_	156	_	106.493	412.826	114.382	16.681	_	87.497	671.042	66,993	738.035
Farming and raising													
livestock	-	_	13	-	63.497	388.955	103.827	16.536	-	87.422	617.555	42.695	660.250
Forestry	-	_	-	-	-	3.564	898	12	-	75	4.544	5	4.549
Fishing	-	_	143	-	42.996	20.307	9.657	133	-	-	48.943	24.293	73.236
Manufacturing	_	80	131.918	_	22.975.662	7.201.538	8.798.816	917.009	_	128.353	22.047.898	18.105.478	40.153.376
Mining	-	80	100.634	-	359.330	106.248	121.872	69.755	-	-	479.030	278.889	757.919
Production	-	-	31.284	-	18.864.582	7.073.188	8.438.849	846.909	-	128.353	20.864.904	14.518.261	35.383.165
Electric, gas and water	-	_	-	-	3.751.750	22.102	238.095	345	-	-	703.964	3.308.328	4.012.292
Construction	_	54	9	_	5.330.879	905.433	1.679.688	60.999	_	224.407	6.032.294	2.169.175	8.201.469
Services	42.464.943	220.383	215.390	6.437.151	19.366.534	21.136.558	12.166.959	281.641	-	306.391	72.179.129	30.416.821	102.595.950
Wholesale and retail trade Hotel, food and beverage	-	22	80.255	-	7.419.367	11.922.503	5.861.549	134.824	-	8.799	21.906.378	3.520.941	25.427.319
services Transportation and	-	10	21	-	1.187.273	491.135	2.122.338	31.399	-	87	2.672.288	1.159.975	3.832.263
telecommunication	_	_	31.859	_	2.231.664	5.255.532	555,226	9.087	_	646	6.023.275	2.060.739	8.084.014
Financial institutions	42.431.864	5.246	5.509	6.437.151	1.199.958	28.468	375,960	354	_	130.888	31.749.925	18.865.473	50.615.398
Real estate and renting													
services	11.198	213.000	28.971	_	6.468.205	2.562.616	2.617.276	99.110	_	160.552	7.903.692	4.257.236	12.160.928
Self-employment services	-	-	-	-	262	679.573	118.245	1.580	-	5.344	792.471	12.533	805,004
Education services	1.513	82	38.661	-	266.209	69.307	163.752	1.115	-	2	387.315	153.326	540.641
Health and social services	20.368	2.023	30.114	-	593.596	127.424	352.613	4.172	-	73	743.785	386.598	1.130.383
Other	1.966.461	352.365	208.129	-	3.709.849	3.594.242	361.574	115.190	10.958.476	5.964.470	26.454.520	776.236	27.230.756
Total	44.431.404	572.882	555,602	6.437.151	51.489.417	33.250.597	23.121.419	1.391.520	10.958.476	6.711.118	127.384.883	51.534.703	178,919,586

^(*)Risk classifications in the "Regulation on Measurement and Evaluation of Capital Adequacy of Banks" will be used.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

II. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED CREDIT RISK (continued)

Distribution of maturity risk factors according to their outstanding maturities:

Current Period	According	to outstand	ing maturi	ties	
Risk Classifications	1 month	1-3 month	3-6 month	6-12 month	1 year and over
1.Claims on sovereigns and Central Banks 2.Claims on regional governments or local	29.040.134	208.857	998.529	163.063	17.304.175
authorities	9.108	1.024	7.734	13.746	1.042.861
3. Claims on administrative bodies and other non-					
commercial undertakings	139.275	39.343	333.415	29.651	78.275
4. Claims on banks and intermediary institutions	4.403.115	82.004	45.020	13.095	120.620
5.Claims on corporate	9.304.990	4.054.928	7.119.983	12.177.351	46.017.535
6.Claims included in the regulatory retail					
portfolios	3.902.928	2.081.313	3.923.020	8.587.008	51.744.446
7. Overdue loans ^(*)	858.370	100.934	256	4.217	38.079
8. Other receivables	393.762	76.478	15.447	69.654	8.138.730
Total	48.051.682	6.644.881	12.443.404	21.057.785	124.484.721

^(*) As of 31 December 2015, overdue finance lease receivables amounting to TRY 193.653 is included in the overdue loans above.

^(***) Claims secured by residential property and higher risk categories decided by the Board are disclosed in the claims on corporates and claims included in the regulatory retail portfolios.

Prior Period	According to	o outstandin	g maturitie	S	
Risk Classifications	1 month	1-3 month	3-6 month	6-12 month	1 year and over
1.Claims on sovereigns and Central Banks 2.Claims on regional governments or local	11.032.224	9.003.802	3.912.359	4.224.958	16.253.826
authorities 3. Claims on administrative bodies and other non-	8.235	567	3.781	9.656	550.643
commercial undertakings	146.526	141.688	123.348	86.120	57.978
4.Claims on banks and intermediary institutions 5.Claims on corporate	4.262.155 10.864.559	337.784 4.085.860	157.454 5.065.776	398.184	1.008.534
6.Claims included in the regulatory retail	10.804.559	4.085.860	5.065.776	8.729.577	29.500.885
portfolios	1.439.860	1.973.099	3.921.144	8.297.880	41.390.960
7. Overdue loans ^(**)	1.391.520	-	-	-	-
8. Other receivables Total	4.988.481	195.627	485.034	419.300	622.676
1 Utai	34.133.560	15.738.427	13.668.896	22.165.675	89.385.502

 $^{^{(*)}}$ Commitments amounting TRY 3.827.526 are not included in the table above.

Information on the risk classifications as per the Article 6 of the Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy Ratios of Banks:

In determining the risk weights for the exposures to banks which are settled abroad, Fitch Ratings' risk ratings are used.

Additionally, for the foreign exchange securities issued by Turkish Treasury and for the foreign exchange exposures to Turkish Central Government, Fitch Ratings' risk ratings are used.

^(**) Includes total risk amounts before the effect of credit risk mitigation but after credit conversions.

^(**) As of 31 December 2014, overdue finance lease receivables amounting to TRY 106.062 is included in the overdue loans above.

^(***) Includes total risk amounts before the effect of credit risk mitigation but after credit conversions.

^(****) Claims secured by residential property and higher risk categories decided by the Board are disclosed in the claims on corporates and claims included in the regulatory retail portfolios.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

II. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED CREDIT RISK (continued)

Mapping Table	Credit Quality Grade	Fitch Ratings
	1	AAA and AA-
	2	A+ and A-
Long term Credit	3	BBB+ and BBB-
Assessments	4	BB+ and BB-
	5	B+ and B-
	6	CCC+ and below
	1	F1+ and F1
	2	F2
Short term Credit	3	F3
Assessments	4	F3 and below
-	5	
	6	

Current Period

Risk Weights	0%	10%	20%	50%	75%	100%	150%	200%	250%	Reductions from the shareholders' equity
Pre-Amount of Credit Risk Mitigation Amount after Credit Risk	47.071.350	-	5.142.671	18.433.212	51.028.837	83.157.296	2.760.173	4.761.423	327.511	271.945
Mitigation	50.386.042	-	5.670.530	38.513.873	39.592.255	70.670.666	2.760.173	4.761.423	327.511	271.945
Prior Period										
Risk Weights	0%	10%	20%	50%	75%	100%	150%	200%	250%	Reductions from the shareholders' equity
Pre-Amount of Credit Risk Mitigation Amount after Credit Risk	44.644.889	-	3.838.171	16.784.212	40.083.739	62.080.833	2.451.525	8.451.422	584.795	529.175
Mitigation	48.376.014	-	4.336.617	28.337.449	31.140.241	55.241.523	2.451.525	8.451.422	584.795	529.175

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

II. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED CREDIT RISK (continued)

Risk balances according to risk weights:

Information according to sectors and counterparties:

Current Period	Loans			
	Non-performing		Value	
Sectors / Counterparties	loans ⁽¹⁾	Overdue (2)	Adjustments	Provisions
Agricultural	82.674	29.001	803	69.072
Farming and raising livestock	75.043	26.658	733	61.592
Forestry	482	60	1	474
Fishing	7.149	2.283	69	7.006
Manufacturing	1.968.771	1.012.086	35.221	1.363.198
Mining	132.563	17.825	892	116.770
Production	1.833.302	678.404	24.340	1.244.890
Electric, gas and water	2.906	315.857	9.989	1.538
Construction	354.552	407.911	12.054	255.290
Services	1.054.435	1.183.229	47.963	825.700
Wholesale and retail trade	717.866	868.212	34.304	575.296
Hotel, food and beverage				
services	112.807	68.391	2.034	87.096
Transportation and				
telecommunication	46.794	89.761	2.504	36.405
Financial institutions	11.258	2.736	118	10.939
Real estate and renting services	123.143	50.849	5.119	88.494
Self-employment services	21.166	50.761	1.458	14.001
Education services	2.862	3.805	119	2.481
Health and social services	18.539	48.714	2.307	10.988
Other	729.104	711.386	17.171	659.457
Total	4.189.536	3.343.613	113.212	3.172.717

⁽¹⁾ Non-performing loans; are the loans that either overdue more than 90 days as of the reporting date or are treated as impaired due to their creditworthiness. For such loans, "specific provisions" are allocated as per the Provisioning Regulation.

⁽²⁾ Overdue Loans; are the loans that overdue up to 90 days but not non-performing loans. For such loans, "general loan provisions" are allocated as per the Provisioning Regulation. Accruals are not included in the table above.

Previous Period	Loans			
	Non-performing		Value	
Sectors / Counterparties	loans ⁽¹⁾	Overdue (2)	Adjustments	Provisions
Agricultural	85.785	8.279	560	69.203
Farming and raising livestock	78.103	7.431	522	61.664
Forestry	487	95	2	476
Fishing	7.195	753	36	7.063
Manufacturing	1.814.175	171.501	12.441	910.316
Mining	132.615	4.025	93	62.855
Production	1.680.279	167.340	11.938	846.525
Electric, gas and water	1.281	136	410	936
Construction	251.084	132.172	6.967	186.694
Services	963.206	299.603	12.817	702.894
Wholesale and retail trade	590.476	202.201	7.998	459.559
Hotel, food and beverage services	114.689	19.900	514	97.583
Transportation and				
telecommunication	39.297	36.768	936	29.821
Financial institutions	7.713	922	20	7.363
Real estate and renting services	187.138	13.396	607	92.797
Self-employment services	5.934	5.422	326	3.334
Education services	3.358	11.911	404	2.245
Health and social services	14.601	9.083	2.012	10.192
Other	604.796	282.522	15.895	564.301
Total	3.719.046	894.077	48.680	2.433.408

⁽¹⁾ Non-performing loans; are the loans that either overdue more than 90 days as of the reporting date or are treated as impaired due to their creditworthiness. For such loans, "specific provisions" are allocated as per the Provisioning Regulation.

⁽²⁾ Overdue Loans; are the loans that overdue up to 90 days but not non-performing loans. For such loans, "general loan provisions" are allocated as per the Provisioning Regulation. Accruals are not included in the table above.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

II. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED CREDIT RISK (continued)

Information about value adjustments and changes in the loan impairment:

		Provision			
	The	amounts set	The cancelation		
	opening	aside during	of the	Other	Close out
Current Period	balance	the period	provisions	adjustments	balance
1. Specific Provisions	2.433.408	864.690	125.334	(47)	3.172.717
2. General Provisions	1.277.829	291.794	430.333	-	1.139.290

	The opening	Provision amounts set aside during	The cancelation of the	Other	Close out
Prior Period	balance	the period		adjustments	balance
1. Specific Provisions	1.827.528	879.361	273.481	-	2.433.408
2. General Provisions	1.142.413	135.445	29	-	1.277.829

The table below shows the maximum risk exposure to credit risk for the components of the financial statements.

Gross Maximum Exposure	Current Period	Prior Period
Cash (cash in vault, foreign currency cash, money in transit,		
cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of		
Turkey	23.500.539	19.331.801
Due from banks	2.617.651	1.458.532
Money Market Receivables	53.874	302.107
Financial Assets at Fair Value through profit or loss	336.189	218.646
Financial Assets Available for Sale	11.418.210	9.168.734
Held to maturity Investments	16.904.877	17.869.082
Loans	127.219.551	101.831.153
Finance Lease Receivables (Net)	2.204.752	1.902.536
Factoring Receivables	486.885	361.345
Total	184.742.528	152.443.936
Contingent Liabilities	40.037.226	32.865.941
Commitments	22.041.303	19.899.363
Total	62.078.529	52.765.304
Total Credit Risk Exposure	246.821.057	205.209.240

Over due and individually impaired assets are not available in due from banks, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, financial assets available for sale and held to maturity investments.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

II. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED CREDIT RISK (continued)

Corporate and	Internal/External		Entrepreneur	Internal/External	
Commercial Loans	Valuation Grade	Total	Firms	Valuation Grade	Total
Risk rating group 1	AAA	145.630	High		
Risk rating group 2	AA	5.444.182	Risk rating group 1	1	2.413.697
Risk rating group 3	A	12.093.621	Risk rating group 2	2	2.721.949
Risk rating group 4	BBB	13.832.579	Standard		
Risk rating group 5	BB	19.745.720	Risk rating group 3	3	2.403.499
Risk rating group 6	В	20.837.666	Risk rating group 4	4	3.217.861
Risk rating group 7	CCC	11.184.294	Risk rating group 5	5	5.111.963
Risk rating group 8	CC	1.095.319	Below the standard		
Risk rating group 9	C	17.281.502	Risk rating group 6	6	7.749.367
			Risk rating group 7	7	6.865.732
Total		101.660.513	Total		30.484.068

Prepared in accordance with the internal grading results of the Parent Bank

⁽²⁾ Includes the total of cash and non cash loans.

Risk Grade	Risk		Risk Grade
(1-4)	Group	Definition of risk group	(%)
		The firm is an extremely positive firm with its financial and non financial criteria and it can pursue its high	
1,00 - 1,40	AAA	credibility in the long run.	100 -86
		The firm is a positive firm with its financial and non financial criteria and it can pursue its high credibility in	
1,41 - 1,80	AA	the long run.	85 -73
		The firm that has performed its optimization and has a high credibility in the short run and is a credible firm	
1,81 - 2,00	A	in the medium run.	72 - 67
		The firm is a credible firm despite the fact that it cannot perform the optimization certain aspects of its	
2,01 - 2,20	BBB	financial and non financial criteria.	66 - 60
		The firm cannot retain optimization in the major parts of its financials and non financial criteria. It has	
2,21 - 2,40	BB	speculative attributes but it's a credible firm in the short run.	59 - 53
		Some of the financial and non financial criteria are negative. It carries highly speculative attributes. In the	
2,41 - 2,60	В	short run it is a credible firm dependent on the positive conjecture.	52 - 47
		The major part of its financial and non financial criteria is negative and the firm is having difficulties in	
2,61 - 2,80	CCC	meetings its commitments. But it has guaranteed short run credibility dependent on the positive conjecture.	46 - 40
<u> </u>		The firm force acceptable risk limits when it's financial and non financial criteria considered together, and	
2,81 - 3,20	CC	have poor credibility.	39 - 27
3,21 - 3,60	С	The firm has no credibility when its financial and non financial criteria considered together	26 - 13
3,61 - 4,00	D	The firm has no credibility under any condition.	12 - 0

Entrepreneur Loans Decision Module ("GKKM") is the rating module which is used for assessment of loan applications of companies which are classified by the Parent Bank as a small and medium sized enterprises (SME) Customers within the SME in GKKM are evaluated by both qualitative and quantitative characteristics of firm, the size of endorsement and requested amount of loan before bank creates score card forms for each customers Score card which categorize firms according to their risk, includes 1 to 7 rating group and 1 has the lowest risk. Guarantees for companies that can be assessed by GKKM, converted into cash during the time it takes to prevent probable loss of value and the conversion process is divided into two main groups according to the criteria. The conversion of cash collateral to compensate for any losses in a margin, "Liquid Collateral Value" is referred to as the facility where the customer the amount of collateral to be determined by risk group, and the collateral value of the liquid.

Carrying amount per class of financial assets whose terms have been renegotiated:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Loans ^{(1), (2)}		
Corporate Loans	73.375	80.479
SME Loans	12.054	17.989
Consumer Loans	13.824	12.265
Other	-	64
Total	99.253	110.797

⁽¹⁾Accruals are not included to the table above.

⁽²⁾Presents loans accounted under in restructured or rescheduled loan accounts.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

II. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED CREDIT RISK (continued)

The net value and type of collaterals of the loans amounting TRY 3.460.287 followed under loans and other receivables under close monitoring section is below: (31 December 2014: TRY 1.588.045).

		Net Value of
	Net Value of Collateral	Collateral Prior
Collateral Types	Current Period	Period
Real estate mortgage	1.643.306	959.346
Salary pledge, vehicle pledge and pledge of		
commercial undertaking	115.919	80.652
Financial collaterals (cash, securities pledge, etc.)	566	387
Cheque /bills	61.345	24.246
Suretyship	1.307.826	353.289
Other	331.325	170.125
Total	3.460.287	1.588.045

⁽¹⁾ The collaterals are considered through comparison of the net value of collateral on appraisal reports less the third party receivables having priority with the collateral. Lower of the collateral amount or the loan amount is considered in the table above.

The net value and type of collaterals belongs to loans amounted TRY 4.189.536 followed under non performing loans section is below: (31 December 2014: TRY 3.719.046)

Collateral Types	Net Value of Collateral Current Period ⁽¹⁾	Net Value of Collateral Prior Period
Cash	1.291	448
Mortgage	947.098	839.526
Pledge	206.789	181.137
Cheque, bills	43.175	4.955
Suretyship	2.178.702	1.967.625
Other ⁽²⁾	812.481	725.355
Total	4.189.536	3.719.046

⁽¹⁾ The collaterals are considered through comparison of the net value of collateral on appraisal reports less the third party receivables having priority with the collateral. Lower of the collateral amount or the loan amount is considered in the table above.

⁽²⁾ Income accruals amounting to TRY 44.463 (31 December 2014: TRY 20.166) are not included in the table.

⁽²⁾ Comprised of share certificates, blockage on receivables and salaries, uncollateralized, etc.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

III. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED MARKET RISK

In accordance with the Group's risk management policy framework to avoid the effect of market risk, the Bank has determined the management activities and has taken necessary precautions within the framework of "Regulation On Measurement and Evaluation Of Capital Adequacy Of Banks" published in Official Journal No 29111 of 6 September 2014 by.

The Parent Bank's Board of Directors set the risk limits by taking into account the Group's main risk factors and these limits are periodically revised in accordance with the market conditions and the Group's strategies. Furthermore, the Board of Directors ensure that, the necessary measures to be taken by risk management department and all other executives in respect of defining, measuring, monitoring and managing the risks exposed by the Group. The VAR based limits that are determined by the Board of Directors and the denominated interest rate risk of the Group's is limited to certain percentage of the shareholders' equity.

In accordance with "Regulation on Measurement and Evaluation of Capital Adequacy of Banks", the Group's possibility of loss that may cause due to the general market risk, currency risk, specific risk, commodity risk, clearing risk and counterparty credit risk is calculated by using the standard method. The following table discloses the amounts that are calculated using the standard method.

The Value at Risk (VaR) that is calculated by using internal model methods besides standard method is validated by scenario analysis and stress tests. The VaR is calculated daily by using historical simulation and parametric approach and the results are reported the Executives.

a) Information related to consolidated market risk:

	Current	Prior
	Period	Period
(I) Capital requirement to be employed for general market risk	297.857	193.635
(II) Capital requirement to be employed for specific risk	75.855	39.666
(III) Capital requirement to be employed for specific risk in securitization positions-		
Standard Method	-	-
(IV)Capital requirement to be employed for currency risk	159.123	20.215
(V)Capital requirement to be employed for commodity risk	-	-
(VI)Capital requirement to be employed for clearing risk	-	-
(VII)Total capital requirement to be employed for counterparty credit risk-Standard		
method	542	576
(VIII)Capital requirement to be employed for general market risk.	19.305	11.637
(IX) Total capital requirement to be employed for market risk	-	-
(X) Amount subject to market risk (I+II+III+IV+V+VI+VII+VIII)	552.682	265.729
(XI) Market Value at Risk (12,5 x IX) or (12,5 x X)	6.908.525	3.321.613

b) The Group's average market risk calculated as of the end of months in the related period:

	Current Period			Prior Period		
	Average	Maximum	Minimum	Average	Maximum	Minimum
Interest Rate Risk	303.179	353.127	228.555	235.930	252.536	215.272
Share Risk	11.557	47.312	4.790	3.945	7.602	648
Currency Risk	46.166	159.123	17.177	39.161	107.288	20.215
Commodity Risk	-	-	-	-	-	-
Settlement Risk	-	-	-	-	-	-
Options Risk	837	1.926	497	1.056	2.538	350
Counterparty Credit Risk	16.848	20.256	11.646	7.075	11.637	4.566
Amount Subject to Total Risk	378.587	581.744	262.665	287.167	381.601	241.051

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

III. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED MARKET RISK

Information about counterparty risk:

Counterparty credit risk is the risk that the counterparty to a transaction could default before the transaction's cash flows.

Over the counter derivatives, Credit Derivatives, Securities Financing Transactions, Long Settlement Transactions, Margin Lending Transactions are subject to counterparty credit risk calculations.

The Group uses current exposure method in the calculation process of counterparty credit risk. The comprehensive financial collateral and simple financial collateral approaches are taken into account in the calculation process of counterparty credit risk of repo style transactions for trading and banking book activities, respectively.

Under the current exposure method, the Group calculates the current replacement cost by marking contracts to market, thus capturing the current exposure without any need for estimation, and then adding a factor ("add on") to reflect the potential future exposure over the remaining life of the contract.

The contracts made according to the attribute of the transaction are evaluated by taking into account ISDA and CSA frame for derivative transactions, GMRA frame for repurchase agreements. The risk is mitigated by receiving cash or other forms of collateral. In secured lending and repo transactions, the haircut amounts are reduced from the counterparty's limits.

The Bank does not take part in transactions and contracts requiring extra collateral in accordance with possible changes of credit rating. Especially, in the process of signing ISDA, CSA and GMRA contracts related to treasury transactions, it is cared about not accepting the conditional statements and invalidation of the contracts due to the reduction of Bank's rating.

Possible falls or rises in rating affects the current replacement cost, margin call agreements are used as a risk mitigator.

Gross positive fair value of contracts, the securities which are held and the net position of derivatives are disclosed below.

	Amount ⁽¹⁾
Contracts based on Interest rate	4.080.180
Contracts based on currency	8.451.789
Contracts based on commodity	-
Contracts based on stocks	-
Other	-
Gross Positive Fair Value	3.861.905
Benefits of clarification	-
Clarified current risk amount	-
The securities which are held	-
The net position of derivatives	151.195

⁽¹⁾ Counterparty risk related to the trading accounts is included.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

IV. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE OPERATIONAL RISK

In the calculation of the Group's operational risk, the "Basic Indicator Method" is used. The amount subject to operational risk is calculated once a year in accordance with the Regulation on "Measurement and Assessment of the Capital Adequacy of Banks" published in the Official Gazette numbered 29111 on 6 September 2014. In the Basic Indicator Method, the amount subject to operational risk is calculated by multiplying 15% of the Group's average gross revenue over the previous three years with 12,5. Amount subject to operational risk is TRY 12.041.060 for the current period. (31 December 2014: TRY 10.946.889)

				Total / Total number of years		
	2 PP	1 PP	CD	for which gross	Rate	
	Value	Value	Value	income is positive	(%)	Total
Gross Income	6.260.887	6.469.646	6.535.163	6.421.899	15	963.285
Amount subject to						
operational risk (Total*12,5)						12.041.060

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

V. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED CURRENCY RISK

Foreign currency risk indicates the probability of loss that banks are subject to due to the exchange rate movements in the market. While calculating the share capital requirement, all foreign currency assets, liabilities and forward transactions of the Group are taken into consideration. Net short term and long term positions of each currency are calculated in terms of the Turkish Lira.

In accordance with "Regulation On Measurement and Evaluation of Capital Adequacy of Banks", the foreign currency position risk of the Group is measured by "standard method" and is calculated daily and is reported monthly. Also VAR based values and limits are reported to the Executives on a daily basis by using internal model methods. The currency risk has been closely followed. The Parent Bank makes derivative transactions against the currency risk, in case of need.

Announced current foreign exchange buying rates of the Parent Bank as at 31 December 2015 and the previous five working days in full TRY are as follows:

	24.12.2015	25.12.2015	28.12.2015	29.12.2015	30.12.2015	31.12.2015
USD	2,9000000	2,8900000	2,8800000	2,8800000	2,8900000	2,9000000
CHF	2,9308000	2,9229000	2,9093000	2,8996000	2,9144000	2,9033000
GBP	4,3205000	4,3092000	4,2853000	4,2541000	4,2813000	4,2902000
JPY	0,0240592	0,0239823	0,0238953	0,0238854	0,0239385	0,0240572
EURO	3,1720000	3,1628000	3,1605000	3,1451000	3,1530000	3,1551000

The simple arithmetic averages of the major current foreign exchange buying rates of the Parent Bank for the thirty days before 31 December 2015 are as follows:

	Monthly average
USD	2,8926087
CHF	2,9054043
GBP	4,3286565
JPY	0,0237570
EURO	3,1495304

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

V. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED CURRENCY RISK (continued)

Information related to the consolidated currency risk:

Current Period	EURO	USD	OTER FC	TOTAL
Assets				
Cash (cash in vault, foreign currency cash, money in transit,				
cheques purchased, precious metals) and balances with the	2.040.000	12 100 700	2 001 522	10 161 100
Central Bank of Turkey	2.849.880	13.409.708	2.901.532	19.161.120
Banks	2.078.425	288.936	173.190	2.540.551
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss ⁽³⁾	89.043	166.466	817	256.326
Money market placements	-	-	33.101	33.101
Financial assets available-for-sale	957.133	2.975.675	124.197	4.057.005
Loans ⁽²⁾	17.220.659	23.732.797	910.834	41.864.290
Subsidiaries, associates and entities under common control	242.037	-	-	242.037
Held-to-maturity investments	10.728	1.931.468	171.633	2.113.829
Derivative financial assets held for risk management	-	-	-	-
Tangible assets	-	-	57.746	57.746
Intangible assets	-	-	-	-
Other assets ⁽³⁾	1.113.900	965.936	48.478	2.128.314
Total assets	24.561.805	43.470.986	4.421.528	72.454.319
X - 1 100				
Liabilities Park denseits	2.609.967	3.464.758	1.094.569	7.169.294
Bank deposits				
Foreign currency deposits	14.828.856	19.738.567	1.959.326	36.526.749
Money market balances	7.001.602	728.499	-	728.499
Funds provided from other financial institutions	7.801.692	12.984.388	43.138	20.829.218
Bonds issued	-	7.339.847	-	7.339.847
Sundry creditors	53.741	145.829	2.636	202.206
Derivative financial liabilities held for risk management	-	-	-	-
Other liabilities ⁽³⁾	260.937	247.613	131.138	639.688
Total liabilities	25.555.193	44.649.501	3.230.807	73.435.501
Net balance sheet position	(993.388)	(1.178.515)	1.190.721	(981.182)
Net off-balance sheet position	1.222.555	1.201.139	(937.097)	1.486.597
Financial derivative assets ⁽⁴⁾	2.200.997	4.318.311	1.300.229	7.819.537
Financial derivative liabilities ⁽⁴⁾	978.442	3.117.172	2.237.326	6.332.940
Non-cash loans ⁽¹⁾	6.417.859	16.013.743	950.945	23.382.547
Prior period				
Total assets	15.608.806	33.502.132	3.503.692	52.614.630
Total liabilities	24.138.532	25.397.415	2.826.586	52.362.533
Net balance sheet position	(8.529.726)	8.104.717	677.106	252.097
	,			
Net off-balance sheet position	8.889.357	(7.880.918)	(536.675)	471.764
Financial derivative assets	9.614.242	2.857.612	682.364	13.154.218
Financial derivative liabilities	724.885	10.738.530	1.219.039	12.682.454
Non-cash loans ⁽¹⁾	4.426.846	12.734.159	639.589	17.800.594

⁽¹⁾ Non-cash loans are not included in the off-balance sheet position items.

⁽²⁾ Includes TRY 1.534.159 of foreign currency indexed loans and their accruals. (31 December 2014: 1.047.457 TL)

⁽³⁾ In accordance with the principles of the "Regulation on Measurement and Practices of Banks' Net Overall FC Position / Shareholders' Equity Ratio on a Consolidated and Unconsolidated Basis", derivative financial instruments foreign currency income accruals (TRY 30.776), foreign currency intangible assets (TRY 17.776), prepaid expenses (TRY 287) in assets; and derivative financial instruments foreign currency expense accruals (TRY 26.998) and shareholders' equity (TRY 74.269) and foreign currency minority shares (TRY 25.649) in liabilities are not taken into consideration in the currency risk measurement.

⁽⁴⁾ Receivables from derivative financial instruments include precious metal purchase transactions which amount to TRY 15.278; and derivative transaction liabilities from financial instruments include precious metal sale transactions which amount to TRY 1.734.898.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

V. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED CURRENCY RISK (continued)

Foreign currency sensitivity:

The Group is exposed to currency risk in EURO and USD terms in balance sheet and also utilizes from derivative instruments in order to compensate for currency risk.

The following table sets the Group's sensitivity to a 10% increase and decrease in the TRY against USD, EURO and the other foreign currencies. 10% sensitivity rate used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management and represents the Parent Bank's management of assessment of the possible change in foreign exchange rates. Negative amounts represent value decrease in profit and loss or shareholders' equity due to 10% decrease in value of TRY against EURO or USD.

	Change in currency rate in			
	%	Effect on profit /loss before taxation		
		Current period	Prior period	
USD	% 10 increase	2.262	22.380	
EURO	% 10 increase	22.917	35.963	
Other	% 10 increase	25.362	14.043	

The Group's sensitivity to foreign currency rates has increased due to the change of foreign currency position in the current period.

VI. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTEREST RATE RISK

Interest rate sensitivity of assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet items are measured by the Group. The Group's interest rate risk is calculated using the general and specific interest rate risk tables in the standard method including the assets and liabilities and is considered as a part of the general market risk in the calculation of the capital adequacy standard ratio.

The priority of the Parent Bank's risk management department is to avoid the effects of the interest rate volatility. Sensitivity analysis performed within this context is calculated by the risk management department and reported to the Asset-Liability Committee.

Simulations on interest income are performed in connection with the forecasted economic indicators used in the budgeting process of the Parent Bank. The effects of the fluctuations in the market interest rates on the financial position and on the cash flows are minimized by revising budget targets. The Parent Bank's funding costs of TRY and foreign exchange deposits, repurchase agreements are determined by the Treasury Vice Presidency.

The Bank assesses the probability of any significant losses which can be caused by interest rate risk exposure as low.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

VI. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTEREST RATE RISK (continued)

1. Information related to the interest rate sensitivity of assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet items based on re-pricing dates:

	Up to 1	1-3	3-12		5 years and		
Current period	month	months	Months	1-5 years	over	bearing	Total
Assets							
Cash (cash in vault, foreign currency cash,							
money in transit, cheques purchased,							
precious metals) and balances with the							
Central Bank of Turkey	16.755.948	-	-	-	-	6.744.591	23.500.539
Banks and financial institutions	798.714	51.765	-	-	-	1.767.172	2.617.651
Financial assets at fair value through profit							
and loss	247.364	25.553	33.349	269	5.144	27.828	339.507
Money market placements	33.101	20.773	-	-	-	-	53.874
Financial assets available-for-sale	2.359.097	529.117	1.645.419	2.436.137	4.448.231	117.142	11.535.143
Loans	44.877.032	17.838.272	33.895.040	23.210.103	4.329.749	2.052.536	126.202.732
Held-to-maturity investments	7.732.528	761.017	1.352.000	2.154.709	4.904.623	-	16.904.877
Other assets ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	1.016.183	221.785	593.799	1.488.452	163.986	6.362.962	9.847.167
Total assets	73.819.967	19.448.282	37.519.607	29.289.670	13.851.733	17.072.231	191.001.490
Liabilities							
	8.427.245	2.409.694	525.038			3.328.873	14.690.850
Bank deposits	56.054.414			478.726	22.424		107.813.534
Other deposits		27.198.528	6.642.534	4/8./20	22.424	17.416.908	
Money market balances	7.823.894 986.732	632.063	1.001.111	118.869	-	259.022	8.455.957 2.398.744
Sundry creditors Bonds issued	986.732 47.656	33.100 707.800	858.861	5.781.652	1.444.591	258.932	2.398.744 8.840.560
	47.030	/0/.800	858.861	5./81.052	1.444.591	-	8.840.360
Funds provided from other financial institutions ⁽⁴⁾	1.219.171	4.536.538	11.529.545	4.612.874	245 262	347	22.143.737
Other liabilities ⁽³⁾	2.215.332		860.918		245.262		
		189.464		4.745	1 712 277	23.387.649	26.658.108
Total liabilities	76.774.444	35.707.187	21.418.007	10.996.866	1.712.277	44.392.709	191.001.490
Balance sheet long position	_	_	16.101.600	18.292.804	12.139.456	_	46.533.860
Balance sheet short position	(2.954.477)	(16.258.905)	_	_		(27.320.478)	(46.533.860)
	<u> </u>	()				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Off-balance sheet long position	-	764.369	612.369	1.332.390	1.346.914	-	4.056.042
Off-balance sheet short position	-	(619.754)	(627.927)	(1.565.778)	(1.319.421)	_	(4.132.880)
Total position	(2.954.477)	(16.114.290)	16.086.042	18.059.416	12.166.949	(27.320.478)	(76.838)

⁽¹⁾ TRY 49.703 of deferred tax assets is disclosed under the non interest bearing column in other assets and TRY 72.567 of deferred tax liability is disclosed under the non interest bearing column in other liabilities.

⁽²⁾ TRY 1.016.819 of non-performing loans with no specific provision are disclosed under the non-interest bearing column in other assets.

⁽³⁾ Shareholders' equity balance is disclosed under the non-interest bearing column in other liabilities line.

⁽⁴⁾ Funds provided from other financial institutions include borrowings.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

VI. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTEREST RATE RISK (continued)

1. Information related to the interest rate sensitivity of assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet items based on repricing dates (continued):

	Up to 1	1-3	3-12		5 years and	Non-interest	
Prior period	month	months	months	1-5 years	over	bearing	Total
Assets							
Cash (cash in vault, foreign currency cash,							
money in transit, cheques purchased,							
precious metals) and balances with the							
Central Bank of Turkey	3.444.506	-	-	-	-	16.887.430	20.331.936
Banks and financial institutions	991.784	83.812	14.542	-	-	368.394	1.458.532
Financial assets at fair value through profit							
and loss	38.601	16.701	25.256	23.732	16	121.674	225.980
Money market placements	4.443	297.664	-	-	-	-	302.107
Financial assets available-for-sale	2.071.065	674.342	1.728.516	1.613.663	3.081.148	27.113	9.195.847
Loans	35.277.234	14.636.538	21.655.481	22.640.849	3.401.042	2.934.371	100.545.515
Held-to-maturity investments	8.456.256	517.854	2.167.358	2.216.886	4.510.728	-	17.869.082
Other assets ^{(1),(2)}	95.155	221.542	723.584	1.395.715	146.015	4.843.251	7.425.262
Total assets	50.379.044	16.448.453	26.314.737	27.890.845	11.138.949	25.182.233	157.354.261
Liabilities	0.000.405	2 255 002	201 150			~ 44.4.5.50	15 100 515
Bank deposits	9.289.406	2.277.003	201.468		-	5.414.668	17.182.545
Other deposits	43.066.190	18.922.779	7.932.795	325.437	672	16.223.732	86.471.605
Money market balances	8.181.354	584.583	-	-	-	-	8.765.937
Sundry creditors	924.232	39.744	979.976	25.219		120.361	2.089.532
Bonds issued	68.912	491.227	950.550	2.865.352	1.715.353	-	6.091.394
Funds provided from other financial							
institutions ⁽⁴⁾	1.294.679	4.868.097	5.336.585	2.339.739	334.591	8.083	14.181.774
Other liabilities ⁽³⁾	1.925.178	175.644	1.382.168	8.304	-	19.080.180	22.571.474
Total liabilities	64.749.951	27.359.077	16.783.542	5.564.051	2.050.616	40.847.024	157.354.261
Balance sheet long position			9.531.195	22.326.794	9.088.333		40.946.322
U 1	(14.370.907)	(10.010.624)	9.331.193	22.320.794	9.000.333	(15.664.791)	(40.946.322)
Balance sheet short position	(14.370.907)	(10.910.024)				(13.004.791)	(40.940.322)
Off-balance sheet long position	115.011	840.031	33.634	426.575	_	-	1.415.251
Off-balance sheet short position	1.456	561.724	29.256	426.167	_	_	1.018.603
Total position	(14.254.440)	(9.508.869)	9.594.085	23.179.536	9.088.333	(15.664.791)	2.433.854

⁽¹⁾ TRY 309.467 of deferred tax assets is disclosed under the non interest bearing column in other assets and TRY 4.474 of deferred tax liability is disclosed under the non interest bearing column in other liabilities.

⁽²⁾ TRY 1.285.638 of non-performing loans with no specific provision are disclosed under the non-interest bearing column in other assets.

⁽³⁾ Shareholders' equity balance is disclosed under the non-interest bearing column in other liabilities line.

⁽⁴⁾ Funds provided from other financial institutions include borrowings.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

VI. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTEREST RATE RISK (continued)

2. Average interest rates applied to financial instruments:

Current period	EURO	USD	JPY	TRY
Assets				
Cash (cash in vault, foreign currency cash, money in				
transit, cheques purchased) and balances with the				
Central Bank of Turkey (5)	-	0,22	-	2,07
Due from other banks and financial institutions ⁽¹⁾	0,15	0,20	-	11,80
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	-	2,03	-	10,44
Money market placements	_	-	-	-
Available-for-sale financial assets	5,26	5,49	-	12,26
Loans ⁽²⁾	4,26	5,13	-	12,47
Held-to-maturity investments	_	5,91	-	15,15
Liabilities				
Bank deposits	0,61	2,28	-	13,27
Other deposits (4)	1,49	2,00	0,25	10,92
Money market borrowings	-	1,44	-	8,76
Sundry creditors ⁽³⁾	-	-	-	4,75
Bonds issued	_	4,53	-	10,72
Funds provided from other financial institutions ⁽⁴⁾	0,86	1,82	-	7,24

Prior Period	EURO	USD	JPY	TRY
Assets				
Cash (cash in vault, foreign currency cash, money in				
transit, cheques purchased) and balances with the				
Central Bank of Turkey	0,50	-	-	3,50
Due from other banks and financial institutions	0,71	0,16	-	10,07
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	-	1,71	-	8,68
Money market placements	-	-	-	-
Available-for-sale financial assets	5,29	5,63	-	9,03
Loans	4,55	4,78	-	11,64
Held-to-maturity investments		5,80	-	8,86
Liabilities				
Bank deposits	0,40	0,80	-	9,59
Other deposits	1,87	2,13	0,25	9,03
Money market borrowings	-	0,95	-	9,18
Sundry creditors	-	-	-	3,56
Bonds issued	-	4,47	-	8,84
Funds provided from other financial institutions	0,50	1,57	-	7,33

⁽¹⁾ Interest rates are calculated using weighted average method for money placement amounts as of balance sheet date.

⁽²⁾ Interest rates are calculated using weighted average method for loans given as of balance sheet date.

⁽³⁾ Declared maximum deposits interest rate with a maturity of twelve months as of 31 December 2015.

⁽⁴⁾ Customer based calculated stock interest rates are applied to TRY and FC deposits as of 31 December 2015.

⁽⁵⁾ Required reserve ratio of the Central Bank of TRNC and Central Bank of Macedonia.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

VI. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTEREST RATE RISK (continued)

3. The interest rate risk of the banking book items:

The Parent Bank's standard interest rate shock methods are being used on a daily basis in respect of measuring the risk arising from repricing mismatch of asset and liability items. The duration within the limits are determined by BRSA that obtained from the calculation intended for demand deposits by using core deposit and duration analysis is taken into account.

The interest rate risk of the banking book items is calculated by taking into account the worst ratio for the Parent Bank among the calculated ratios by dividing the total of the differences in terms of maturities and currencies with the shareholders' equity. The mentioned difference is the difference between the net position amounts which are derived from the cash flows of the onbalance and off-balance sheet positions included in the interest sensitive banking book items discounted by the ratios derived from the application of positive and negative shocks, and the net position amounts which are discounted by the ratios without applying the shocks. The maximum limit regarding the economic value change is 20% of shareholders' equity.

While maturity distribution of the related cash flows, remaining maturities are taken into account for fixed rate instruments and repricing dates are taken into account for flexible interest instruments. Non-performing loans are placed to relevant maturity periods except demand time interval that are not than not be less than six months by taking into account receiving durations are receivables ratios under other receivables and estimated receiving durations. Foreign currency indexed asset and liabilities are placed to related forms by taking into accounts their indexed currency types.

In defining the maturity of demand deposits, average durations which are calculated by statistical analysis are being used.

The impact on financial statements regarding interest rate instabilities stated below as divided by the Parent Bank's different currencies.

Current	Dariad

	Currency	Applied Shock (+/- x basis points)	Gains/ Losses	Gains/Shareholders' Equity – Losses/ Shareholders' Equity
1	TRY	500	(2.222.523)	(10,88%)
		(200)	2.256.145	11,04%
2	EURO	400	288.034	1,41%
		(200)	(313.850)	(1,54%)
3	USD	400	124.102	0,61%
		(200)	(11.649)	(0.06%)
	Total (For negative shocks)		(1.810.387)	(8,86%)
	Total (For positive shocks)		1.930.646	9,45%

Prior Period

		Applied Shock	Gains/ Losses	Gains/Shareholders' Equity –
	Currency	(+/- x basis points)		Losses/ Shareholders' Equity
1	TRY	500	(2.441.325)	(14,11%)
		(400)	2.533.249	14,64%
2	EURO	200	439.085	2,54%
		(200)	(476.404)	(2,75%)
3	USD	200	74.447	0,43%
		(200)	29.202	(0,17%)
	Total (For negative shocks)		(1.927.793)	(11,14%)
	Total (For positive shocks)		2.086.047	12,06%

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

VII. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED POSITION RISK OF SHARES

Information about position risk of shares:

	Comparison					
Equities	Balance Sheet Value	Fair Value Change	Market Value			
1. Associates	264.031	208.237				
Quoted in a stock exchange	-	-				
Unquoted in a stock exchange	$264.031^{(1)}$	208.237				
2. Subsidiaries	38.029	38.029				
Quoted in a stock exchange	-	-				
Unquoted in a stock exchange	38.029	38.029				

⁽¹⁾ The amount of TRY 264.031 includes, TRY 6.320 amounted associates accounted under equity method and TRY 257.711 amounted associates which is shown at cost value.

Realized gains/losses, revaluation surpluses and unrealized gains/losses on equity securities and results included in core and supplementary capitals:

			ed appreciation n the fair value	Uni	and losses	
Portfolio	Realized gains (losses) in the current period	Total	Included to core capital	Total	Included to total core capital	Included to core capital
1. Private equity						
investments	-	-	-	-	-	-
2. Share Certificates quoted in a stock						
exchange	-	-	-	-	-	-
3. Other share certificates	-	9.155	9.155	-	-	-
Total	-	9.155	9.155	-	-	-

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

VIII. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED LIQUIDITY RISK AND LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO

The liquidity risk occurs when there is insufficient cash or cash inflows to meet the cash outflows fully and timely. Liquidity risk may also occur when the market penetration is not adequate, when the open position cannot be closed immediately at the suitable prices in sufficient amounts due to barriers and break-ups in the markets.

To detect liquidity risk, Bank Liquidity Emergency Action Plan (LAEP) has been formed . Cash flow analysis methods include commission totals and tax totals, besides initial capital interest totals. The sections that are in the balance sheet are monitored by Risk Management Department Head and include the days until maturity which are canalized to the maturity bands that are predetermined; the liquidity availability are then detected and liquidity analysis performed. Thus, quantification of liquidity risk gets established.

Purpose is to have the level of liquidity to meet its obligations and commitments, which are due under the Parent Bank liquidity planning program and aim to reach a reasonable cost with necessary liquidity. The liquidity risk measurement made under this purpose contains days that are left for maturity made on the basis of liquidity gap as well as the analysis of "Liquidity Emergency Plan (LAEP)" – projected ratios that are also followed in the former phrase. Short-term liquidity needs of the Parent Bank are satisfied via BIST Repo Market, Interbank Money Market, Interbank Money Market securities sales, TCMB Repo Market, the Central Bank Interbank, currency swaps, the use of reserve and reserve option coefficients (YP).

The top limits of the Parent Bank consist of the following: max lending amount of TL and YP category on all maturity in interbank OTC markets, the upper limit of repurchase and reverse repurchase transactions in TL and YP category on all maturity in the interbank OTC markets, the maximum foreign exchange position limits that can be moved, and finally; the upper limit relating to forward and swap transactions was determined on the that the whole term of TL and foreign currency denominated, forward and the upper limit relating to swap transactions was determined.

The extension of the maturity structure of term deposits reflects the primary funding source for the Parent Bank; the development of new products that encourage saving and the protection of core deposit levels have been implemented as a strategic objective. Limits have been determined for exportation of bonds based on Turkish Liras to provide long term resource allocation; besides deposit, maturity structure extension of passives was established.

To benefit from new borrowing opportunities to meet the needs of the Parent Bank, in this context, is sourced from the price in the international capital markets / costs to be closely monitored and for the circumstances to be parallel to evaluation of alternative sources of funds.

Effective collateral management structure is provided by the reduction of liquidity risk. Our Bank participates in the organized markets (CBT, BIST and TAKASBANK). Debt upper limits are determined under certain criteria and balance sheet size by the relevant authorities. Open are the current limits to use our bank's current and anticipated liquidity needs to deposit additional collateral. Treasury Management Middle Office Operations are managed by the Treasury Department and monitored continuously.

Effects of macro size balance sheet changes or important changes of market data on Parent bank liquidity; based on legal liquidity ratio and according to liquidity emergency action plan, analysis is made on the effects of the ratios that are being followed.. Whether originated from the bank or the market, under the condition that the potential stress tests are applied, the legal and internal changes on liquidity ratio and their effects of Parent bank liquidity is quantified.

To show the ratio of withdrawal of interest-bearing deposits in the bank, deposit section of each foreign currency is analyzed through Deposit Analysis.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

VIII. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED LIQUIDITY RISK AND LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (continued)

According to the "Regulations on the Banks' Liquidity Coverage Ratio Calculation" published by the BDDK, calculated foreign currency and total liquidity coverage ratio are monitored to ensure that banks keep high levels of liquid assets to cover net cash outflows.

"Regulations on the Banks' Liquidity Coverage Ratio Calculation" by BDDK, calculated in accordance to "Liquidity Coverage Ratio" and "Liquidity Emergency Action Plan"; the coverage of the former is required for liquidity ratios and daily changes in these rates are monitored, then the information received is shared with the Audit Committee and the Asset-Liability Committee on a regularly basis.

Throughout the current period, bank's Liquidity Satisfactory Rate's lowest and highest values and the weeks which have held these values are portrayed in the table below:

Liquidity Minimum-Maximum

Liquidity Coverage FO		С	TRY+FC		
Ratio	Related Week	(%)	Related Week	(%)	
Maximum	October	252.34	October	112.90	
Minimum	December	160.20	November	86.87	

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

VIII. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED LIQUIDITY RISK AND LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (continued)

	Total Unweighted Value (average) (1)		Total Weighted Value (average) ⁽¹⁾	
Current Period	TL+FC	FC	TL+FC	FC
High Quality Liquid Assets				
High Quality Liquid Assets			36.483.530	22.619.177
Cash Outflows				
Retail and Small Business Customers, of which;	59.928.266	21.968.753	4.678.946	1.887.215
Stable Deposits	26.277.613	6.193.200	1.313.881	309.660
Less Stable Deposits	33.650.653	15.775.553	3.365.065	1.577.555
Unsecured wholesale funding , of which;	59.588.342	20.871.972	33.700.026	12.882.386
Operational Deposits	-	-	-	_
Non-operational Deposits	53.696.843	18.867.534	29.191.654	11.350.496
Other Unsecured Funding	5.891.499	2.004.438	4.508.372	1.531.890
Secured Funding			-	-
Other cash outflows, of which;	5.272.792	1.585.399	3.952.254	1.465.588
Derivatives cash outflow and liquidity needs related to market	2 071 905	1 205 714	2.071.905	1 205 714
valuation changes on derivatives or other transactions	3.071.895	1.385.714	3.071.895	1.385.714
Obligations related to structured financial products Commitments related to debts to financial markets and other off-	-	-	-	-
balance sheet obligations	2.200.897	199.685	880.359	79.874
Other revocable off-balance sheet commitments and contractual obligations.	-	-	-	-
Other irrevocable or conditionally revocable off-balance sheet obligations	53.179.861	22.395.598	4.724.560	2.171.561
Total Cash Outflows			47.055.786	18.406.750
Cash Inflows				
Secured Lending	16.643	11.311	_	_
Unsecured Lending	11.184.432	4.374.289	6.730.818	3.316.671
Other Cash Inflows	3.129.692	3.005.108	3.129.692	3.005.108
Total Cash Inflows	14.330.767	7.390.708	9.860.510	6.321.779
- 1100			•	
			Total Adjust	
Total HQLA Stock			36.483.530	22.619.177
Total Net Cash Outflows			37.195.276	12.084.971
Liquidity Coverage Ratio(%)			98,95	192,75

⁽¹⁾ To be calculated by simple arithmetic average, monthly consolidated average calculated for the last three months of the liquidity coverage ratio, also calculated are weekly simple average of the last three months of the liquidity coverage ratio by taking the arithmetic mean.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

VIII. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED LIQUIDITY RISK AND LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (continued)

	Total Unweighted Value (average) (1)		Total Weigh (averag	
Prior Period	TL+FC	FC	TL+FC	FC
High Quality Liquid Assets				
High Quality Liquid Assets			35.438.631	22.297.031
Cash Outflows				
Retail and Small Business Customers, of which;	58.596.750	21.806.376	4.428.323	1.797.964
Stable Deposits	28.627.040	7.653.473	1.431.352	382.674
Less Stable Deposits	29.969.710	14.152.903	2.996.971	1.415.290
Unsecured wholesale funding, of which;	52.432.775	20.953.520	30.612.056	12.939.001
Operational Deposits	-	-	-	-
Non-operational Deposits	45.560.236	17.278.871	25.932.338	10.491.694
Other Unsecured Funding	6.872.539	3.674.649	4.679.718	2.447.307
Secured Funding			-	-
Other cash outflows, of which;	7.237.337	847.269	5.849.805	677.241
Derivatives cash outflow and liquidity needs related to market valuation changes on derivatives or other transactions	4.924.784	563.889	4.924.784	563.889
Obligations related to structured financial products	-	-	-	-
Commitments related to debts to financial markets and other off- balance sheet obligations	2.312.553	283.380	925.021	113.352
Other revocable off-balance sheet commitments and contractual obligations.	-	-	-	-
Other irrevocable or conditionally revocable off-balance sheet obligations	45.597.344	22.622.372	3.963.700	2.190.428
Total Cash Outflows			44.853.884	17.604.634
Cash Inflows				
Secured Lending	18.339	14.625	-	-
Unsecured Lending	12.651.007	5.816.570	8.146.840	4.687.051
Other Cash Inflows	4.980.799	4.884.708	4.980.799	4.884.708
Total Cash Inflows	17.650.145	10.715.903	13.127.639	9.571.759
			Total Adjus	ted Value
Total HQLA Stock			35.438.631	22.297.031
Total Net Cash Outflows			31.726.245	8.032.875
Liquidity Coverage Ratio(%)			112,07	313,23

⁽¹⁾ To be calculated by simple arithmetic average, monthly consolidated average calculated for the last three months of the liquidity coverage ratio, also calculated are weekly simple average of the last three months of the liquidity coverage ratio by taking the arithmetic mean.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

VIII. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED LIQUIDITY RISK AND LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (continued)

1. Presentation of assets and liabilities according to their remaining maturities:

The Parent Bank follows up and measures the consistency of payments comparing its assets and liabilities with the interest rates on a daily and transactional basis.

		Up to 1	1-3	3-12	1-5	5 years and		<u> </u>
Current period	Demand	month	months	Months	years	over	Undistributed	Total
Assets								
Cash (cash in TRY, foreign currency cash,								
money in transit, cheques purchased,								
precious metals) and balances with the								
Central Bank of Turkey	6.442.160	4.722.218	7.400.316	4.763.830	120.582	269	51.164	23.500.539
Banks	1.756.514	839.928	633	-	-	475	20.101	2.617.651
Financial assets at fair value through profit								
and loss	9.094	18.535	97.350	162.255	48.953	2	3.318	339.507
Money market placements	33.101	20.773	-	-	-	-	-	53.874
Financial assets available-for-sale	-	138.213	326.186	589.280	4.055.050	6.309.482	116.932	11.535.143
Loans ⁽²⁾	1.461.769	7.150.008	9.465.212	39.613.982	54.228.091	14.279.908	3.762	126.202.732
Held-to-maturity investments	-	765.436	765.234	1.618.752	4.143.116	9.612.339	-	16.904.877
Other assets (3)	2.122.150	56.424	221.789	594.599	1.492.565	182.439	5.177.201	9.847.167
Total assets	11.824.788	13.711.535	18.276.720	47.342.698	64.088.357	30.384.914	5.372.478	191.001.490
Liabilities								
Bank deposits	3.328.873	8.427.813	2.409.126	525.038	-	-		14.690.850
Other deposits	17.599.960	56.005.036	27.097.314	6.591.511	511.874	7.839	-	107.813.534
Funds provided from other financial								
institutions (4)	37	812.985	2.651.138	11.023.415	5.689.030	1.966.879	253	22.143.737
Money market balances	-	7.823.894	632.063	-	-	-	-	8.455.957
Bonds issued	-	47.656	707.800	858.861	5.781.652	1.444.591	-	8.840.560
Sundry creditors	254.480	1.035.717	75.059	317.417	707.465	155	8.451	2.398.744
Other liabilities (1)	4.487.674	333.183	330.120	930.213	595.299	603.501	19.378.118	26.658.108
Total liabilities	25.671.024	74.486.284	33.902.620	20.246.455	13.285.320	4.022.965	19.386.822	191.001.490
	(12.016.026)	(60 == 4 = 40)	(4.5.4.5.000)	27.00 < 2.12	50 003 035	24.241.040	(11011011	
Liquidity gap	(13.846.236)	(60.774.749)	(15.625.900)	27.096.243	50.803.037	26.361.949	(14.014.344)	
Previous period								
Total assets	7.997.077	13.360.328	17.187.326	39.685.614	51.716.587	22.997.626	4 400 703	157.354.261
Total liabilities	25.106.051	63.249.857	23.963.749	15.384.296	9.355.376	3.961.867		157.354.261
Total liabilities	23.100.031	03.247.037	23.703.749	13.304.290	9.333.370	3.701.607	10.555.005	157.354.201
Liquidity gap	(17.108.974)	(49.889.529)	(6.776.423)	24.301.318	42.361.211	19.035.759	(11.923.362)	-

⁽¹⁾ Shareholders' equity is disclosed in other liabilities line under the undistributed column.

⁽²⁾ TRY 1.016.819 of non-performing loans with no specific provision, is disclosed in other assets line under the undistributed column.

⁽³⁾ Other asset items which are not expected to be converted into cash in short term but required for continuity of banking operations like tangible and intangible assets, office supply inventory, associates and subsidiaries, prepaid expenses, deferred tax assets and receivables from NPL are disclosed in other assets under the undistributed column.

⁽⁴⁾ Funds provided from other financial institutions include borrowings.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

VIII. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED LIQUIDITY RISK AND LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (continued)

Analysis of non-derivative financial liabilities by remaining contractual maturities:

	Up to one						
Current Period	month	1-3 Months	3-12 Months	1-5 Years	Over 5 Years	Adjustments	Total
Liabilities							
Deposits	85.549.835	29.814.711	7.292.681	531.220	7.839	(691.902)	122.504.384
Funds provided from other							
financial intuitions	814.497	2.667.550	11.165.398	5.880.670	2.064.916	(449.294)	22.143.737
Money market borrowings	7.832.684	634.574	-	-	-	(11.301)	8.455.957
Securities issued	53.016	723.544	1.052.216	6.630.355	1.479.029	(1.097.600)	8.840.560
Funds	568.336	127.139	132.675	603.780	634.541	(102.772)	1.963.699
Total	94.818.368	33.967.518	19.642.970	13.646.025	4.186.325	(2.352.869)	163.908.337

Prior Period	Up to one month	1-3 Months	3-12 Months	1-5 Years	Over 5 Years	Adjustments	Total
Liabilities							
Deposits	74.105.831	21.424.794	8.272.519	427.040	5.207	(581.241)	103.654.150
Funds provided from other							
financial intuitions	1.310.282	1.374.915	4.535.413	5.294.145	2.026.821	(359.802)	14.181.774
Money market borrowings	8.185.745	585.000	-	-	-	(4.808)	8.765.937
Securities issued	42.047	683.316	993.497	3.597.344	1.758.422	(983.232)	6.091.394
Funds	671.523	114.622	390.449	343.079	310.068	(60.450)	1.769.291
Total	84.315.428	24.182.647	14.191.878	9.661.608	4.100.518	(1.989.533)	134.462.546

Adjustments column represents the difference between the total expected cash flows and the carrying values of non-derivative financial liabilities.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

VIII. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED LIQUIDITY RISK AND LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (continued)

Analysis of the Group's derivative financial instruments according to their remaining maturities:

	Up to one	1-3	3-12		Over 5	
Current Period(1)	month	Months	Months	1-5 Years	Years	Total
Forwards Contracts- Buy	726.221	2.206.989	905.864	532.124	-	4.371.198
Forward Contracts – Sell	727.658	446.265	905.270	529.626	-	2.608.819
Swaps – Buy	3.381.020	491.953	106.570	438.820	-	4.418.363
Swaps – Sell	3.404.572	483.630	121.016	405.893	-	4.415.111
Credit Default Swap – Buy	-	-	-	-	-	-
Credit Default Swap – Sell	-	-	-	-	-	-
Forward Precious Metal – Buy	-	15.278	-	-	-	15.278
Forward Precious Metal – Sell	-	1.734.898	-	-	-	1.734.898
Money Buy Options	86.586	61.398	31.650	-	-	179.634
Money Sell Options	86.790	61.184	31.650	-	-	179.624
Swaps Interest – Buy	-	-	-	-	3.790.180	3.790.180
Swaps Interest – Sell	-	-	-	-	3.790.180	3.790.180
Total	8.412.847	5.501.595	2.102.020	1.906.463	7.580.360	25.503.285

⁽¹⁾TRY 481.678 amount of commitment for the forward sale and purchase of assets have been included in the table.

	Up to one	1-3	3-12		Over 5	
Prior Period ⁽¹⁾	month	Months	Months	1-5 Years	Years	Total
Forwards Contracts- Buy	447.863	924.736	735.850	1.306.080	-	3.414.529
Forward Contracts – Sell	445.641	100.785	735.784	1.255.610	-	2.537.820
Swaps – Buy	7.382.660	2.869.155	348.727	114.570	-	10.715.112
Swaps – Sell	7.460.853	2.915.569	345.286	90.745	-	10.812.453
Credit Default Swap – Buy	-	-	-	-	-	-
Credit Default Swap – Sell	-	-	-	-	-	-
Forward Precious Metal – Buy	-	2.445	-	-	-	2.445
Forward Precious Metal – Sell	-	805.714	-	-	-	805.714
Money Buy Options	48.581	45.967	62.172	-	-	156.720
Money Sell Options	48.579	45.967	62.172	-	-	156.718
Swaps Interest – Buy	-	-	-	-	933.143	933.143
Swaps Interest – Sell	-	-	-	-	933.143	933.143
Total	15.834.177	7.710.338	2.289.991	2.767.005	1.866.286	30.467.797

TRY 554.547 amount of commitment for the forward sale and purchase of assets have been included in the table.

IX. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED SECURITIZATION POSITIONS:

Securitization positions:

None.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

X. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED CREDIT RISK MITIGATION TECHNIQUES:

Credit risk mitigation techniques:

The Group does not apply any netting process on balance sheet and off balance sheet items. .

The risk mitigators that are used in credit process are stated below:

- Financial collaterals (Government securities, cash, deposit pledge, gold, stock pledge)
- Guarantees
- Mortgage (In the implementation of the Basel II, although, risk mortgage loans evaluated as a class, in terms of valuation methods and concentrations they are also given in this section).

The financial collaterals are revaluated by daily basis by the Parent Bank. The credibility of guarantors is monitored within the framework of credit revision periods.

The Bank reviews to reevaluate the value of the mortgages during the credit period.

Only Treasury and the Group's guarantees are taken into account as risk mitigator within the framework of BRSA regulations. Besides, the credibility of Banks is reviewed periodically.

The volatility of mortgage portfolio is monitored closely by the Group and the market fluctuations are considered in credit activities.

Standard volatility adjustments are taken into account regarding to portfolios in which comprehensive approach is used.

Information about guaranties according to risk classifications:

Risk Classifications	Amount	Financial guaranties	Other/Physical guaranties	Guarantees and credit derivatives
Contingent and Non-Contingent Receivables from Central Governments or				
Central Banks	47.714.758	6.168.814	-	-
Contingent and Non-Contingent Receivables from Regional Government or	1 074 472	22 400		
Domestic Government	1.074.473	23.480	-	-
Contingent and Non-Contingent Receivables from Administrative Units and Non-Commercial Enterprises	619.959	77.780		100
Contingent and Non-Contingent Receivables from Multilateral Development	019.939	77.760	-	100
Banks	_	_	_	_
Contingent and Non-Contingent Receivables from International Organizations	-	-	-	-
Contingent and Non-Contingent Receivables from Banks and Intermediaries	4.663.854	539.128	-	_
Contingent and Non-Contingent Corporate Receivables	67.003.874	2.132.274	-	19.785
Contingent and Non-Contingent Retail Receivables	41.549.469	1.838.116	-	44.647
Contingent and Non-Contingent Receivables Secured by Residential Property	32.818.466	27.615	-	-
Non-Performing Receivables	1.001.856	-	134.477	-
Receivables are identified as high risk by the Board	7.541.693	-	-	-
Secured Marketable Securities	-	-	-	_
Securitization Positions	_	_	_	_
Short-term Receivables and Short-term Corporate Receivables from Banks and				
Intermediaries	-	-	-	-
Investments as Collective Investment Institutions	-	-	-	-
Other Receivables	8.694.071	-	-	-
Total	212.682.473	10.807.207	134.477	64.532

^(*)In the determination of the amounts, the non-cash loans and other off-balance sheet items are taken into account after being multiplied by credit conversion rates.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

XI. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED RISK MANAGEMENT TARGET AND POLICIES:

Risk management target and policies:

Credit Risk:

The Parent Bank's credit authorization limits are defined with respect to Head Office, Regional Directories and Branch Basis. Credit origination and marketing activities are completely separated. The main point here is about to the Loan Department that related to credit expansion performance should not placed in loan granting process. Credit allocation monitoring processes are carried out by Credit Risk Monitoring Department which is an independent unit. The risk measurement activities are being carried out by the Risk Management Department which reports to Audit Committee directly.

In the process of credit assessment process, rating modules are used by the Group and risk mitigators are defined with respect to rating categories. Rating modules are subject to validation process and the discrimination power of the module is calculated periodically.

The expected loss amount is estimated by the Group and the Parent Bank analyses whether own funds will be able to compensate the loss. Furthermore, the effect of possible shocks is analyzed periodically by scenario analysis and stress tests.

The concentration limits are defined in respect of main and sub-sectors.

Overdue loans and their customer segmentations and sectors are periodically monitored.

Foreign Exchange Risk:

The Risk Management Department of the Parent Bank measures the foreign exchange risk of the Group.

The risks that arising from the exchange rate volatility are calculated by using either standard method or internal model methods by Risk Management Department on a daily basis.

The trading loss of the Group is restricted by using VaR based limits. Besides, stop loss limits are also defined for foreign exchange transactions. The Group defines limits with respect to the nominal short or long foreign exchange position.

Interest Rate Risk:

The activities regarding the measurement of the Group's interest rate risk are carried out by Risk Management Department.

The risks arising from the interest rate volatility are measured both for trading and banking book items. Whereas standardized method and internal models are used in the measurement process of trading items, standard interest rate shock method and duration analysis are used in the measurement process of banking book items.

The economic value decline which will be occurred due to the interest rate risk in the banking book is restricted by a certain percentage of shareholders' equity. Furthermore, the interest rate risk which will be raised from the trading book items is restricted by VaR based limits.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

XI. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED RISK MANAGEMENT TARGET AND POLICIES (continued)

Risk management target and policies (continued):

Liquidity Risk:

The Group's liquidity risk measurement activities are carried out by Risk Management Department.

Both BRSA and Basel III liquidity ratios are taken into account in liquidity risk measurement process. Moreover, the strategies that will be implemented in case of the Group's liquidity shocks are determined by liquidity contingency plan. The Parent Bank's duration mismatch of asset and liability items is monitored daily basis and the liquidity deficit which will be occurred due to the maturity mismatch is restricted by setting a limit.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

XII. EXPLANATIONS ON LEVERAGE RATIO

The article "Regulation Regarding the Measurement and Evaluation of Banks' leverage level" published on November 5, 2013 and containing No: 28812 includes the table for the calculation of the leverage ratio below.

	Current Period ⁽²⁾	Prior Period ⁽²⁾
Summary Comparison Table Related to Total Amount of Asset and Risk		
Situated in The Consolidated Financial Statements Prepared in Accordance with		
$IAS^{(1)}$	178.782.596	156.991.330
The difference between Total Amount of Asset in the Consolidated Financial		
Statements Prepared in Accordance with TAS and the Communiqué on		
Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks ⁽¹⁾	102.283	(362.931)
The difference between total amount and total risk amount of derivative		
financial instruments with credit derivative in the Communiqué on Preparation		
of Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks	12.750.695	15.209.840
The difference between total amount and total risk amount of risk investment		
securities or commodity collateral financing transactions in the Communiqué		
on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks	9.619.091	6.695.609
The difference between total amount and total risk amount of off-balance sheet		
transactions in the Communiqué on Preparation of Consolidated Financial		
Statements of Banks	356.768	182.929
The other differences between amount of assets and risk in the Communiqué on		
Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks	_	_
.1		
Total Risk Amount	249.728.209	203.534.254

⁽¹⁾ As of reporting date, in the cause of consolidated financial statements is not published yet, the amounts are represented in the table as of 30 June 2015 and 31 December 2014.

 $^{^{\}left(2\right) }$ Three-month average of the amounts in the table.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

XII. EXPLANATIONS ON LEVERAGE RATIO (continued)

		Prior Period (1)
On-Balance Sheet Items		
On-balance sheet items (excluding derivatives and SFTs, but		
including collateral)	188.320.683	151.872.594
Assets that are deducted from core capital	(170.073)	(144.563)
Total on balance sheet exposures	188.150.610	151.728.031
Derivative exposures and credit derivatives		_
Replacement cost associated with derivative financial		
instruments and credit derivatives	444.606	125.152
The potential amount of credit risk with derivative financial		
instruments and credit derivatives	166.866	166.866
The total amount of risk on derivative financial instruments and		
credit derivatives	611.472	292.018
Investment securities or commodity collateral financing		
transactions		
The amount of risk investment securities or commodity		
collateral financing transactions (Excluding		
on balance sheet items)	352.063	-
Risk amount of exchange brokerage operations	-	-
Total risks related with securities or commodity financing		
transactions	352.063	-
Off -Balance Sheet Items		
Gross notional amount of off-balance sheet items	60.970.833	51.697.133
Adjustments for conversion to credit equivalent amounts	(356.768)	(182.929)
The total risk of off-balance sheet items	60.614.064	51.514.204
Capital and Total Exposures		
Tier 1 Capital	18.669.310	15.514.662
Total Exposures	249.728.209	203.534.254
Leverage Ratio		
Leverage Ratio	7,48	7,63

⁽¹⁾ Three-month average of the amounts in the table

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

XII. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO CONSOLIDATED BUSINESS SEGMENTATION

The Group's operations are grouped under the corporate, commercial, integrated and treasury/investment banking categories. Branches are grouped considering the information above and are scaled according to the classification shown in the table below, with the classification reflected to the head office and branches.

The Parent Bank is rendering services to a wide range of companies in all sectors, especially to Small and Medium Size Enterprises (SME) as well as individuals having consumer status. In this context, the Parent Bank has no restrictions on the area in which it operates.

The Parent Bank categorizes its real and legal entities that it renders services into three groups as; firms, individual customers and other customers.

Firms are composed of traders and small-scale retailers having real and legal entity status. Within the Parent Bank's application, firms are segmented as corporate firms, commercial firms, enterprising business firms, small size enterprises and small-scale retailers.

Individual customers are real entities without having any commercial or professional purposes other than their individual demands in the Parent Bank's application.

Other customers are referred to as associations, organizations, trade unions, foundations, societies, building managements, parent-teacher associations and similar institutions that are not included in the afore-mentioned classification.

The following are the services provided by the Parent Bank to all of its customers:

- Accepting deposits,
- Issuance of cash, noncash loans,
- All kinds of reimbursements and cash receipt operations, including cash and deposit reimbursements, fund transfers, correspondent banking transactions and use of checking accounts.
- Purchasing cheques and bank bills,
- Performing custody services,
- Issuing payment instruments such as; credit cards, cash cards and travel cheques, and performing related transactions,
- Including spot transactions, foreign exchange transactions, trading of money market securities, bullion trading and/or performing the related custody services,
- Trading of forward transaction agreements, option agreements and financial instruments with more than one derivative instrument and performing the related intermediary services based on the economic and financial indicators, capital markets instruments, commodities, precious metals and exchange rates,
- Assuming guarantee transactions such as; warranties and other liabilities in favor of others,
- Having intermediary transactions on Interbank money transfer, insurance agency services,
- Rendering insurance agency transactions,
- Acting as a market maker in trade operations in accordance with liabilities assumed within the
 context of the agreement composed by the Turkish Treasury and/or Central Bank and
 associations,
- Trading capital market instruments and performing repurchase and reverse repo transactions,
- Acting as an intermediary in the sale process of capital market instruments by means of issuing instruments or through a public offering,
- Trading the capital market instruments issued for the purpose of performing intermediary services.
- Acting as an operator in order to provide risk management systems related to technical support and consulting services,
- Providing technical support and consulting services to Bank's subsidiaries,
- Acting as a portfolio storage institute in order to store client's assets related to individual portfolio management of portfolio management companies.
- Acting as a portfolio management agency.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

• SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

XII. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO CONSOLIDATED BUSINESS SEGMENTATION

Under the Treasury transactions, medium and long-term fund provision is performed through securities exchange, money market operations, spot and time TRY and foreign exchange transactions, derivative instruments (such as; forwards, swaps, futures and options), syndication and securitization, etc.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

XII. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO CONSOLIDATED BUSINESS SEGMENTATION (continued)

Details of the segment information prepared in accordance with the Act on "Disclosure of Financial Statements of Banks and The Related Presentations and Notes" as of 31 December 2015 are presented in the table below.

Current Period	Corporate	Commercial	SME/ Integrated	Treasury / Investment ⁽¹⁾	Other ⁽³⁾	Total
OPERATING INCOME / EXPENSES	-					
Interest income	1.252.248	1.566.379	7.834.586	3.093.570	225.929	13.972.712
Interest on loans	1.252.216	1.566.211	7.829.954	668.831	-	11.317.212
Interest income on marketable securities	-	-	-	2.350.827	21.468	2.372.295
Interest received from banks	-	-	-	49.333	64	49.397
Other interest income ⁽²⁾	32	168	4.632	24.579	204.397	233.808
Interest expense	754.908	305.330	4.773.771	2.117.074	87.509	8.038.592
Interest on deposits	743.956	294.970	4.705.333	581.054	-	6.325.313
Interest on borrowings	1.388	9.620	17.423	297.774	86.889	413.094
Interest on money market borrowings	-	-	-	738.807	-	738.807
Interest on marketable bonds issued				457.351	-	457.351
Other interest expense ⁽²⁾	9.564	740	51.015	42.088	620	104.027
Net interest income	497.340	1.261.049	3.060.815	976.496	138.420	5.934.120
Net fees and commissions income	180.974	227.705	624.468	210.111	(149.324)	1.093.934
Net trading profit / (loss)	-	-	-	(260.313)	19.554	(240.759)
Dividend income	-	-	-	6.254	-	6.254
Other income	6.976	51.758	272.851	614.795	741.605	1.687.985
Loans and other receivables' impairment loss	371.039	81.570	386.691	487.797	49.758	1.376.855
Other expenses	19.171	64.802	1.658.274	1.852.837	611.235	4.206.319
Income before taxes	295.080	1.394.140	1.913.169	(793.291)	89.262	2.898.360
Income tax provision	-	-	-	(541.708)	(28.342)	(570.050)
Net profit for the period	295.080	1.394.140	1.913.169	(1.334.999)	60.920	2.328.310
SEGMENT ASSETS Marketable securities	-	-	-	28.245.148	281.275	28.526.423
Derivative financial assets held for trading				247.060	6.044	253.104
Banks and money market receivables	-	-	-	2.667.826	3.699	2.671.525
Associates and subsidiaries (net)	-	-	-	302.060	-	302.060
Loans	19.120.030	23.941.048	73.389.277	10.769.196	-	127.219.551
Other assets ⁽¹⁾	411	219.166	994.259	27.816.286	2.998.705	32.028.827
TOTAL ASSETS	19.120.441	24.160.214	74.383.536	70.047.576	3.289.723	191.001.490
SEGMENT LIABILITIES						
Deposits	14.534.734	7.832.679	84.745.717	15.391.254	-	122.504.384
Derivative financial liabilities held for trading	-	-	-	150.716	24.957	175.673
Money market balances	-	-	-	8.455.957	-	8.455.957
Borrowing funding loans	2.623	178.763	524.629	20.005.468	1.432.254	22.143.737
Bonds issued	-	-	-	8.840.560	-	8.840.560
Other liabilities	182.692	227.718	3.890.413	1.732.360	70.580	6.103.763
Provisions and tax payable	44.141	35.196	165.682	2.399.525	966.198	3.610.742
Shareholders' equity	-	-	-	18.347.846	818.828	19.166.674
TOTAL LIABILITIES	14.764.190	8.274.356	89.326.441	75.323.686	3.312.817	191.001.490
	•		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			•
OFF BALANCE SHEET ITEMS	11.641.078	9.369.152	18.220.179	47.229.969	639.758	87.100.136
Guarantees and surety ships	11.598.690	8.607.657	9.653.785	10.177.094	-	40.037.226
Commitments	42.388	761.495	8.566.394	12.664.419	6.607	22.041.303
Derivative financial instruments	=	=	-	24.388.456	633.151	25.021.607

⁽¹⁾ Amounts arising from transactions of general directorate and Halk Yatırım Menkul Değerler AŞ, Halk Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı AŞ, Cancanska Bank AD, Cacak, Halk Banka AD, Skopje transactions are presented under the treasury / investment column. In this context net of property, plant and equipment amounting TRY 3.144.367 (net), deferred tax assets amounting TRY 49.703 is presented under the Treasury / Investment column.

⁽²⁾ Net fund transfer pricing amounts are distributed in other interest income and other interest expense sections.

⁽³⁾ Halk Hayat ve Emeklilik AŞ, Halk Sigorta AŞ, Halk Finansal Kira lama AŞ, Halk Portföy Yönetimi AŞ and Halk Faktoring AŞ transactions are presented in other column.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

XII. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO CONSOLIDATED BUSINESS SEGMENTATION (continued)

Details of the segment information prepared in accordance with the Act on "Disclosure of Financial Statements of Banks and The Related Presentations and Notes" as of 31 December 2014 are presented in the table below.

			SME/	Treasury /		
Prior Period	Corporate	Commercial	Integrated	Investment(1)	Other ⁽³⁾	Total
OPERATING INCOME / EXPENSES						
Interest income	1.006.215	1.099.435	6.212.934	3.185.047	215.339	11.718.970
Interest on loans	1.006.164	1.099.343	6.208.582	486.631	-	8.800.720
Interest income on marketable securities	-	-	-	2.663.196	30.992	2.694.188
Interest received from banks	-	-	-	27.670	3.278	30.948
Other interest income ⁽²⁾	51	92	4.352	7.550	181.069	193.114
Interest expense	625.823	180.959	4.002.182	1.499.195	77.359	6.385.518
Interest on deposits	590.991	160.751	3.935.302	459.986	-	5.147.030
Interest on borrowings	2.716	13.205	16.539	218.896	71.366	322.722
Interest on money market borrowings	-	-	-	542.820	-	542.820
Interest on marketable bonds issued				272.929	5.993	278.922
Other interest expense ⁽²⁾	32.116	7.003	50.341	4.564	-	94.024
Net interest income	380.392	918.476	2.210.752	1.685.852	137.980	5.333.452
Net fees and commissions income	184.082	129.290	584.842	143.861	(92.910)	949.165
Net trading profit / (loss)	-	-	-	63.971	13.269	77.240
Dividend income	-	-	-	19.602	3.539	23.141
Other income	7.660	68.259	267.991	267.087	494.529	1.105.525
Loans and other receivables' impairment loss	415.756	128.817	366.492	255.625	62.461	1.229.151
Other expenses	20.189	62.934	1.357.844	1.599.815	372.699	3.413.481
Income before taxes	136.189	924,274	1.339.249	324.933	121.247	2.845.891
Income tax provision	-	-	-	(525.563)	(33.025)	(558.588)
Net profit for the period	136.189	924.274	1.339.249	(200.630)	88.222	2.287.303
SEGMENT ASSETS						
Marketable securities				26.882.784	284.505	27.167.289
Derivative financial assets held for trading	-	-	-	103.141	20.479	123.620
Banks and money market receivables	_	_	_	1.751.421	9.218	1.760.639
Associates and subsidiaries (net)			_	263.977	7.216	263.977
Loans	14.953.573	16.297.820	62.060.930	8.518.830		101.831.153
Other assets ⁽¹⁾	601	11.029	812.486	22.870.743	2.512.724	26.207.583
TOTAL ASSETS	14.954.174	16.308.849	62.873.416	60.390.896	2.826.926	157.354.261
SEGMENT LIABILITIES	12 100 011		5 0 50 2 50	15.152.010		100 551 150
Deposits	12.489.011	5.830.939	67.860.260	17.473.940	-	103.654.150
Derivative financial liabilities held for trading	-	-	-	176.425	8.304	184.729
Money market balances	-	-	-	8.765.937	-	8.765.937
Borrowing funding loans	13.976	213.542	318.214	12.255.378	1.380.664	14.181.774
Bonds issued		-	-	6.091.394		6.091.394
Other liabilities	266.765	222.978	3.460.307	1.299.105	47.717	5.296.872
Provisions and tax payable	34.336	30.294	129.752	2.471.491	696.124	3.361.997
Shareholders' equity	-	-	-	14.978.048	839.360	15.817.408
TOTAL LIABILITIES	12.804.088	6.297.753	71.768.533	63.511.718	2.972.169	157.354.261
OFF BALANCE SHEET ITEMS	10.690.676	8.809.986	15.621.622	46.686.097	870.173	82.678.554
Guarantees and surety ships	10.644.543	8.156.253	8.067.904	5.909.892	87.349	32.865.941
Commitments	46.133	653.733	7.553.718	11.391.482	254.297	19.899.363
Derivative financial instruments	-	-	-	29.384.723	528.527	29.913.250
				_,		-,.,

⁽¹⁾ Amounts arising from transactions of general directorate are presented under the treasury / investment column. In this context net of property, plant and equipment amounting TRY 1.683.915 (net) and deferred tax assets amounting TRY 309.467 in other assets are presented under the Treasury / Investment column.

⁽²⁾ Net fund transfer pricing amounts are distributed in other interest income and other interest expense sections.

⁽³⁾ Halk Hayat ve Emeklilik AŞ, Halk Sigorta AŞ, Halk Finansal Kiralama AŞ, Halk Portföy Yönetimi AŞ and Halk Faktoring AŞ transactions are shown in other column.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

XIII. EXPLANATIONS ON PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AT FAIR VALUE

	Book	Value	Fair V	alue
	Current	Prior	Current	Prior
	Period	Period	Period	Period
Financial Assets	183.722.815	152.165.767	172.124.292	143.573.535
Cash and Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey	23.500.539	20.331.936	23.500.539	20.331.936
Financial assets fair value changes reflected to income				
statement ⁽³⁾	333.295	225.980	333.295	225.980
Banks	2.617.651	1.458.532	2.617.651	1.458.532
Money market placements	53.874	302.107	53.874	302.107
Available for sale financial assets ⁽¹⁾	11.418.210	9.168.734	11.418.210	9.168.734
Held to maturity investments	16.904.877	17.869.082	16.520.672	19.079.880
Loans ⁽²⁾	126.202.732	100.545.515	114.988.414	90.742.485
Finance Lease Receivables (Net)	2.204.752	1.902.536	2.204.752	1.902.536
Factoring Receivables	486.885	361.345	486.885	361.345
Financial Liabilities	164.519.055	134.967.516	166.080.713	136.529.174
Deposits	122.504.384	103.654.150	122.606.101	103.755.867
Derivative financial liabilities held for trading	175.673	184.729	175.673	184.729
Funds provided from other financial instutions	22.143.737	14.181.774	23.656.563	15.694.600
Money market borrowings	8.455.957	8.765.937	8.455.957	8.765.937
Securities issued	8.840.560	6.091.394	8.840.758	6.091.592
Miscellaneous payables	2.398.744	2.089.532	2.345.661	2.036.449

⁽¹⁾ As of 31 December 2015 TRY 116.993 of equity investments followed in available for sale financial assets which are measured at cost less any impairment losses have not been included in the table above (31 December 2014: TRY 27.113).

The methodologies and assumptions used to determine fair values for those financial instruments which are not already recorded at fair value in the financial statements:

- i- The fair value of the held to maturity assets is determined by market places, when the market prices are not available, quoted market prices of other marketable securities which are subject to redemption with the same terms of interest maturity and other similar conditions have been used.
- ii- The applicable interest rates as of balance sheet date are used in the calculation of fair value of money market placements, banks, loans, deposits, funds provided from other financial intuitions and sundry creditors.

Classification of Fair Value Measurement

IFRS 7 – *Financial Instruments* requires the classification of fair value measurements into a fair value hierarchy by reference to the observability and significance of the inputs used in measuring fair value of financial instruments measured at fair value to be disclosed. This classification basically relies on whether the relevant inputs are observable or not. Observable inputs refer to the use of market data obtained from independent sources, whereas unobservable inputs refer to the use of predictions and assumptions about the market made by the Company. This distinction brings about a fair value measurement classification generally as follows:

Level 1: Fair value measurements using quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2: Fair value measurements using inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (as prices) or indirectly (derived from prices).

Level 3: Fair value measurements using inputs for the assets or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

Classification requires using observable market data if possible.

⁽²⁾ Net of follow-up loans has not been included in the table above.

⁽³⁾ As of 31 December 2015 marketable securities amounting to TRY 6.212 that are valued by internal rate of return, are not included in financial assets held for trading purpose.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION IV: INFORMATION ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STRUCTURE (continued)

XIII. EXPLANATIONS ON PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AT FAIR VALUE (continued)

The classification of fair value measurements of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value is as follows:

Current Period	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets at fair value through profit/loss:				
Financial assets held for trading purpose	80.191	253.104	-	333.295
Debt securities	61.672	-	-	61.672
Derivative financial assets held for trading purpose	-	253.104	-	253.104
Bonds	3.318	-	-	3.318
Other Securities ⁽²⁾	15.201	-	-	15.201
Available-for-sale financial assets ⁽¹⁾	11.418.210	-	-	11.418.210
Debt securities	11.390.219	-	-	11.390.219
Other Securities	27.991	-	-	27.991
Subsidiaries	-	-	38.029	38.029
Total Financial Assets	11.498.401	253.104	38.029	11.789.534
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit/loss:				
Derivative financial liabilities held for trading purpose	-	175.673	-	175.673
Total Financial Liabilities	-	175.673	-	175.673

⁽¹⁾ As of 31 December 2015, share certificates amounting to TRY 116.933 in available for sale financial assets are not included in the above table, which are recognized with impairment net off historic cost.

⁽²⁾As of 31 December 2015, marketable securities amounting to TRY 6.212 that are valued by internal rate of return, are not included in financial assets held for trading purpose.

Prior Period	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets at fair value through profit/loss:				
Financial assets held for trading purpose	98.561	123.620	-	222.181
Debt securities	65.732	-	-	65.732
Derivative financial assets held for trading purpose	-	123.620	-	123.620
Bonds	7.334	-	-	7.334
Other Securities ⁽²⁾	25.495	-	-	25.495
Available-for-sale financial assets ⁽¹⁾	9.168.734	-	-	9.168.734
Debt securities	9.157.289	-	-	9.157.289
Other Securities	11.445	-	-	11.445
Subsidiaries	-	-	37.859	37.859
Total Financial Assets	9.267.295	123.620	37.859	9.428.774
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit/loss:				
Derivative financial liabilities held for trading purpose	-	184.729	-	184.729
Total Financial Liabilities	-	184.729	-	184.729

⁽¹⁾ As of 31 December 2014, share certificates amounting to TRY 27.113 in available for sale financial assets are not included in the above table, which are recognized with impairment net off historic cost.

Movement of financial assets at level three is as follows:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Beginning Balance	37.859	30.604
Purchases during the year	-	-
Bonus shares obtained profit from current year's share	-	13.000
Valuation differences	170	(5.745)
Balance at the end of the period	38.029	37.859

XIV. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO TRANSACTIONS MADE ON BEHALF OF OTHERS AND TRANSACTIONS BASED ON TRUST

The Parent Bank performs buying transactions on behalf of customers, and gives custody, administration and consultancy services.

The Group does not engage in transaction based on trust.

⁽²⁾As of 31 December 2014, marketable securities amounting to TRY 3.799 that are valued by internal rate of return, are not included in financial assets held for trading purpose.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

I. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED ASSETS

(1) a) Cash and balances with the Central Bank of Turkey:

	Current period		Prior period		
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC	
Cash and foreign currency	924.601	334.193	755.299	244.836	
Central Bank of Turkey	3.414.818	18.700.084	3.404.093	15.897.276	
Other (1)	-	126.843	-	30.432	
Total	4.339.419	19.161.120	4.159.392	16.172.544	

⁽¹⁾As of 31 December 2015, blocked reserve deposits kept in Central Bank of Macedonia amounted TRY 34.937 and amounted TRY 91.892 kept in Central Bank of Serbia (31 December 2014: TRY 30.087).

Information on the account of Central Bank of Turkey:

	Current per	riod	Prior perio	d
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
Demand unrestricted				
amount ⁽¹⁾	3.377.292	1.774.258	3.389.735	1.360.238
Time unrestricted amount	-	-	-	-
Time restricted amount	-	-	-	-
Reserve deposits ⁽²⁾	37.526	16.925.826	14.358	14.537.038
Total	3.414.818	18.700.084	3.404.093	15.897.276

⁽¹⁾ Reserve deposits kept in Central Bank of Turkey.

The banks operating in Turkey keep reserve deposits for Turkish currency liabilities in TRY, USD, EUR and/or standard gold at the rates between 5% and 11,5% according to their maturities (31 December 2014: between 5% and 11,5% according to their maturities), foreign currency liabilities in USD, EUR and/or standard gold at the rates between 5% and 25% according to their maturities (31 December 2014: between 6% and 13 % according to their maturities), respectively as per the Communiqué no.2011/11 and 2011/13 "Reserve Deposits" of the Central Bank of Turkey. Reserves are calculated and set aside every two weeks on Friday for 14-day periods. In accordance with the related communiqué, Central Bank of Turkey pays interests to TL and FC reserves.

With the Board of Minutes No.872 dated 30 January 2014 of TRNC Central Bank's, required reserve ratio is between 5% and 8% for foreign currency liabilities.

As per the change at 21 October 2014, CBT started to pay interests at November 2014 on TL reserves with 500 or 700 basis points lower than the weighted average fund costs shown on the CBT website. With the press relates dated 22 April 2015, the interest rate for TL raised 50 basis points.

With the change in press release dated 23 January 2015, it has been decided to apply a 20 basis point annual commission, to be charged on daily account balances and collected on a monthly basis, on required reserves and two days notice account denominated in Euro held by banks and these are going to be collected as of 1 Feburuary 2015. According to the press release dated 30 June 2015, the balances denominated in Euro in required reserves and notice accounts held with the Central Bank is reduced temporally to 5 basis points due to the recent developments in the Eurozone.

As of 27 July 2015 commision ratios have been announced on the CBRT website as the zero percent.

With the change in 2 May 2015 made by CBRT, US Dollars denominated required reserves, reserve options and free reserves held at Central Bank of Republic of Turkey will be remunerated. The interest rate will be set on daily basis by taking global and local financial markets conditions into account. Effective interest rate is 0,49 % after 17 December 2015.

With the Board of Minutes No. 129 dated 2006 of Central Bank of Macedonia, required reserve ratio are 8% for MKD currency liabilities and 15% for foreign currency liabilities.

Accordingly to Official Gazzette of Serbia No. 78/2015, Central Bank of Serbia keep reserved required ratio 5% for short term liabilities which have been less than two years and 0% for long term liabilities, more than two years, 22% for foreign short term currency liabilities, less than two years, and 15% for long term foreign liabilities more than two years.

⁽²⁾ Blocked reserve deposits kept in Central Bank of Turkey and Central Bank of Cyprus.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

I. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED ASSETS (continued)

- (2) Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss:
- a) Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss blocked/given as collateral: In the current year the Group's collateral / blocked amount of 12.598 TL has a fair value which was reflected through profit / loss of its financial assets. (31 December 2014: None).
- b) Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss subject to repurchase agreements:

 The fair value of the Group which are subject to repurchase agreements in the current period and prior period through profit / loss has no financial assets.
- c) Positive differences related to the derivative financial assets held-for-trading:

	Curre	nt period	Prio	r period
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
Forward transactions	-	131.507	-	69.995
Swap transactions	-	121.519	-	44.193
Futures transactions	-	-	138	-
Options	7	71	8	763
Other	-	-	8.523	-
Total	7	253.097	8.669	114.951

- (3) Information on banks and other financial institutions:
- a) Information on banks:

	Curre	nt period	Pric	or period
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
Banks				
Domestic banks	21.842	531.222	98.565	567.451
Foreign banks	55.258	2.009.329	45.910	746.606
Branches and offices abroad	-	_	-	-
Total	77.100	2.540.551	144.475	1.314.057

b) Information on foreign banks:

	Unrestricted	Unrestricted Balance		Balances
	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period
EU Countries	1.644.575	480.019	24.786	-
USA and Canada	165.995	79.595	378	-
OECD Countries (1)	42.808	148.231	1.245	-
Offshore Banking Regions	-	-	-	-
Other	184.800	84.671	-	-
Total	2.038.178	792.516	26.409	-

⁽¹⁾ OECD Countries other than EU countries, USA and Canada.

- (4) Information on financial assets available-for-sale:
- a) Financial assets available-for-sale blocked/given as collateral or subject to repurchase agreements:
- a.1. Information on financial assets available-for-sale blocked/given as collateral:

	Current pe	eriod	Pri	or period
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
Treasury bills, government bonds and similar securities	141.315	709.473	145.325	848.984
Total	141.315	709.473	145.325	848.984

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

I. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED ASSETS (continued)

a.2. Information on financial assets available-for-sale subject to repurchase agreements:

	Current Period		Prior period	
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
Treasury bills, government bonds and similar securities	1.269.031	355.458	1.286.912	-
Total	1.269.031	355.458	1.286.912	-

b) Information on financial assets available-for-sale portfolio:

	Current period	Prior period
Debt securities	11.602.861	9.169.408
Quoted on a stock exchange	11.462.094	9.169.408
Not quoted	140.767	-
Share certificates	141.875	45.995
Quoted on a stock exchange	104.185	6.267
Not quoted	37.690	39.728
Impairment provision(-)	209.593	19.556
Total	11.535.143	9.195.847

- (5) Information on loans:
- a) Information on all types of loans and advances given to shareholders and employees of the Group:

	Current period		Prior pe	eriod
	Non-cash			Non-cash
	Cash loans	loans	Cash loans	loans
Direct loans granted to shareholders	-	-	-	-
Corporate shareholders	-	-	-	-
Real person shareholders	-	-	-	-
Indirect loans granted to shareholders	-	-	-	-
Loans granted to employees	197.937	-	174.840	-
Total	197.937	-	174.840	-

b) Information on the first and second group loans and other receivables including loans that have been restructured or rescheduled:

	Standard loans and other receivables			Loans and other receivables under close monitoring		
	Loans and other receivables (Total)	Agreement condit	_	Loans and other receivables (Total)	Agreement condi modified	tions
		Payment plan			Payment plan	
Cash loans		extensions	Other		extensions	Other
Non-specialized loans	98.306.299	1.133.587	-	3.247.975	1.334.984	-
Corporation loans	62.910.456	900.957	-	2.849.035	1.319.344	-
Export loans	3.896.644	85.981	-	28.843	11.850	-
Import loans	-	-	_	-	-	-
Loans given to						
financial sector	2.271.599	-	-	-	-	-
Consumer loans ⁽¹⁾	24.823.780	49.876	_	217.125	3.784	-
Credit cards ⁽²⁾	3.020.473	95.928	-	68.555	-	-
Other	1.383.347	845	-	84.417	6	-
Specialized lending	22.818.358	96.656	-	212.312	1.881	-
Other receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accruals	1.573.325	15.941	-	44.463	17.323	-
Total	122.697.982	1.246.184		3.504.750	1.354.188	

 $^{^{\}left(1\right)}$ Includes TRY 151.819 of personnel loans.

⁽²⁾ Includes TRY 46.118 of personnel credit cards.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

I. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED ASSETS (continued)

Number of modifications made to extend payment plan	Standard Loans and Other Receivables ⁽¹⁾	Loans and Other Receivables Under Close Monitoring ⁽²⁾
Extended by 1 or 2 times	1.146.565	1.331.552
Extended by 3,4 or 5 times	77.553	4.575
Extended by more than 5 times	6.125	738

⁽¹⁾ Accruals amounting to TRY 15.941 are not included in the table above.

⁽²⁾ Accruals amounting to TRY 17.323 are not included in the table above.

Extended period of time	Standard Loans and Other Receivables ⁽¹⁾	Loans and Other Receivables Under Close Monitoring ⁽²⁾
0-6 Months	385.959	116.549
6 Months - 12 Months	339.172	185.822
1-2 Years	92.663	142.616
2-5 Years	277.548	458.017
5 Years and over	134.901	433.861

 $[\]ensuremath{^{(1)}}\mbox{Accruals}$ amounting to TRY 15.941 are not included in the table above.

(5) Information on loans: (continued)

c) Loans according to their maturity structure:

Current Period	Standard loans and other receivables		Loans and other receivables under close monitoring	
	Loans and other receivables	Agreement conditions modified	Loans and other receivables	Agreement conditions modified
Short term loans and other receivables	26.726.056	376.526	664.528	241.806
Non-specialized loans	26.112.868	358.948	656.032	238.713
Specialized lending	275.005	12.762	55	-
Other receivables	-	-	-	-
Accruals	338.183	4.816	8.441	3.093
Medium and long term loans and other receivables	95.971.926	869.658	2.840.222	1.112.382
Non-specialized loans	72.193.431	774.639	2.591.943	1.096.271
Specialized lending	22.543.353	83.894	212.257	1.881
Other receivables	-	-	-	_
Accruals	1.235.142	11.125	36.022	14.230

Prior Period	Standard loans and other receivables		Loans and other receivables under close monitoring	
	Loans and other receivables	Agreement conditions modified	Loans and other receivables	Agreement conditions modified
Short term loans and other receivables	22.492.658	332.560	273.380	28.324
Non-specialized loans	21.986.196	305.605	269.892	27.965
Specialized lending	223.866	22.746	90	-
Other receivables	-	-	-	-
Accruals	282.596	4.209	3.398	359
Medium and long term loans and other receivables	75.716.206	395.879	871.826	434.682
Non-specialized loans	57.348.523	340.402	684.013	417.150
Specialized lending	17.402.527	50.466	176.905	12.031
Other receivables	-	-	-	-
Accruals	965.156	5.011	10.908	5.501

⁽²⁾Accruals amounting to TRY 17.323 are not included in the table above.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

I. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED ASSETS (continued)

- (5) Information on loans: (continued)
- d) Information on consumer loans, individual credit cards, personnel loans and credit cards:

	Short-term	Medium and long-term	Total
Consumer loans-TRY	297.572	23.639.551	23.937.123
Real estate loans	3.757	12.235.397	12.239.154
Automobile loans	2.369	175.268	177.637
Consumer loans	291.446	11.228.886	11.520.332
Other		-	-
Consumer loans- Indexed to FC	_	_	_
Real estate loans	_	_	_
Automobile loans	_	_	_
Consumer loans	_	_	_
Other	_	_	_
Consumer loans- FC	2.702	475.576	478.278
Real estate loans	302	71.375	71.677
Automobile loans	52 52	2.189	2.241
Consumer loans	1.380	353.108	354.488
Other			
Individual credit cards-TRY	968	48.904	49.872
Individual credit cards-1 K i	2.228.104	2.282	2.230.386
	950.767	-	950.767
Non-installment	1.277.337	2.282	1.279.619
Individual credit cards-FC	477	38.024	38.501
Installment	312	38.024	38.336
Non-installment	165	-	165
Personnel loans-TRY	6.929	130.483	137.412
Real estate loans	-	-	-
Automobile loans	-	-	-
Consumer loans	6.929	130.483	137.412
Other	-	-	-
Personnel loans-Indexed to FC	-	-	-
Real estate loans	-	-	-
Automobile loans	-	-	-
Consumer loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Personnel loans-FC	112	14.295	14.407
Real estate loans	11	13.102	13.113
Automobile loans	-	61	61
Consumer loans	76	966	1.042
Other	25	166	191
Personnel credit cards-TRY	45.335	5	45.340
Installment	18.484	-	18.484
Non-installment	26.851	5	26.856
Personnel credit cards-FC	108	670	778
Installment	11	670	681
Non-installment	97	070	97
Overdraft accounts-TRY (Retail customer)		-	
	447.488	-	447.488
Overdraft accounts-FC (Retail customer)	26.197	-	26.197
Total	3.055.024	24.300.886	27.355.910

⁽¹⁾ Interest income accruals are not included in the table above.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

I. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED ASSETS (continued)

- (5) Information on loans: (continued)
- e) Information on commercial installments loans and corporate credit cards:

	Medium and			
	Short-term	long-term	Total	
Commercial installment loans-TRY	4.549	1.048.741	1.053.290	
Business residential loans	-	668.708	668.708	
Automobile loans	4.549	308.096	312.645	
Consumer loans	-	71.937	71.937	
Other	-	-	-	
Commercial installment loans- Indexed to FC	-	-	-	
Business residential loans	-	-	-	
Automobile loans	-	-	-	
Consumer loans	-	-	-	
Other	-	-	-	
Commercial installment loans - FC	210.414	356.619	567.033	
Business residential loans	-	-	-	
Automobile loans	-	-	-	
Consumer loans	-	-	-	
Other	210.414	356.619	567.033	
Corporate credit cards-TRY	772.911	-	772.911	
Installment	382.196	-	382.196	
Non-installment	390.715	-	390.715	
Corporate credit cards-FC	2	1.110	1.112	
Installment	-	1.110	1.110	
Non-installment	2	-	2	
Overdraft accounts-TRY (Commercial customer)	707.423	-	707.423	
Overdraft accounts-FC (Commercial customer)	-	-	-	
Total	1.695.299	1.406.470	3.101.769	

⁽¹⁾ Interest and income accruals are not included in table above.

f) Loan according to type of borrowers:

	Current period	Prior period
Public	3.705.794	2.642.267
Private	122.496.938	97.903.248
Total	126.202.732	100.545.515

g) Domestic and foreign loans:

	Current period	Prior period
Domestic loans	123.564.724	99.349.779
Foreign loans	2.638.008	1.195.736
Total	126.202.732	100.545.515

h) Loans granted to subsidiaries and associates:

None.

i) Specific provisions provided against loans:

	Current period	Prior period
Specific provisions		
Loans and receivables with limited collectability	226.175	214.256
Loans and receivables with doubtful collectability	236.470	580.108
Uncollectible loans and receivables	2.710.072	1.639.044
Total	3.172.717	2.433.408

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

I. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED ASSETS (continued)

- (5) Information on loans: (continued)
- j) Information on non-performing loans (Net):
- j.1. Information on loans and other receivables included in non-performing loans which are restructured or rescheduled:

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans and receivables with limited collectability	Loans and receivables with doubtful collectability	Uncollectible loans and receivables
Current period	39.536	137.879	204.800
(Gross amounts before the specific provisions) Loans and other receivables which are restructured	-	-	-
Rescheduled loans and other receivables	39.536	137.879	204.800
Prior period	45.487	14.610	42.346
(Gross amounts before the specific provisions) Loans and other receivables which are restructured	_	-	_
Rescheduled loans and other receivables	45.487	14.610	42.346

j.2. Information on the movement of non-performing loans:

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans and	Loans and	
	receivables	receivables with	Uncollectible
	with limited	doubtful	loans and
	collectability	collectability	receivables
Prior period end balance	333.161	1.454.684	1.931.201
Additions (+)	688.887		134.702
Transfers from other categories of loans under	000.007	110.077	13 7 02
follow-up (+)	_	490.029	1.753.040
Transfers to other categories of loans under follow-			
up (-)	518.488	1.724.581	_
Collections (-)	137.008	76.002	280.988
Write-offs (-)	-	_	_
Corporate and Commercial Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Credit Cards	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Current period end balance	366.552	285.029	3.537.955
Specific provision (-)	226.175	236.470	2.710.072
Net balance on balance sheet	140.377	48.559	827.883

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

I. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED ASSETS (continued)

- (5) Information on loans: (continued)
- j.3. Information on foreign currency non-performing loans and other receivables:

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans and receivables with limited	Loans and receivables with doubtful	Uncollectible loans and
	collectability	collectability	receivables
Current period			
Balance at the end of the period	61.214	85.054	1.552.061
Specific provisions(-)	28.646	73.308	995.276
Net balance in the balance sheet	32.568	11.746	556.785
Prior period			
Balance at the end of the period	17.479	1.240.601	185.683
Specific provisions(-)	11.698	432.404	123.135
Net balance in the balance sheet	5.781	808.197	62.548

Foreign currency non-performing loans amounting to TRY 215.798 and their related provisions amounting to TRY 144.832 of the consolidated foreign subsidiaries are recognized under foreign currency accounts and the foreign currency non-performing loans of the Parent Bank's and its domestic subsidiaries are recognized under turkish lira accounts.

j.4. Gross and net amounts of non-performing loans according to user groups:

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans and receivables	Loans and receivables	Uncollectible
	with limited	with doubtful	loans and
	collectability	collectability	receivables
Current period (Net)	140.377	48.559	827.883
Loans to granted real persons and legal entities (Gross)	366.257	284.416	3.484.285
Specific provisions (-)	225.880	235.857	2.656.402
Loans to granted real persons and legal entities (Net)	140.377	48.559	827.883
Banks (Gross)	-	-	-
Specific provisions (-)	-	-	-
Banks (Net)	-	-	-
Other loans and receivables (Gross)	295	613	53.670
Specific provisions (-)	295	613	53.670
Other loans and receivables (Net)	-	-	-

Prior period (Net)	118.905	874.576	292.157
Loans to granted real persons and legal entities (Gross)	332.452	1.453.505	1.878.701
Specific provisions (-)	213.547	578.929	1.586.544
Loans to granted real persons and legal entities (Net)	118.905	874.576	292.157
Banks (Gross)	-	-	-
Specific provisions (-)	-	-	-
Banks (Net)	-	-	-
Other loans and receivables (Gross)	709	1.179	52.500
Specific provisions (-)	709	1.179	52.500
Other loans and receivables (Net)	-	-	_

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

I. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED ASSETS (continued)

- (5) Information on loans: (continued)
- k) Main guidelines of the liquidation policy of the Bank about the uncollectible loans and receivables:

The Parent Bank liquidates its uncollectible receivables through three methods. These are by signing financial restructuring contract under the Law No: 4743, by making payment protocols and by presenting adequate repayment schedules for the lower amount of receivables. Within the context of this collection policy, non-performing loans are collected in considerable amounts. Collections are firstly offset against lawsuits and expenses, interest and capital receivables from loans.

The Parent Bank recently collects some of its receivables by acquiring debtor properties in consideration of collaterals given to loans granted.

1) Explanations on write-off policy:

In compliance with the "Procedure for Write Off and Procedures for Overdue Receivables for Legal Follow-Up" non performing loans which become unrecoverable as a result of legal follow up can be written off to prevent additional legal expenses.

m) Aging analysis of overdue but not impaired financial assets per classes of financial instruments:

	Less than 30	Between 31-60	Between 61-90	
Current Period	days	days	days	Total
Loans	•	-		
Corporate Loans	60.244	6.553	4.388	71.185
SME Loans	185.466	41.183	32.274	258.923
Consumer Loans	27.899	9.775	6.242	43.916
Credit cards	117.687	19.847	11.814	149.348
Total	391.296	77.358	54.718	523.372

^(*) Relevant total installment and terms contained in credit and installment consumer loans and corporate loans are only given the amount overdue that are loan payments of undue principal amounts of institutional order: Corporate: 274.279 TL, SME: 1.771.260 TL and for individual: 701.126 TL.

	Less than 30	Between 31-60	Between 61-90	_
Prior Period	days	days	days	Total
Loans	•	-		
Corporate Loans	12.886	117	3.851	16.854
SME Loans	106.913	12.861	16.175	135.949
Consumer Loans	39.439	5.939	4.810	50.188
Credit cards	133.991	25.049	15.141	174.181
Total	293.229	43.966	39.977	377.172

^(*)Only the overdue loans those subject to outstanding principal payment amounting to TRY 516.905 are included.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

I. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED ASSETS (continued)

- (6) Information on held-to-maturity investments:
- a) Information on held-to-maturity investments blocked/given as collateral or subject to repurchase agreement transactions are explained comparatively with net value:
- a.1. Held-to-maturity investments blocked/given as collateral:

	Current period		Prior period	
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
Treasury Bills	17.430	-	10.769	-
Government bonds and similar securities	3.390.012	771.973	3.374.880	416.619
Total	3.407.442	771.973	3.385.649	416.619

a.2. Held-to-maturity investments subject to repurchase agreements:

	Current period		Prio	r period
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
Treasury bills, government bonds and similar securities	6.504.701	534.883	6.744.155	248.221
Total	6.504.701	534.883	6.744.155	248.221

b) Information on public sector debt investments held-to-maturity:

	Current period	Prior period
Government bonds	16.705.087	17.790.143
Treasury bills	182.361	68.170
Other public sector debt securities	-	
Total	16.887.448	17.858.313

c) Information on held-to-maturity investments:

	Current period	Prior period
Debt securities	16.904.877	17.869.082
Quoted on a stock exchange	16.733.595	17.186.321
Not quoted	171.282	682.761
Impairment provision (-)	-	-
Total	16.904.877	17.869.082

d) Movement of held-to-maturity investments within the year:

	Current period	Prior period
Beginning balance	17.869.082	18.973.598
Foreign currency differences on monetary assets	389.988	94.395
Purchases during the year ⁽¹⁾	2.250.175	4.234.250
Disposals through sales and redemptions	(3.604.368)	(5.433.161)
Impairment provision (-) / provision reversal (+)	-	<u>-</u>
Balance at the of the period	16.904.877	17.869.082

⁽¹⁾ Interest income accrual difference between 31 December 2015 amounting to TRY 1.684.621 and 31 December 2014 amounting to TRY 1.546.425 has been included in purchases row.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

I. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED ASSETS (continued)

- (6) Information on held-to-maturity investments: (continued)
- e) Information on held-to-maturity investments accounts:

The breakdown of the held to maturity securities of the Group is as follows:

		Current period					Prior period				
	Hist	torical cost	Amor	tized cost	Histo	orical cost	Amortized cost				
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC TRY		FC	TRY	FC			
Obtained from Under secretariat of Treasury of Republic of Turkey	9.979.565	1.177.317	11.239.817	1.197.590	10.441.188	553.127	11.704.037	565.483			
Obtained with the transfer Reclassified from other securities	-	-	-	-	600.000	-	614.589	-			
portfolios	3.151.239	720.407	3.551.231	733.878	3.731.605	928.818	3.974.219	942.584			
Other	-	170.983	-	182.361	-	68.041	-	68.170			
Total	13.130.804	2.068.707	14.791.048	2.113.829	14.772.793	1.549.986	16.292.845	1.576.237			

- (7) Information on associates (Net):
- a) Information on unconsolidated associates, reasons for not consolidating:

The non-financial investments in associates are accounted under cost method of accounting since reliable fair values cannot be determined.

b) Information on unconsolidated associates:

		Bank's share	Bank's risk group
	Address	ercentage, if different-	share percentage
Description	City/ Country)	voting percentage (%)	(%)
1. Kredi Kayıt Bürosu AŞ	İstanbul	18,18	18,18
2. Bankalararası Kart Merkezi AŞ	İstanbul	18,95	18,95

Information related to the associates as sorted above: (2)

	Total	Shareholders	Total fixed	Interest	Income from marketable securities	Current period	Prior period	Fair
	assets	' equity	assets	income	portfolio	profit/loss	profit/loss	value
1.	146.724	100.690	73.874	4.877	-	33.299	17.802	-
2.	68.358	29.660	42.971	985	-	3.869	3.490	-

⁽¹⁾ No investment is listed on the stock exchange.

⁽²⁾The financial data of Kredi Kayıt Bürosu AŞ and Bankalar Arası Kart Merkezi AŞ is obtained from 31 December 2015 audited financial statements.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

I. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED ASSETS (continued)

- 7) Information on associates (Net)(continued):
- c) Information on consolidated associates:

		Address	Bank's share ercentage, if different-	Bank's risk group share
	Description	City/ Country)	voting percentage (%)	percentage (%)
1.	Demirhalkbank NV	Holland	30,00	30,00
2.	Kobi Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Ortaklığı AŞ	Ankara	31,47	33,12
3.	Türk P ve I Sigorta AŞ	İstanbul	16,67	16,67

Information related to the associates as sorted above: (1)

		Shareholders'	Total fixed	Interest	Income from marketable securities	Current period	Prior period	
	Total assets	equity	assets	income	portfolio	profit/loss	profit/loss	Fair value
1.	5.987.184	745.560	28.516	142.231	11.788	34.505	33.943	208.237(2)
2.	47.368	46.911	164	2.544	-	698	508	-
3.	10.773	3.789	531	332	-	(539)	-	-

⁽¹⁾ The financial data is obtained from 31 December 2015 reviewed financial statements.

d) Movement of associates:

	Current period	Prior period
Balance at the beginning of the period	226.118	227.051
Movements during the period	37.913	(933)
$Purchases^{(I)}$	1.245	-
Bonus shares obtained profit from current year's		-
share	-	
Dividends from current year income	-	10.343
Sales	-	-
Transfers	-	=
Revaluation decrease (-) / increase	36.668	(11.276)
Provision for impairment (-) / reversals (+)		=
Balance at the end of the period	264.031	226.118
Capital commitments	-	-
Share percentage at the end of the period (%)	-	-

 $^{^{(1)}}$ In the current period, the insurance company located in Istanbul called ''Türk P & I Insurance's %16,67 shares have been bought out by the bank for 1.245TL

e) Sectoral information and related carrying amounts of associates:

	Current period	Prior period
Banks	242.037	205.255
Insurance companies	910	-
Factoring companies	-	-
Leasing companies	-	-
Financing companies	-	-
Other financial investments	14.763	14.544

f) Associates quoted to a stock exchange:

None.

⁽²⁾ The financial informations of Demir-Halkbank NV has been obtained from its independent audit report as of 31 December 2015.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

I. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED ASSETS (continued)

- (8) Information on subsidiaries (Net):
- a) Information on subsidiaries:

	Halk Yatırım Menkul Değerler AŞ	Halk Sigorta AŞ	Halk Hayat ve Emeklilik AŞ	Halk Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı AŞ	Halk Finansal Kiralama AŞ	Halk Portföy Yönetimi AŞ	Halk Banka AD, Skopje	Halk Faktoring AŞ	Halbank A.D. Beograd
CORE CAPITAL									
Paid in Capital Effect of Inflation Adjustment on Paid in Capital	82.000	94.000	183.000	743.000	272.250	8.000	109.685	46.500	53.667
Share Premiums	-	-	-	49.945	-	-	11.633	-	44.552
Share cancellation profits	-	-	-	(20.947)	-	-	-	-	-
Reserves Other Comprehensive Income	9.517	44.572	30.859	50.023	8.429	412	50.288	1.216	45.055
according to TAS	(290)	(323)	(9.843)	3	(98)	(22)	370	-	7.278
Profit / Loss	10.293	(19.982)	120.385	57.425	24.478	4.781	37.355	10.214	(3.292)
Net Profit	10.876	(24.978)	109.758	58.360	6.992	4.530	19.196	8.586	(3.292)
Prior Period Profit/Loss Bonus Shares from Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint-Ventures not Accounted in Current Period's Profit Minority shares	(583)	4.996	10.627	(935)	17.486	251	18.159	1.628	-
Leasehold Improvements (-)	-	-	208	-	-	-	3.240	297	-
Intangible Assets (-)	1.153	3.624	1.296	530	743	27	1.870	224	715
Total Core Capital SUPPLEMENTARY CAPITAL	100.367	114.643	322.897	878.919	304.316	13.144	204.221 12.328	57.409	146.545 3.124
CAPITAL	100.367	114.643	322.897	878.919	304.316	13.144	216.549	57.409	149.669
NET AVAILABLE CAPITAL	100.367	114.643	322.897	878.919	304.316	13.144	216.549	57.409	149.669

There is no internal capital adequacy assessment approach for the subsidiaries.

Paid in capital (domestic) has been indicated as Turkish Lira in articles of incorporation and registered in trade registry.

Paid in capital (foreign) has been indicated as foreign currency in articles of incorporation and registered in trade registry.

Effect of inflation adjustments on paid in capital is the difference caused by the inflation adjustment on shareholders' equity items.

Extraordinary reserves are the status reserves which have been transferred with the General Assembly decision after distributable profit have been transferred to legal reserves.

Legal reserves are the status reserves which have been transferred from distributable profit in accordance with the third clause of first and second paragraph of 466 and 519 articles of Turkish Commercial Code no. 6102.

b) Unconsolidated subsidiaries, reasons for not consolidating and information on total needed shareholder's equity that is subjected to minimum capital requirements:

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with the communiqué on "Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks" and non-financial subsidiary is not included in the consolidation.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

I. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED ASSETS (continued)

- (8) Information on subsidiaries (continued)
- c) Information on unconsolidated subsidiaries:

				Descri	ption	Addr (City/ (ess Country)	Bank's s percentage different-vo percentage	ge, if oting
1.	Bileşim Alterna	tif Dağ. Kan. AŞ		İstanbul 100,00		100,00			
					Incon	ne from			
	Total assets	Shareholders ' equity	Total fixed assets	Interest income	se	ketable curities ortfolio	Current period profit / loss	Prior period profit / loss	Fair
1.	31.955	20.248	3.593	507	1.1	133	1.467	2.248	38.029

⁽¹⁾ The financial data of Bileşim Alternatif Dağ, Kan, is obtained from 31 December 2015 unaudited financial statements.

d) Information on consolidated subsidiaries: (Net):

	Description	Address (City/ Country)	Bank's share percentage, if different-voting percentage (%)	Bank's risk group share percentage (%)
1.	Halk Yatırım Menkul Değerler AŞ	İstanbul	99,96	99,96
2.	Halk Sigorta AŞ	İstanbul	89,18	93,59
3.	Halk Hayat ve Emeklilik AŞ	İstanbul	100,00	100,00
4.	Halk Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı AŞ	İstanbul	79,03	79,06
5.	Halk Finansal Kiralama AŞ	İstanbul	100,00	100,00
6.	Halk Portföy Yönetimi AŞ	İstanbul	75,00	99,99
7.	Halk Banka AD, Skopje	Macedonia	98,78	98,78
8.	Halk Faktoring AŞ	İstanbul	97,50	99,99
9.	Halk Banka A.D. Beograd	Serbia	82,47	82,47

e) Information related to the subsidiaries as sorted above (1):

		G. 1.11 A	Total	.	Income from marketable	Current	Prior	
	Total assets	Shareholders' equity	fixed assets	Interest income	securities portfolio	period profit / loss	period profit / loss	Fair value ⁽²⁾
1.	175.857	100.367	1.926	22.851	2.174	10.876	18.122	132.810
2.	827.730	114.643	6.095	48.859	2.994	(24.978)	50.962	346.980(4)
3.	679.709	322.897	2.506	60.043	22.353	109.758	90.304	850.105
4.	974.716	878.919	672.935	1.568	998	58.360	61.347	$550.804^{(3)}$
5.	2.395.200	304.316	1.081	140.227	-	6.992	5.142	413.336
6.	14.264	13.144	351	1.125	8	4.530	2.328	16.466
7.	1.491.204	216.549	37.177	70.471	6.091	19.196	12.045	210.180
8.	493.914	57.409	1.104	60.554	-	8.586	8.585	61.758
9.	815.866	149.669	16.718	40.419	1.460	(3.292)	-	65.466

⁽¹⁾ The information is presented from financial statements subject to consolidation as 31 December 2015.

⁽²⁾ The information is presented from valuation report as 31 December 2015.

⁽²⁾The information is presented from valuation reports as 31 December 2015. Halk Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı AŞ has been evaluated by using quoted prices.

⁽³⁾ The Banks' subsidiary Halk Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı AŞ has privatized by a public offering on 22 February 2013 and the shares are traded on the Borsa Istanbul AŞ.

⁽⁴⁾ In accordance with the Capital Markets Board's "Communiqué on Obtaining Registration of Shares and Sale of Shares", Series I, No. 40; the shares of Halk Sigorta AŞ are traded on the Borsa Istanbul AŞ Free Trading Platform. The fair value of Halk Sigorta AŞ was determined by the valuation report prepared by an independent valuation company.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

I. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED ASSETS (continued)

(8) Information on subsidiaries (continued)

f) Movement of the subsidiaries:

	Current period	Prior period
Balance at the beginning of the period(before	-	
elimination)	2.576.816	2.334.263
Movements during the period	109.118	242.553
$Purchases^{(1)}$	28.907	44.296
Bonus shares obtained profit from current year's		
share	61.035	140.007
Dividends from current year income	-	-
Sales	-	-
Transfer	-	-
Revaluation increase	19.176	58.250
Reversal of provision for impairment (-)	-	-
Share capital elimination of subsidiaries	(2.647.905)	(2.538.957)
Balance at the end of the period	38.029	37.859
Capital commitments	-	-
Share percentage at the end of the period (%)	-	=

⁽¹⁾ Purchase includes purchases of 76,76% share of Halkbank AD. Beograd amounting to TRY 28.907. In the current period The Bank paid TRY 30.704 to Halkbank AD. Beograd and increased its shares to 82,47.

g) Sectoral information on subsidiaries and the related carrying amounts:

	Current period	Prior period
Banks	275.646	145.359
Insurance companies	1.197.085	1.171.567
Factoring companies	61.758	58.123
Leasing companies	413.336	409.660
Financing companies	-	=
Other financial subsidiaries	700.080	754.248

h) Acquisition of subsidiaries:

Halkbank A.D. Beograd

On 28 May 2015, the Group obtained the control of Halk Bank AD, Beograd by acquiring 76,76% of the shares and voting interests in the company in cash amounting to TL 28.907. Taking control of Halkbank AD, Beograd. will enable the Group to operate in Republic of Serbia.

Pre-acquisition carrying amounts of Halk Bank AD, Skopje were determined based on the applicable IFRSs at acquisition. The values of assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities recognised on acquisition are their estimated fair values. In accordance with IFRS 3 "Business Combinations", the measurement period shall not exceed one year from the acquisition date and the provisional amounts recognised in the acquisition date should be corrected.

i) Subsidiaries quoted in the stock exchange:

	Current period	Prior period
Quoted to domestic stock ^{(1) (2)}	897.784	952.993
Quoted foreign stock exchange	-	<u>-</u> _

⁽¹⁾ In accordance with the Capital Markets Board's "Communiqué on Obtaining Registration of Shares and Sale of Shares", Series I, No. 40; the shares of Halk Sigorta AŞ are traded on the Borsa İstanbul AŞ Free Trading Platform. The fair value of Halk Sigorta AŞ was determined by the valuation report prepared by an independent valuation company.

(9) Information on jointly controlled entities (joint ventures):

None.

⁽²⁾ Halk Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı AŞ has been public offering on 22 February 2013 and its shares are traded on the Istanbul Stock Exchange A.Ş.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

I. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED ASSETS (continued)

- (10) Information on finance lease receivables (Net):
- a) Maturity structure of investments on financial lease:

	Curr	Current period		
	Gross	Net Net	Gross	Net
Less than 1 year	779.458	640.029	646.374	523.211
Between 1-4 years	1.342.529	1.191.590	1.189.060	1.028.472
More than 4 years	429.573	373.133	362.702	350.853
Total	2.551.560	2.204.752	2.198.136	1.902.536

b) Information on gross investments of financial lease:

	Current period	Prior period
Gross financial lease investment	2.551.560	2.198.136
Unearned revenues from financial lease	346.808	(295.600)
Total	2.204.752	1.902.536

c) Information on receivables from non-performing loans of financial lease:

	Current period	Prior period
Financial lease receivables with limited collectability	1.419	5.401
Financial lease receivables with doubtful collectability	118.335	65.237
Uncollectible financial lease receivables	237.783	151.128
Specific provisions	(163.884)	(115.704)
Total	193.653	106.062

(11) Information on derivative financial assets for hedging purposes: None.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

I. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED ASSETS (continued)

(12) Information on tangible assets:

	Balance at the end		Revaluation			Balance at the end
Current Period	of the prior period	Additions	Increase	Disposals(-)	Transfers	of the period
Cost:						
Immovables	1.130.977	98.267	2.224.434	256.452	(765.396)	2.431.830
Tangible assets purchased through financial lease	30.787	335	-	3.381	-	27.741
Office machines	374.276	120.831	-	32.035	-	463.072
Fixed assets obtained due to non-performing loans	508.102	1.997.997	-	1.935.495	-	570.604
Lease hold improvements costs	146.739	69.560	-	72.879	-	143.420
Other	283.499	33.332	-	5.614	(1.987)	309.230
Total Cost	2.474.380	2.320.322	2.224.434	2.305.856	(767.383)	3.945.897
Accumulated depreciation(-)						
Immovables	252.941	24.466	160.308	117.948	(125.276)	194.491
Tangible assets purchased through						
financial lease	29.099	669	-	3.356	-	26.412
Office machines	196.901	72.709	-	12.349	-	257.261
Fixed assets obtained due to						
non-performing loans	10.676	4.678	-	2.101	-	13.253
Lease hold improvements costs	79.090	28.114	-	34.778	-	72.426
Other	213.512	19.846	-	4.118	-	229.240
Total accumulated depreciation	782,219	150.482	160.308	174.650	(125.276)	793.083
Provision for impairment (-)						
Immovables	1.855	_	_	591	49	1.313
Fixed assets obtained due to						
non-performing loans	6.391	1.872	-	1.129	-	7.134
Total provision for impairment (-)	8.246	1.872	-	1.720	49	8.447
Net Book Value	1.683.915	2.167.968	2.064.126	2.129.486	(642.156)	3.144.367

Fair Value Measurement

The fair value of the lands and buildings which are held for use are determined with equivalence value. And that measurement is classified as Level 2.

	Balance at the end				Balance at the end
Prior Period	of the prior period	Additions	Disposals(-)	Transfers	of the period
Cost:					
Immovables	1.026.315	116.882	4.087	(8.133)	1.130.977
Tangible assets purchased through					
financial lease	32.253	176	1.642	-	30.787
Office machines	324.869	65.092	15.685	-	374.276
Fixed assets obtained due to					
non-performing loans	380.820	249.123	121.736	(105)	508.102
Lease hold improvements costs	146.831	31.673	31.880	115	146.739
Other	283.334	12.537	12.372	-	283.499
Total Cost	2.194.422	475.483	187.402	(8.123)	2.474.380
Accumulated depreciation(-)					
Immovables	241.746	14.305	793	(2.317)	252.941
Tangible assets purchased through					
financial lease	30.047	681	1.629	-	29.099
Office machines	159.743	47.927	10.769	-	196.901
Fixed assets obtained due to					
non-performing loans	8.685	4.158	2.164	(3)	10.676
Lease hold improvements costs	75.798	34.251	30.959	-	79.090
Other	204.801	16.149	7.438	-	213.512
Total accumulated depreciation	720.820	117.471	53.752	(2.320)	782.219
Provision for impairment (-)					
Immovables	5.616	-	3.796	35	1.855
Fixed assets obtained due to					
non-performing loans	4.684	2.037	330	-	6.391
Total provision for impairment (-)	10.300	2.037	4.126	35	8.246
Net Book Value	1.463.302	355.975	129.524	(5.838)	1.683.915

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

I. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED ASSETS (continued)

(13) Information on intangible assets:

Current Period	Balance at the end of the prior period	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	Balance at the end of the period
Current reriou	prior periou	Additions	Disposais	Transiers	the period
Cost:					
Other intangible assets	112.581	55.777	10.896	-	157.462
Total Cost	112.581	55.777	10.896	-	157.462
Accumulated Depreciation(-) Other intangible assets	29.980	25.521	353		55.148
Total Accumulated	29.980	23.321	333	-	33.146
Depreciation(-)	29.980	25,521	353	_	55.148
	23,300				
Net Book Value	82.601	30.256	10.543	-	102.314
	Balance at the				Balance at
	end of the				the end of
Prior Period	prior period	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	the period
Cost:					
Other intangible assets	86.107	21.069	2.484	-	112.581
Total Cost	86.107	21.069	2.484	-	112.581
Accumulated Depreciation(-)					
Other intangible assets	19.068	7.567	14	-	29.980
Total Accumulated Depreciation(-)	19.068	7.567	14	-	29.980
Net Book Value	67.039	13.502	2.470	-	82.601

(14) Information on investment property:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Cost		
Opening Balance	24.686	36.344
Acquisitions	2.289	-
Transfer	523.471	(11.658)
Disposals	-	-
Impairment Charge/Cancellation(-)	353	-
Ending Balance	550.093	24.686
Accumulated Depreciation	157	157
•		
Opening Balance	157	157
Amortization Charge (-)	721	-
Disposals	96	-
Transfer	63.525	-
Impairment Charge/Cancellation (-)	64.499	157
Ending Balance		
Net Book Value	485.594	24.529

^(*) As of December 2015 The Bank's former headquarters building in Ankara that had been evacuated depending upon the personnel moving to Istanbul; has been leased and classified as investment.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

I. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED ASSETS (continued)

- (15) Information on tax assets:
- a) Current tax assets:

As of 31 December 2015, the Group's current tax asset is TRY 1.217 (31 December 2014: None).

b) Deferred tax assets:
Please refer to Section 5, explanations related to the liabilities footnote (10).

(16) Information on tax assets:

	Current period	Prior period
Cost	4.460	11.072
Accumulated Depreciation (-) ⁽¹⁾	(1.766)	(2.296)
Net Book Value	2.694	8.776
Opening Balance	8.776	6.971
Acquisitions (Transfers) (Net)	167	8.639
Disposals (Net)	(8.485)	(5.741)
Impairment Charge/Cancellation(-)	49	10
Amortization Charge(-) ⁽¹⁾	2.187	(1.103)
Net Book Value	2.694	8.776

⁽¹⁾ The amount of accumulated depreciation belongs to asset held for sale in current period.

(17) Information on other assets:

Other assets balance in the balance sheet amounts to TRY 2.050.762 and does not exceed 10% of the balance sheet total (31 December 2014: TRY 1.502.478).

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

II. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED LIABILITIES

- (1) Information on maturity structure of deposits:
- a) For deposit banks:
- a.1. Current period:

		7 day call	Up to 1	1-3	3-6	6 months	1 year	Cumulative	_
	Demand	accounts	month	months	months	year	and over	deposits	Total
Saving deposits	4.293.350	-	474.007	28.297.921	1.096.767	366.364	581.833	103.000	35.213.242
Foreign currency deposits	6.205.436	34.348	3.395.518	18.689.673	2.669.844	1.172.686	3.463.561	10.680	35.641.746
Residents in Turkey	4.614.977	-	3.248.873	18.013.646	2.459.778	709.667	2.100.420	10.508	31.157.869
Residents abroad	1.590.459	34.348	146.645	676.027	210.066	463.019	1.363.141	172	4.483.877
Public sector deposits	2.446.626	-	3.016.281	2.937.312	272.240	1.773.372	90.299	-	10.536.130
Commercial inst. deposits	3.212.174	-	3.081.974	15.644.561	816.279	33.215	28.447	-	22.816.650
Other inst. deposits	557.371	-	644.038	1.468.290	8.244	38.413	4.407	-	2.720.763
Precious metals	885.003	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	885.003
Interbank deposits	3.328.873	-	5.527.445	4.567.731	333.396	-	933.405	-	14.690.850
Central Bank of Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Domestic banks	12.428	-	5.296.445	2.767.451	288.091	-	-	-	8.364.415
Foreign banks	2.366.254	-	231.000	1.800.280	45.305	-	933.405	-	5.376.244
Participation banks	950.191	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	950.191
Total	20.928.833	34.348	16.139.263	71.605.488	5.196.770	3.384.050	5.101.952	113.680	122.504.384

a.2. Prior period:

		7 day call	Up to 1	1-3	3-6	6 months	1 year	Cumulative	
	Demand	accounts	month	months	months	year	and over	deposits	Total
Saving deposits	3.931.504	-	391.405	23.615.774	1.337.988	399.488	580.948	106.619	30.363.726
Foreign currency deposits	4.622.648	-	2.099.744	11.578.260	2.704.533	1.255.831	3.015.945	11.191	25.288.152
Residents in Turkey	3.411.659	-	1.873.877	11.071.849	2.590.260	940.166	2.069.198	11.063	21.968.072
Residents abroad	1.210.989	-	225.867	506.411	114.273	315.665	946.747	128	3.320.080
Public sector deposits	2.386.024	-	1.493.653	2.559.538	272.145	2.244.198	4.347	-	8.959.905
Commercial inst. Deposits	3.160.176	-	3.057.548	10.714.137	527.657	214.262	37.353	-	17.711.133
Other inst. Deposits	614.611	-	76.643	1.220.875	49.041	543.638	135.112	-	2.639.920
Precious metals	1.508.769	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.508.769
Interbank deposits	5.414.668	-	5.706.230	4.390.775	1.522.737	23.740	124.395	-	17.182.545
Central Bank of Turkey	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8
Domestic banks	14.862	-	5.454.488	1.113.546	361.532	19.106	4.304	-	6.967.838
Foreign banks	4.679.639	-	251.742	3.277.229	1.161.205	4.634	120.091	-	9.494.540
Participation banks	720.159	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	720.159
Total	21.638.400	-	12.825.223	54.079.359	6.414.101	4.681.157	3.898.100	117.810	103.654.150

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

II. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED LIABILITIES (continued)

- (1) Information on maturity structure of deposits: (continued)
- b) Information on saving deposits in the scope of Saving Deposits Insurance Fund:
- b.1. Amounts exceeding insurance limit:
- b.1.1. Saving deposits under the guarantee of deposit insurance and exceeding the insurance limit:

Saving deposits		Under the guarantee insurance		he insurance nit
	Current		Current	
	period	Prior period	period	Prior period
Saving deposits	20.718.253	19.038.326	14.405.969	11.249.274
Foreign currency saving deposits	6.632.903	6.234.492	11.027.597	8.181.125
Other deposits in the form of saving deposits	-	-	-	-
Foreign branches' deposits under foreign				
authorities' insurance	129.662	92.647		
Off-shore banking regions' deposits under				
foreign authorities' insurance	-	-	-	-

- b.1.2. Saving deposits at foreign branches are excluded from the scope of Saving Deposits Insurance Fund according to the related legislation, and are subject to insurance of foreign authorities in compliance with the foreign legislations.
- c) Saving deposits which are not under the guarantee of deposit insurance fund:

	Current period	Prior period
Foreign branches' saving deposits and other accounts	177.772	120.160
Deposits and other accounts belonging to dominant partners as		
well as their fathers, mothers, spouses and children under their		
custody	-	-
Deposits and other accounts belonging to the chairman and		
members of the board of directors, general managers and deputy		
general managers as well as their fathers, mothers, spouses and		
children under their custody	9.720	5.406
Deposits and other accounts covered by assets generated through		
the offenses mentioned in Article 282 of the Turkish Penal Code		
No.5237 and dated 26.9.2004	-	-
Deposits in the banks to be engaged exclusively in offshore		
banking in Turkey	-	-

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

II. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED LIABILITIES (continued)

(2) Information on derivative financial liabilities held for trading:

Negative differences table related to the derivative financial liabilities held-for-trading:

	Curre	Current period		or period
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
Forward transactions	-	84.160	-	48.231
Swap transactions	1.416	89.725	-	135.720
Future transactions	-	-	-	-
Options	18	354	15	763
Other	-	-	_	-
Total	1.434	174.239	15	184.714

(3) a) Information on funds borrowed:

	Current period		Pri	or period
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
Funds borrowed from Central Bank of Turkey	-	-	-	-
Domestic banks and institutions	757.763	1.123.810	703.890	314.058
Foreign banks, institutions and funds	556.756	19.705.408	639.700	12.524.126
Total	1.314.519	20.829.218	1.343.590	12.838.184

b) Maturity structure of funds borrowed:

	Curi	Current period		rior period
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
Short-term	851.253	7.965.899	685.036	7.186.701
Medium and long-term	463.266	12.863.319	658.554	5.651.483
Total	1.314.519	20.829.218	1.343.590	12.838.184

c) Additional disclosures related to the concentrations of the Group's major liabilities:

Concentrations, fund providing customers, sector groups and other criteria where risk concentration is observed:

Main liability of the Group is deposit, which is composed of 29 % of saving deposits and 29 % of foreign currency" deposits. In order to fulfill the short term liquidity requirements, the Parent Bank borrows loans from interbank money markets. The Parent Bank can borrow loans from overseas institutions especially to be used in the financing of consumer loans. There are funds obtained from the Ministry of Industry and Trade especially for constructing small industrial estates and organized industrial estates.

The Group's 49% of banks deposits and 34% of other deposits consist of foreign currency deposits.

Information on funds provided from repurchase agreement transactions:

	Current period		Prior perio	od
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
From domestic transactions	7.499.973	-	8.190.406	-
Financial inst. and organizations	7.434.203	-	8.111.292	-
Other institutions and organizations	29.509	-	39.752	-
Real persons	36.261	-	39.362	-
From overseas transactions	100.299	726.001	305	231.074
Financial inst. and organizations	-	726.001	-	231.074
Other institutions and organizations	100.069	-	-	-
Real persons	230	-	305	-
Accruals	7.191	2.498	5.435	134
Total	7.607.463	728.499	8.196.146	231.208

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

II. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED LIABILITIES (continued)

(4) Marketable securities issued:

	Current p	Current period		riod
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
Treasury Bills ⁽¹⁾	1.500.713	-	1.441.777	
Bonds ⁽²⁾	-	7.339.847	-	4.649.617
Total	1.500.713	7.339.847	1.441.777	4.649.617

⁽¹⁾ As of 27 November 2015, the treasury bills amounting to TRY 1.000.000 with maturity of 175 days are issued by the Parent Bank. Also, as of 11 September 2015, the Parent Bank issued treasury bills amounting to TRY 750.000 with maturity of 175 days.

(5) Explanations to the funds:

Funds are granted as loans in conformity with the protocols between the Parent Bank and fund owner ministry or institutions. These funds include funds from the Ministry of Industry and Trade, Treasury Natural Disasters Credit Fund, Under secretariat of Treasury and Foreign Trade Funds, Turkish Treasury Incentive Certificated SMEs Credit Fund, Housing Development Administration Fund and other funds.

a) Maturity structure of funds:

Current	Current period		r Period
Short-term	Long-term	Short-term	Long-term
29.572	1.934.127	19.404	1.749.887

(6) Information on other liabilities:

Other liabilities balance in the balance sheet amounts to TRY 1.693.952 and does not exceed 10% of the balance sheet total (31 December 2014: TRY 1.438.049).

- (7) Information on finance lease payables (Net):
- a) The general explanations on criteria used in determining installments of financial lease agreements, renewal and purchasing options and restrictions in the agreements that create significant obligations to the Bank:

In the financial lease agreements, installments are based on useful life, usage periods and provisions of the Tax Procedural Code.

b) Explanation on finance lease payables:

None.

c) Explanations regarding operational leases:

The operational leasing agreements are signed for some branches. The agreements are prepared annually and annual rents are paid in advance and recorded as prepaid expense in "other assets". The Parent Bank does not have any commitments arising on the existing operational lease agreements.

⁽²⁾ As of 19 July 2012, the bonds amounting to USD 750.000 with maturity of 5 years and as of 5 February 2013 the bonds amounting to USD 750.000 with maturity of 7 years and as of 4 June, 2014 the bonds amounting to USD 500.000 with maturity of 5 years and 11 February 2015 the bonds amounting to USD 500.000 with maturity of 5 years are issued by the Parent Bank.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

II. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED LIABILITIES (continued)

- (8) Information on derivative financial liabilities for hedging purposes: None.
- (9) Explanations on provisions:
- a) Information on general provisions:

	Current period	Prior period
General provision	1.139.290	1.277.829
Provisions for first group loans and receivables	920.263	1.141.397
Additional provisions for the loans with extended		
payment plan	33.186	18.719
Provisions for second group loans and receivables	113.212	48.680
Additional provisions for the loans with extended		
payment plan	66.843	22.942
Provisions for non cash loans	105.815	87.752
Other	=	-

Due to fact that the ratio of consumer loans to total loans has been below 25% as of the balance sheet date, 1% and 2% rate of general allowances for cumulative balance as from current period has begun to be allocated instead of 4% and 8% rate of general allowances for all consumer loans. In the consequence of the change mentioned, general allowances in the amount of 430.333 TRY were reversed in the current period. The amount regarding was recognized under "Adjustments for Prior Period Expenses" in Other Operating Income" account.

- b) Foreign exchange loss provisions on the foreign currency indexed loans and finance lease receivables:
 - As of 31 December 2015 the Bank's foreign currency indexed loans and finance lease receivables amounting to losses on foreign exchange is TRY 7.222 (31 December 2014: TRY 2.977).
- c) Specific provisions provided for unindemnified non-cash loans:
 - As of 31 December 2015, the Parent Bank's specific provision for unindemnified non-cash loans balance is TRY 93.877 (31 December 2014: TRY 94.271).
- d) Information on other provisions:

Total other provision balance amounting to TRY 402.368 (31 December 2014: TRY 252.183) consists of 93.877 (31 December 2014: TRY 94.271) for specific provisions for unindemnified non cash loans, TRY 37.481 (31 December 2014: TRY 85.109) for legal cases filed against the Bank, TRY 147.510 (31 December 2014: TRY 72.803) of other provisions.

The Parent Bank provided a general provision amounting to TRY 123.500, all of which was recognised as an expense in the current period for the possible result of the negative circumstances which may arise from any change in economy or market conditions (31 December 2014: None). The amount was presented under "provision expenses for possible losses" in impairment losses on loans and other receivables account.

e) Movement of employee termination benefits:

The Parent Bank's severance indemnity provision is calculated by an independent company by using the severance indemnity provision as of 31 December 2014 is calculated by an independent company by using the actuarial conjectures. The amount calculated for the employee termination benefits as a result of the actuarial valuation, according to TAS 19, is as follows;

	Current period	Prior period
Inflation Rate	7,75%	6,00%
Discount Rate	10,75%	8,60%
Estimated Real Wage Growth Rate	7,95%	6,20%

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

II. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED LIABILITIES (continued)

(9) Explanations on provisions: (continued)

Calculated amounts as a result of actuarial conjectures are as follows:

	Current Period	Prior Period
As of January 1	358.851	298.493
Charge for the year	34.426	25.479
Interest Expense	30.120	28.342
Actuarial gain/loss	6.488	36.245
Previous Charge for the last financial period	203	830
Payment / The limitation of benefits/Loss(Gain) because of		
discharge	286	224
Benefits paid within the period (-)	(35.356)	(30.762)
Total	395.018	358.851

As of 31 December 2015, the Group's unused vacation provision is TRY 131.873 and severance indemnity provision for outsource firms is TRY 11.848. This amount is followed under employee benefits provision under liabilities (31 December 2014: TRY 132.524 TL for unused vacation provision; TRY 9.125 for severance indemnity provision for outsources firms).

As of 1 January 2013, the Group's actuarial gains and losses are recognized and accounted in shareholders' equity.

- f) Liabilities on pension rights
- f.1. Liabilities for pension funds established in accordance with "Social Security Institution":

None.

f.2. Liabilities resulting from all kinds of pension funds, foundations etc. which provide post retirement benefits for the employees:

Based on the results of the actuarial report prepared as of 31 December 2015 and 31 December 2014, no technical deficit has been reported for Türkiye Halk Bankası AŞ Emekli Sandığı Vakfı, T.C. Ziraat Bankası and T. Halk Bankası Calısanları Emekli Sandığı Vakfı.

g) Insurance Technical Provisions (Net):

	Current period	Prior period
Life-Mathematical Provisions	222.007	217.823
Provisions for unearned premium claims	345.222	220.952
Provision for outstanding claims	344.534	216.239
Provisions for unexpired risk reserves	18.940	-
Other	1.962	704
Total	932.665	655.718

- (10) Explanations related to tax liabilities:
- a) Information on current tax liability:
- a.1. Information on tax provision:

The remaining corporate tax liability of the Parent Bank after the deduction of the temporary tax amount stands at TRY 118.241 as of 31 December 2015.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

II. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED LIABILITIES (continued)

- (10) Explanations related to tax liabilities (continued):
- a) Information on current tax liability (continued):
- a.2. Information on taxes payable:

	Current period	Prior period
Corporate tax payable	118.241	352.743
Income on securities tax	143.398	107.853
Property income tax	1.323	965
Banking and insurance transactions tax (BITT)	71.486	49.264
Foreign exchange transactions tax	9	11
Value added tax payable	5.180	4.648
Other	17.019	15.326
Total	356.656	530.810

a.3. Information on premiums:

	Current period	Prior period
Social insurance premiums-employee	377	364
Social insurance premiums-employer	818	571
Bank social aid pension fund premium-employee	7.164	7.176
Bank social aid pension fund premium-employer	9.881	9.810
Pension fund membership fees-employee		
and provisions-employee	-	-
Pension fund membership fees-employer		
and provisions-employer	-	-
Unemployment insurance-employee	25	23
Unemployment insurance-employer	74	48
Other	1.703	7.491
Total	20.042	25.483

b) Explanations regarding deferred tax liability:

	Current period	Prior period
Deferred Tax Asset/(Liability)		
Provisions(1)	203.319	176.684
Revaluation of Financial Assets	(224.107)	86.475
Other	(2.076)	41.834
Deferred Tax Asset /(Liability) (Net):	(22.864)	304.993

Deferred tax accounted in shareholders' equity	16.499	(75.890)
Fair value differences for available for sale financial assets	431.805	(79.377)
Actuarial gains and losses	2.927	3.487
Property Revaluation	(418.233)	

⁽¹⁾ Provisions are comprised of the employee termination benefits and other provisions

As of 31 December 2015 net deferred tax liability represents TRY 22.864 (31 December 2014: TRY 304.993 deferred tax asset), it consists of deferred tax assets which amount to TRY 49.703 (31 December 2014: TRY 309.467) and deferred tax liabilities amount to TRY 72.567 (31 December 2014: TRY 4.474 TL).

(11) Information on liabilities regarding assets held for sale and discontinued operations: None.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

II. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED LIABILITIES (continued)

(12) Explanations on the number of subordinated loans the Parent Bank used maturity, interest rate, institutions that the loan was borrowed from, and conversion option, if any:

None.

- (13) Information on shareholders' equity:
- a) Presentation of paid-in capital:

	Current period	Prior period
Common stock	1.250.000	1.250.000
Preferred stock	-	-

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

II. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED LIABILITIES (continued)

- (13) Information on shareholders' equity: (continued)
- b) Application of registered capital system and registered capital ceiling amount:
 - There is a application of registered capital system and registered capital ceiling amount TRY 7.500.000.
- c) Information on share capital increases and their sources; other information on increased capital shares in the current period:

None.

d) Information on additions from capital reserves to capital in the current period:

None.

e) Capital commitments in the last fiscal year and at the end of the following interim period, the general purpose of these commitments and projected resources required to meet these commitments:

None.

f) Indicators of the Group's income, profitability and liquidity for the previous periods and possible effects of these future assumptions on the Group's equity due to the uncertainty of these indicators:

The Group has sustainable profitability structure and equity structure. There are no uncertainties that would impact the current position.

g) Information on preferred shares:

None.

h) Information on marketable securities revaluation fund:

	Current period		Prior period	
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
From subsidiaries, associates and jointly				
controlled entities (joint ventures)	9.155	-	10.984	-
Revaluation difference	(113.259)	(181.027)	163.134	20.667
Exchange rate difference	-	-	-	-
Total	(104.104)	(181.027)	174.118	20.667

i) Information on legal reserves:

	Current period	Prior period
First Legal Reserves	850.090	776.033
Second Legal Reserves	507.000	473.685
Legal reserves appropriated in accordance with the law	36.837	3.355
Total	1.393.927	1.253.073

j) Information on the extraordinary reserves

	Current period	Prior period
Reserves appropriated by General Assembly	11.002.900	9.127.515
Retained Earnings	200.396	139.813
Accumulated Reserves	-	(195)
Total	11.203.296	9.267.133

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

II. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED LIABILITIES (continued)

(14) a) Information on minority interest shares:

	Current Period	Prior period
Paid-in capital	151.230	141.953
Export Premium	15.717	11.085
Marketable Securities Revaluation Fund	1.281	172
Legal Reserves	8.061	1.125
Extraordinary Reserves	10.949	7.689
Retained Earnings	1.095	(506)
Other Profit Reserves	2.767	337
Net Period Income / Loss	10.326	16.905
Closing Balance	201.426	178.760

b) Movement of minority interest shares:

	Current Period	Prior period
Beginning Balance	178.760	162.947
Change in Minority Interest	12.340	(1.092)
Net Period Income / Loss	10.326	16.905
Closing Balance	201.426	178.760

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

III. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS

- (1) Information on off-balance sheet liabilities:
- a) Amount and nature of irrevocable loan commitments:

Types of irrevocable commitments	Current period	Prior period
Commitments for credit card expenditure limits	11.181.001	10.329.418
Payment commitments for cheques	5.442.458	5.073.145
Loan granting commitments	2.560.552	2.045.738
Two days forward foreign exchange buy/sell transactions	481.678	554.547
Commitments for credit cards and banking services promotions	46.532	41.774
Tax and fund liabilities from export commitments	20.764	17.037
Share capital commitments to associates and subsidiaries	=	=
Other irrevocable commitments	1.904.541	1.629.046
Total	21.637.526	19.690.705

- b) Amount and nature of probable losses and commitments from the off-balance sheet items including the below mentioned:
- b.1. Non-cash loans including bank bill guarantees and acceptances, guarantees substituting financial guarantees and other letters of credit:

	Current period	Prior period
Letters of credit	5.016.951	3.923.602
Bank acceptance loans	3.273.781	3.068.156
Other guarantees	879.817	905.190
Total	9.170.549	7.896.948

b.2. Certain guarantees, tentative guarantees, surety ships and similar transactions:

	Current period	Prior period
Letters of certain guarantees	13.968.827	12.623.491
Letters of advance guarantees	2.992.251	1.973.059
Letters of tentative guarantees	789.535	915.139
Letters of guarantee given to customs offices	880.741	1.073.877
Other letters of guarantee	12.235.323	8.383.427
Total	30.866.677	24.968.993

c) Total non-cash loans:

	Current period	Prior period
Non-cash loans for providing cash loans	1.181.205	601.912
Within one year or less original maturity	184.804	211.977
Within more than one year maturity	996.401	389.935
Other non-cash loans	38.856.021	32.264.029
Total	40.037.226	32.865.941

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

III. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS (continued)

- (1) Information on off-balance sheet liabilities (continued):
- c) Total non-cash loans (continued):
- c.1) Non-cash loans sectoral risk concentrations:

	Current period			Prior period				
	TRY	(%)	FC	(%)	TRY	(%)	FC	(%)
Agricultural	23.325	0,14	10.947	0,05	30.725	0,21	916	0,01
Farming and raising livestock	20.156	0,12	10.016	0,04	17.406	0,12	916	0,01
Forestry	152	-	-	-	174	-	-	-
Fishing	3.017	0,02	931	-	13.145	0,09	-	-
Manufacturing	4.018.351	24,13	12.342.069	52,78	3.800.910	25,23	10.349.555	58,14
Mining	126.501	0,76	48.833	0,21	92.975	0,62	382.003	2,15
Production	2.843.994	17,08	10.013.570	42,82	2.440.417	16,20	7.690.657	43,20
Electric, gas and water	1.047.856	6,29	2.279.666	9,75	1.267.518	8,41	2.276.895	12,79
Construction	4.317.501	25,92	5.578.617	23,86	3.685.543	24,46	3.199.413	17,97
Services	8.155.736	48,97	5.362.202	22,93	7.418.626	49,26	4.024.788	22,61
Wholesale and retail trade	4.449.349	26,72	1.970.494	8,43	3.507.006	23,28	1.760.789	9,89
Hotel, food and beverage								
services	69.933	0,42	72.426	0,31	61.570	0,41	43.658	0,25
Transportation and								
telecommunication	151.737	0,91	327.059	1,40	117.045	0,78	250.984	1,41
Financial Institutions	2.371.214	14,24	525.539	2,25	2.781.196	18,46	600.150	3,37
Real estate and renting services	992.720	5,96	2.413.268	10,32	850.808	5,65	1.361.165	7,65
Self-employment services	10.221	0,06	407	-	9.841	0,07	1.131	0,01
Education services	18.799	0,11	52.991	0,23	17.399	0,12	4.911	0,03
Health and social services	91.763	0,55	18	-	73.761	0,49	2.000	0,01
Other	139.766	0,84	88.712	0,38	129.543	0,84	225.922	1,27
Total	16.654.679	100,00	23.382.547	100,00	15.065.347	100,00	17.800.594	100,00

c.2) Non-cash loans classified in Group I and II:

	Group I		Group II	
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
Non-cash loans	16.327.343	23.312.244	327.336	70.303
Letters of guarantee	15.342.713	15.132.197	327.336	64.431
Bank acceptances	359.503	2.911.565	-	2.713
Letters of credit	-	5.013.792	-	3.159
Endorsements	-	-	-	-
Underwriting commitments	-	-	-	-
Factoring commitments	-	-	-	-
Other commitments and contingencies	625.127	254.690	=	-

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

III. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS (continued)

- (1) Information on off-balance sheet liabilities (continued):
- c.3) Information on derivative financial instruments:

	Derivative transactions according to purposes				
		ding		lanagement	
	Current period	Prior period C	Current period	Prior period	
Types of trading transactions					
Foreign currency related derivative					
transactions (I)	15.691.071	27.238.805	-	-	
Forward foreign currency buy/sell transactions	6.528.818	5.397.802	-	-	
Currency buy/sell swap	8.802.995	21.527.565	-	-	
Currency futures	-	-	-	-	
Currency put/call options	359.258	313.438	-	-	
Interest related derivative transactions (II)	7.580.360	1.866.286	-	-	
Interest rate contracts	-	-	-	-	
Interest rate buy/sell swap	7.580.360	1.866.286	-	-	
Interest rate put/call options	-	-	-	-	
Interest rate buy/sell futures	-	-	-	-	
Other trading derivative transactions (III) ⁽¹⁾	1.750.176	808.159	-	-	
A. Total trading derivative transactions					
(I+II+III)	25.021.607	29.913.250	-	-	
Types of derivative transactions for risk					
management	-	-			
Fair value fluctuations hedge	-	-	-	=	
Cash flow risk hedge	-	-	-	-	
FC investment in associates risk hedge					
B. Total derivative transactions for hedging	-	-	-	-	
Total derivative transactions (A+B)	25.021.607	29.913.250	-	-	

⁽¹⁾ Other trading derivatives include credit default swap purchases and sale transactions amounting TRY 15.278 and TRY 1.734.898 respectively.

d) Information on contingent liabilities and assets:

The Group has provided TRY 37.481 (31 December 2014: TRY 85.109) of provision for the disputed legal cases filed by various persons and institutions.

e) Services supplied on behalf of others:

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

IV. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

(1) Information on interest income:

a) Information on interest income on loans:

	Current period		Prior period		
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC	
Interest on loans ⁽¹⁾					
Short term loans	2.814.447	160.691	2.246.196	119.631	
Medium and long term loans	6.572.326	1.700.220	5.152.678	1.212.717	
Interest on non-performing loans	66.167	3.361	68.922	576	
Premiums from resource utilization support					
fund	-	=-		-	
Total	9.452.940	1.864.272	7.467.796	1.332.924	

⁽¹⁾ Includes fees and commissions obtained from cash loans.

b) Interest received from banks:

	Current period		Prior period	
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
Central Bank of Turkey	26.681	2.631	2.846	_
Domestic banks	13.486	1.004	17.141	4.721
Overseas banks	3.104	2.491	3.759	2.481
Head office and branches	-	-	-	-
Total	43.271	6.126	23.746	7.202

c) Interest income on marketable securities:

	Current Period		Prior P	eriod
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
Financial Assets Held for Trading	4.739	882	4.831	691
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit				
or Loss	-	-	-	-
Available-for-Sale Financial Assets	641.758	183.461	723.711	128.202
Held-to-Maturity Investments	1.435.453	106.002	1.760.607	76.146
Total	2.081.950	290.345	2.489.149	205.039

d) Interest income from associates:

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

IV. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT (continued)

- (2) Information on interest expenses:
- a) Information on interest expense on funds borrowed:

	Current period		Prior period	
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
Banks	118.005	295.067	93.967	224.592
Domestic banks	71.964	15.831	60.018	17.425
Overseas banks	46.041	279.236	33.949	207.167
Overseas head office and branches	-	-	-	-
Other institutions	22	-	4.149	14
Total	118.027	295.067	98.116	224.606

b) Interest expenses to associates:

	Current period	Prior period
Interest expenses to associates	3.092	2.859

c) Information on interest expenses to marketable securities issued:

	Current period		Prior per	Prior period	
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC	
Interest on securities issued	138.351	319.000	95.583	183.339	
Total	138.351	319.000	95.583	183.339	

d) Maturity structure of interest expenses on deposits:

	Time deposits							
	Demand	Up to 1	Up to 3	Up to 6	Up to 1	More than 1	Cumulative	
Account name	deposits	month	months	months	Year	year	deposit	Total
TRY								
Bank deposits	103	429.687	127.963	11.142	743	-	-	569.638
Saving deposits	108	39.847	2.474.932	101.909	30.809	39.963	7.411	2.694.979
Public deposits	232	176.197	224.330	20.619	54.352	341	-	476.071
Commercial deposits	389	293.514	1.082.919	101.216	20.024	12.686	-	1.510.748
Other deposits	-	67.417	135.262	19.769	213.722	427	-	436.597
7 days call accounts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	832	1.006.662	4.045.406	254.655	319.650	53.417	7.411	5.688.033
Foreign currency								_
Deposits	390	73.507	336.322	64.140	23.125	77.461	789	575.734
Bank deposits	-	61.546	-	-	-	-	-	61.546
7 days call accounts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Precious metal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	390	135.053	336.322	64.140	23.125	77.461	789	637.280
Grand total	1.222	1.141.715	4.381.728	318.795	342.775	130.878	8.200	6.325.313

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

IV. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT (continued)

(3) Information on dividend income:

	Current period	Prior period
Financial assets held for trading	-	=
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	26	-
Financial assets available-for-sale	4.340	3.335
Other	1.888	19.806
Total	6.254	23.141

(4) a) Information on trading profit/loss (Net):

	Current period	Prior period
Profit	20.498.674	17.908.235
Profit from the capital market operations	37.077	301.261
Profit on derivative financial instruments	4.018.119	3.258.940
Foreign exchange gains	16.443.478	14.348.034
Loss (-)	20.739.433	17.830.995
Loss from the capital market operations	4.117	932
Loss on derivative financial instruments	3.892.538	4.675.735
Foreign exchange losses	16.842.778	13.154.328

b) Information on derivative financial instruments:

	Current period	Prior period
Profit on derivative financial instruments	4.018.119	3.258.940
Effect of the change in foreign exchange on profit	3.929.463	3.245.225
Effect of the change in interest rate on profit	88.656	13.715
Loss on derivative financial instruments (-)	3.892,538	4.675.735
Effect of the change in foreign exchange on loss	3.836.462	4.669.174
Effect of the change in interest rate on loss	56.076	6.561
Profit/loss on derivative financial instruments	125.581	(1.416.795)

(5) Information on other operating income:

	Current period	Prior period
Adjustments for Prior Period Expenses ^(*)	748.861	428.843
Life insurance income	731.824	523.378
Receivable from the asset sale on credit terms	71.300	70.129
Rent income	23.200	7.129
Other income	102.319	65.703
Total	1.677.504	1.095.182

^(*) Related explanation is made on page 105.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

IV. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT (continued)

(6) Impairment losses on loans and other receivables:

	Current period	Prior period
Specific provisions on loans and receivables	864.690	879.361
Group - III loans and receivables	231.262	241.854
Group - IV loans and receivables	190.811	556.587
Group - V loans and receivables	442.617	80.920
General loan provision expenses	291.794	135.445
Provision expenses for possible losses ^(*)	123.500	-
Marketable securities impairment losses	-	-
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	-	-
Financial assets available for sale	=	-
Impairment losses from associates, subsidiaries, jointly controlled		
entities (joint ventures) and investments held-to-maturity	-	-
Associates	-	-
Subsidiaries	-	-
Jointly controlled entities (joint ventures)	-	-
Investments held-to-maturity	-	-
Other	96.871	214.345
Total	1.376.855	1.229.151

^(*) Related explanation is made on page 105.

(7) Information on other operating expenses:

	Current period	Prior period
Personnel expenses	1.629.124	1.329.790
Reserve for employee termination benefits	67.067	56.204
Bank social aid provision fund deficit provision	-	-
Fixed assets impairment expense	-	-
Depreciation expenses of fixed assets	114.110	113.313
Intangible assets impairment expense	-	-
Amortization expenses of intangible assets	20.973	9.489
Impairment expense for equity shares subject to the equity		
method accounting	-	-
Impairment expense of assets that will be disposed of	1.714	2.398
Amortization expenses of assets that will be disposed of	7.654	4.158
Impairment expense for property and equipment held for sale	-	25
Other operating expenses	1.130.048	1.057.108
Operational leasing expenses	187.384	150.018
Maintenance expenses	31.115	22.967
Advertisement expenses	140.671	145.922
Other expenses	770.878	738.201
Loss on sales of assets	4.503	10.746
Other	1.231.126	830.250
Total	4.206.319	3.413.481

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

IV. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT (continued)

- (8) Information on profit/loss from continuing and discontinued operations before taxes:
 - The Group's income before tax is due from continuing activities. TRY 5.934.120 of the income before tax consists of net interest income, TRY 1.093.934 of the income before tax consists of net fees and commissions. The net operating profit before tax of the Group is amounting to TRY 2.898.360.
- (9) Information on tax provisions for continuing and discontinued operations:
 - For the year ended 31 December 2015, the Bank's tax provision amounting to TRY 570.050 consists of TRY 182.802 of current tax charge and TRY 387.248 of deferred tax income.
- (10) Information on net operating income/expense from continuing and discontinued operations after tax:
 - For the year ended 31 December 2015; the Bank's net operating income after tax is amounting to TRY 2.328.310.
- (11) Information on net profit/loss from continuing and discontinued operations:
- a) Income and expenses from ordinary banking operations: There is no specific issue required to be disclosed for the Group's performance for the period between 1 January 2015 and 31 December 2015.
- b) Effects of changes in accounting estimates on the current and future periods' profit/loss: There is no issue to be disclosed.
- c) "Other" item under "Fees and Commissions Received" in the Income Statement are composed of fees and commissions received from credit card operations and various banking operations, mainly from capital market operations.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

V. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

Explanations on inflation adjustments for equity items:

As per the BRSA circular announced on 28 April 2005, inflation accounting applied in the banking system has been ceased as of 1 January 2005 in accordance with the BRSA decree numbered 1623 and dated 21 April 2005.

According to this circular, TRY 1.220.451 of inflation adjustment related to paid in capital was transferred to the "Other Capital Reserves" account, which was recognized in "Paid-in Capital Inflation Adjustment" account before 31 December 2005. However, inflation adjustments related to other equity items are presented under the related equity item.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

VI. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

(1) Disclosures for the "other" and "the effect of foreign exchange differences on cash and cash equivalents" items of cash flow statement:

The "net increase/(decrease) in other liabilities" under the changes in operating assets and liabilities is resulted from the changes in the funds obtained through repurchase agreements, miscellaneous payables, other external funding payables and taxes, duties and premiums payables and amounts to TRY 890.803 thousands for the year 2015. (31 December 2014 TRY 8.152.453) The "other" item under operating income composes of fees and commissions paid and other operating income excluding employee costs and other operating expenses, and amounts to TRY 6.225.078 thousands cash out for the year 2015.(31 December 2014 TRY 3.800.937 Cash Outflow)

For the year ended 31 December 2015, the effect of change in foreign exchange rate on cash and cash equivalents is TRY 846.458 increase (31 December 2014: TRY 263.031,increase).

- (2) Items of cash and cash equivalents, accounting policies used in the determination of those items: Cash in TRY and cash in foreign currency, Central Bank and bank deposits having maturity less than three months are defined as cash and cash equivalents.
- (3) The effect of any change in accounting policies: None.
- (4) Period beginning cash and cash equivalents balance:

	Current period	Prior period
Cash	20.331.936	20.021.395
Cash in TRY and foreign currency	1.000.135	816.075
Central Bank and others ⁽¹⁾	19.331.801	19.205.320
Cash equivalents	1.742.639	2.133.459
Demand and Time Deposits Up to 3 Months	1.440.532	1.902.775
Money Market Placements	302.107	230.684
Total cash and cash equivalents	22.074.575	22.154.854
Reserve deposits in Central Bank	(14.579.877)	(15.470.667)
Bank blockage balance ⁽²⁾	(199.262)	(161.784)
Accruals for reserve deposits	(1.606)	-
Accruals for money market placement	-	(211)
Accruals for banks	(2.899)	(2.611)
Cash and Cash Equivalents	7.290.931	6.519.581

⁽¹⁾ Others items include cheques received and blocked reserve deposits kept in Central Bank of Macedonia.

(5) Period ending cash and cash equivalents balance:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Cash	23.500.539	20.331.936
Cash in TRY and foreign currency	1.258.794	1.000.135
Central Bank and others ⁽¹⁾	22.241.745	19.331.801
Cash Equivalents	2.671.525	1.742.639
Demand and Time Deposits Up to 3 Months	2.617.651	1.440.532
Money Market Placements	53.874	302.107
Cash and Banks	26.172.064	22.074.575
Reserve deposits in Central Bank	(17.068.977)	(14.579.877)
Bank blockage balance ⁽²⁾	(224.139)	(199.262)
Accruals for reserve deposits	(21.204)	(1.606)
Accruals for money market placement	-	-
Accruals for banks	(1.842)	(2.899)
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	8.855.902	7.290.931

⁽¹⁾ Others items include cheques received and blocked reserve deposits kept in Central Bank of Macedonia.

Technical reserves of Halk Hayat ve Emeklilik AŞ amounting to TRY 182.627, which is given as collateral to Under secretariat of Treasury of Republic of Turkey, holds blocked. Technical reserves of Halk Sigorta AŞ amounting to TRY 16.635 which is given as collateral to Under secretariat of Treasury of Republic of Turkey, holds blocked.

⁽²⁾ Technical reserves of Halk Hayat ve Emeklilik AŞ amounting to TRY 200.998, which is given as collateral to Republic of Turkey Prime Ministry Undersecretariat of Treasury, holds blocked. Also, Halk Sigorta AŞ has blockage balance amounting to TRY23.141 which is given as collateral to Republic of Turkey Prime Ministry Undersecretariat of Treasury.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

VII. EXPLANATION RELATED TO THE RISK GROUP OF THE PARENT BANK

(1) Volume of the Parent Bank's transactions with its risk group and outstanding loan and deposit balances as of the period-end, period income and expenses from the risk group:

a) Current period:

Risk group of the Parent Bank	0 0		Direct or indirect shareholders of the Parent Bank		Other real and legal persons in the risk group	
	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash
Loans and other receivables						
Beginning balance	-	1.878	-	-	-	-
Closing balance	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest and commissions income	-	-	-	-	-	-

b) Prior period:

Risk group of the Parent Bank	9 0		Direct or indirect shareholders of the Parent Bank		Other real and legal persons in the risk group	
	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash
Loans and other receivables						_
Beginning balance	-	1.119	-	-	-	-
Closing balance	-	1.878	-	-	-	-
Interest and commissions income	-	6	-	-	-	<u>-</u>

c.1. Deposits held by the Parent Bank's risk group:

	Subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities		Direct or indirect shareholders of the		Other real and legal persons in the risk	
Risk group of the Parent Bank	(joint ventures)		Bai	nk	group	
	Current		Current	Prior	Current	Prior
Deposits	period	Prior period	period	period	period	period
Beginning balance	27.020	34.651	-	-	-	-
Closing Balance	5.823	27.020	-	-	-	-
Interest expense on deposits	482	2.859	-	-	-	_

c.2. Forward and option contracts and similar transactions with the Parent Bank's risk group:

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

VII. EXPLANATION RELATED TO THE RISK GROUP OF THE PARENT BANK (continued)

- (2) Disclosures for risk group:
- a) The relations of the Bank with the entities controlled by the Parent Bank and its related parties, regardless of whether there are any transactions or not:

In the normal course of its banking activities, the Parent Bank conducted various business transactions with related parties at commercial terms and at rates which approximate market rates.

The Parent Bank's branches may operate as insurance agencies of Halk Sigorta AŞ ile Halk Hayat ve Emeklilik AŞ and business agencies for Halk Yatırım Menkul Değerler AŞ. Besides, Halk Portföy Yönetimi AŞ is engaging in fund management of the Parent Bank's funds.

b) Besides the structure of relationship, nature of the transaction, amount and ratio to the total volume of transactions, amount of major items and ratio to all items, pricing policies and other factors:

	Amount	% compared to the amounts in the financial statements
Cash loans	-	-
Non-cash loans	-	-
Deposits	5.823	%0,01
Forward and option contracts	-	-
Banks and financial institutions	-	-

Pricing of these transactions are in accordance with the general pricing policies of the Parent Bank and are in line with market rates.

- c) In cases whereby separate disclosure is not necessary, the total of similar items in order to present the total impact on the financial statements:
 - Explained in b).
- d) Transactions accounted under the equity method:
 - Demir-Halkbank NV, operating in Netherlands, Kobi Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Ortaklığı AŞ qualified as investments in associates of the Parent Bank, are accounted for in the accompanying consolidated financial statements by the equity method of accounting.
- (3) Benefits given to the key management personnel:
 - Benefits given to the key management personnel are TRY 23.316 as of 31 December 2015 (31 December 2014: TRY 19.564).

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

VIII. EXPLANATIONS ON THE PARENT BANK'S DOMESTIC BRANCHES, AGENCIES/BRANCHES ABROAD AND OFF-SHORE BRANCHES

(1) Explanations on the Parent Bank's domestic branches, agencies/branches abroad and off-shore branches

		Number of			
	Quantity	employees	Country		
Domestic Branches	944	17.054			
Agencies Abroad	2	3	Tahran/İRAN		
		(*)	Londra/İNGİLTERE	Total Assets	Legal Capital
Overseas Branches	4	25	Lefkoşa/KKTC	413.440	-
		10	Gazimagosa/KKTC	62.553	-
		8	Girne/KKTC	55.213	-
		1	Paşaköy/KKTC	233	-
Off-shore Branches	1	3	Manama/BAHREYN	7.447.524	-

^(*) Regarding personnel has worked for Halk Yatırım AŞ.

(2) Explanations on branch and agency openings or closings of the Parent Bank:

The Parent Bank opened 49 domestic branches during the year.

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION V: EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

IX. EXPLANATIONS RELATED TO THE SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION VI: OTHER EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES

I. OTHER EXPLANATIONS ON THE PARENT BANK'S OPERATIONS

(Amounts expressed in thousand Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION VII: INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

I. EXPLANATIONS ON THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended 31 December 2015 were audited by Akis Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik AŞ (the Turkish member firm of KPMG International Cooperative, a Swiss entity) and Independent Auditors' Report dated 24 February 2016 is presented in the introduction of this report.

II. EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES PREPARED BY THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS None.